EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL TYPICALS LEGEND

	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL TYPICALS LEGEND	
DETAIL NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	<u>ACRONYM</u>
1 2	CULVERT EQUIPMENT CROSSING WETLAND EQUIPMENT CROSSING	CEC WEC
3	BORED ROAD/RAILROAD CROSSING	BRRC
4	DAM AND PUMP CROSSING	DPC
5A, B	FLUME CROSSING	FC
6	DRY WATERBODY CROSSING	DWC
7	TYPE I "NON-SATURATED WETLAND" INSTALLATION PROCEDURE	WIP1
8	TYPE II "SATURATED WETLAND" INSTALLATION PROCEDURE	WIP2
9	TYPE III "INUNDATED WETLAND" INSTALLATION PROCEDURE	WIP3
10 11	STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WITH WASHRACK	CE CEW
12	WATER BAR	WB
13	TRENCH PLUG (TRENCH BREAKER)	TP
14	CHECK DAM	CD
15	STRAW BALE BARRIER	SBD
16	SEDIMENT FENCE	GSF
17 18	REINFORCED SEDIMENT FENCE REINFORCED SEDIMENT BARRIER HOOK OUTLET STRUCTURE	RSF SBH
19	WATERBAR OUTLET APRON	WOA
20	TURBIDITY CURTAIN	TC
21A, B	ELEVATED WASHRACK	EW
22	WELL POINT/SUMP PIT	WP
23	TRENCH DEWATERING	TDW
24A, B	EROSION CONTROL BLANKET	ECB
25	DEWATERING STRUCTURE	DW
26	FILTER BAG	FB
27A, B	HYDROSTATIC DEWATERING STRUCTURE ROAD CULVERT EXTENSION ACROSS PIPELINE TRENCH	HDS RCE
28 29	TEMPORARY CULVERT ACROSS OPEN TRENCH	TCOP
30	ENERGY DISSIPATER	ED
31	TYPICAL EXTRA WORK SPACES AT WATERBODY CROSSINGS	WC
32	RIGHT-OF-WAY CROWNING	ROWC
33	TRENCH DEWATERING SEDIMENT CORRAL	TDSC
34	DUST CONTROL	DC
35	GRASS OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP SEDIMENT TRAP PIPE OUTLET	GOST STPO
36 37	VEGETATED FILTER STRIPS	VF
38	TYPICAL EROSION CONTROL FABRIC	ECF
39	COMPOST FILTER SOCK	CFS
40	COMPOST SOCK SEDIMENT TRAP	CSST
41	SURFACE ROUGHENING	SR
42	PERMANENT DIVERSION (SLOPE BREAKER)	PD
43	TEMPORARY DIVERSION BRIDGE EQUIPMENT CROSSING	TD EC
44 45	PUMP INTAKE AND OUTLET PROTECTION	PuP
46	PUMPING SETTLING BASIN	PSB
47	TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP	TST
48	TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN	TSB
49	TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING	TSC
50	TOPSOIL SEGREGATION	ТО
51	TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION HORIZONTAL DIRECTION DRILL PIPE SLOPE DRAIN	HDD PSD
52 53	PIPE ENERGY DISSIPATOR	PED
54	RIPRAP OUTLET PROTECTION	RROP
55	SUPER SILT FENCE	SSF
56	TEMPORARY SWALE	TS
57	TYPICAL DRAIN TILE REPAIR ACROSS TRENCH	DTR
58	LATERAL INTERCEPT DRAIN	LID
59 60	DRIVEWAY DIVERSION BERM ROCK FILTER	DDB RF
61	ROCK FILTER OUTLET	RFO
62A, B	TYPICAL ACCESS ROAD CROSS SECTION	ARCS
63	TYPICAL OPEN CUT PAVED ROAD CROSSING	OCRC
64	TYPICAL UTILITY LINE CROSSING WITH COFFERDAM	ULC
65	TYPICAL ACCESS FORD	AF
66	TEMPORARY WOODEN MAT PIPELINE CROSSING	WMPC
67	TYPICAL 100 FT. CONSTRUCTION WORKSPACE INSIDE POWERLINE EASEMENT	ROW01
68	TYPICAL 95 FT. CONSTRUCTION WORKSPACE ADJACENT TO POWERLINE EASEMENT	ROW02 ROW03
69 70	100' CORRIDOR PARALLEL TO DEFINING LINE (EXISTING TGP) 100' CORRIDOR (GREENFIELD 50/50)	ROW03 ROW04
70	100' CORRIDOR (GREENFIELD 50/50) 100' CORRIDOR PARALLEL TO NON DEFINING LINE (EXISTING TGP)	ROW04
72	TYPICAL 100' CORRIDOR CONSTRUCTION WORKSPACE ADJACENT TO POWERLINE EASEMENT	
73	100' CORRIDOR (GREEN FIELD) STANDARD	ROW07
74	90' CORRIDOR PARALLEL TO 300-1 LINE FOR 24" PROPOSED PIPELINE SEGMENT S	ROW08
75	LEVEL SPREADER	LS
76	CONDUIT LEVEL SPREADER	CLS
77A, B, C, D	PERMANENT SEEDING	PS

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES:

- 1. EROSION CONTROLS WILL BE INSTALLED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING EARTH DISTURBANCE AND WILL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT STABILIZATION. PERMANENT STABILIZATION IS DEFINED AS A MINIMUM UNIFORM, PERENNIAL 70% VEGETATIVE COVER OR OTHER PERMANENT NON-VEGATATED COVER WITH A DENSITY SUFFICIENT TO RESIST ACCELERATED EROSION THROUGHOUT THE SITE.
- 2. ALL WETLAND AND WATERBODY BOUNDARIES WILL BE CLEARLY MARKED/FLAGGED IN THE FIELD PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES.
- 3. ALL EROSION CONTROL BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) MUST BE INSPECTED DAILY IN ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION AREAS AND AT LEAST WEEKLY OR WITHIN ONE DAY FOLLOWING A PRECIPITATION EVENT THAT RESULTS IN STORMWATER RUNOFF IN NON-ACTIVE AREAS. MAINTENANCE, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF FAILING BMPs SHALL BE PERFORMED IMMEDIATELY.
- 4. SUBSOIL EXCAVATED AS PART OF THE PROJECT AND SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM BMPs WILL BE COMBINED AND USED TO BACKFILL THE TRENCH. TYPICALLY, EXCESS SOIL IS MINIMAL AND WILL EITHER BE USED TO CREATE A CROWN OVER THE TRENCH TO COUNTERACT SETTLING OR WILL BE SPREAD EVENLY ACROSS THE ROW, WHICH WILL HAVE A NEGLIGIBLE EFFECT ON THE OVERALL GRADE. ALSO. ANY EXCESS EXCAVATED MATERIALS OR MATERIALS UNSUITABLE FOR BACKFILL WILL BE HANDLED, AS APPROVED BY LANDOWNER OR LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY, OR DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS.
- 5. IT IS ACCEPTABLE FOR E&S BMPs TO BE TEMPORARILY REMOVED FROM EQUIPMENT CROSSING PATHWAYS DURING PERIODS OF ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION IF THESE CONTROLS WILL BE PROPERLY REINSTALLED AT THE END OF EACH
- 6. WETLAND MATS WILL BE PERMANENTLY REMOVED AFTER CLEAN-UP/RESTORATION. MATS WILL BE AT LEAST 12 FEET WIDE AND LENGTH IS DEPENDENT ON THE WETLAND CROSSING LENGTH FROM START TO END.
- 7. WHEN WETLAND AREAS ARE TEMPORARILY DISTURBED, TOPSOIL WILL BE ISOLATED AND STOCKPILED FOR REPLACEMENT AFTER GRADING IS COMPLETED. NO SOIL AMENDMENTS SHOULD BE USED ON WETLAND AREAS.
- 8. TEMPORARY SEEDING SHOULD BE APPLIED WHERE EXPOSED SOIL SURFACES WILL NOT BE BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE FOR A PERIOD OF MORE THAN 30 WORKING DAYS. APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRACTICE INCLUDE EXCAVATED AREAS, SOIL STOCKPILES, BERMS, EMBANKMENTS AND SIDES OF SEDIMENT BASINS, TEMPORARY ROAD BANKS, AND OTHER EARTHWORKS, IN AN AREA OF GREATER THAN 2:1 SLOPE, MULCHING SHALL IMMEDIATELY FOLLOW SEEDING. APPLY TEMPORARY SEEDING IN ACCORDANCE WITH CONNECTICUT GUIDELINES FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.
- 9. A COPY OF THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN MUST BE AVAILABLE AT THE PROJECT SITE AT ALL TIMES.
- 10. IMMEDIATELY UPON DISCOVERING UNFORESEEN CIRCUMSTANCES POSING THE POTENTIAL FOR ACCELERATED EROSION AND/OR SEDIMENT POLLUTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMPLEMENT APPROPRIATE BMPs TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR ACCELERATED EROSION AND/OR SEDIMENT POLLUTION AND NOTIFY THE CTDEP.
- 11. ALL PUMPING OF SEDIMENT LADEN WATER SHALL BE THROUGH A SEDIMENT CONTROL BMP, SUCH AS A PUMPED WATER FILTER BAG OR EQUIVALENT SEDIMENT REMOVAL FACILITY, OVER UNDISTURBED VEGETATED
- 12. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL OF ANY EXCESS MATERIAL AND MAKE SURE THE SITE(S) RECEIVING THE EXCESS HAS AN APPROVED AND FULLY IMPLEMENTED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN THAT MEETS APPLICABLE STATE OR FEDERAL REGULATIONS.
- 13. MAJOR EARTHMOVING ACTIVITIES SHOULD NOT BE CONDUCTED DURING MAJOR RAINSTORMS OR WHEN SPRING THAW IS OCCURRING.
- 14. THE LENGTH OF TIME FOR OPEN TRENCH SHOULD BE MINIMUM TIME NECESSARY TO EFFICIENTLY EXCAVATE THE TRENCH, INSTALL THE PIPE, BACKFILL THE TRENCH, AND BEGIN STABILIZATION OF THE DISTURBED AREAS. THIS TIME PERIODS SHOULD NOT EXCEED 30 DAYS FOR STEEL PIPELINES.
- 15. ADDITIONS AND/OR MODIFICATIONS TO THE PROPOSED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS MAY BE REQUIRED BASED ON ACTUAL FIELD CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION. REVIEWING AGENCY SHALL BE NOTIFIED OF ANY SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES TO THE APPROVED PLAN PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION OF THOSE CHANGES. THE REVIEWING AGENCY MAY REQUIRE A WRITTEN SUBMITTAL OF THOSE CHANGES.
- 16. SEDIMENT TRACKED ONTO ANY PUBLIC ROADWAY OR SIDEWALK SHALL BE RETURNED TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE BY THE END OF EACH WORK DAY AND DISPOSED IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN. IN NO CASE SHALL THE SEDIMENT BE WASHED SHOVELED, OR SWEPT INTO ANY ROADSIDE DITCH, STORM SEWER, OR SURFACE WATER.
- 17. AT NO TIME SHALL CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES BE ALLOWED TO ENTER AREAS OUTSIDE THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE BOUNDARIES SHOWN ON THE PLAN MAPS. THESE AREAS MUST BE CLEARLY MARKED BEFORE CLEARING AND GRUBBING OPERATIONS BEGIN.
- 18. VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT SHALL ENTER AND EXIT THE WORKSPACE DIRECTLY ONLY FROM ACCESS POINTS SHOWN ON THE APPROVED E&S PLANS
- 19 AFTER FINAL SITE STABILIZATION HAS REEN ACHIEVED TEMPORARY F&S RMPs MILIST BE REMOVED OR CONVERTED TO PERMANENT POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT BMPS. AREAS DISTURBED DURING REMOVAL OR CONVERSION OF THE BMPs MUST BE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY. IN ORDER TO ENSURE RAPID REVEGETATION OF DISTURBED AREAS, SUCH REMOVAL/CONVERSIONS SHOULD BE PERFORMED ONLY DURING THE GERMINATING SEASON.
- 20. ALL CHANNELS SHALL BE KEPT FREE OF OBSTRUCTIONS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO FILL, ROCKS, LEAVES, WOODY DEBRIS, ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT, EXCESS VEGETATION, AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL/WASTES.
- 21. UNDERGROUND UTILITIES CUTTING THROUGH ANY ACTIVE CHANNEL SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY BACKFILLED AND THE CHANNEL RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL CROSS-SECTION AND PROTECTIVE LINING. ANY BASE FLOW WITHIN THE CHANNEL SHALL BE CONVEYED PAST THE WORK AREA IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THIS PLAN UNTIL SUCH RESTORATION IS COMPLETE.
- 22. PLANNING FOR SEEDING AND RESTORATION ACTIVITIES SHALL TAKE PLACE PRIOR TO COMMENCING FINAL RESTORATION ACTIVITIES.
- 23. UPON FINAL COMPLETION OF ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY OR ANY STAGE OR PHASE OF AN ACTIVITY, THE SITE SHALL IMMEDIATELY HAVE TOPSOIL RESTORED, REPLACED, OR AMENDED, SEEDED, MULCHED OR OTHERWISE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED AND PROTECTED FROM ACCELERATED EROSION AND
- 19. TOPSOIL SHALL BE SPREAD AT A DEPTH OF 2 TO 4 INCHES. MORE TOPSOIL WILL BE NEEDED IF THE SUBSOIL IS ROCKY. TOPSOIL REQUIRED FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION SHALL BE STOCKPILED AT THE LOCATION(S) SHOWN ON THE PLAN DRAWINGS IN THE AMOUNT NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE FINISH GRADING OF ALL EXPOSED AREAS THAT ARE TO BE STABILIZED BY VEGETATION. SURROUND ALL TOPSOIL STOCKPILES WITH AN INTERCEPTOR DIKE OR WATER BAR WITH GRAVEL OUTLET AND SILT FENCE TOPSOIL STOCKPILE HEIGHTS SHALL NOT EXCEED 35 FEET. MAINTAIN PROTECTIVE COVER ON STOCKPILES UNTIL NEEDED. STOCKPILE SIDE SLOPES MUST BE 2:1 OR FLATTER.
- 20. TOPSOIL SHOULD NOT BE PLACED WHILE THE TOPSOIL OR SUBSOIL IS IN A FROZEN OR MUDDY CONDITION, WHEN THE SUBSOIL IS EXCESSIVELY WET, OR IN A CONDITION THAT MAY OTHERWISE BE DETRIMENTAL TO PROPER GRADING AND SEEDBED PREPARATION. TOPSOIL SHALL BE WORKED INTO THE LAYER BELOW FOR A DEPTH OF AT LEAST 6 INCHES MINIMUM.
- 21. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES CEASE, THE OPERATOR SHALL STABILIZE THE DISTURBED AREAS, AREAS WHICH CANNOT BE SEEDED BECAUSE OF THE SEASON, OR ARE OTHERWISE UNFAVORABLE FOR PLANT GROWTH, SHALL BE MULCHED. MULCH MUST BE APPLIED AT THE SPECIFIED RATES AS OUTLINED IN THE CONNECTICUT GUIDELINES FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.
- 22. AN EROSION CONTROL BLANKET SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE BASE OF GRASSED WATERWAYS, ON STEEP SLOPES (> 15%), AND ON ANY DISTURBED SOIL WITHIN 100 FEET OF LAKES, STREAMS, AND WETLANDS.
- 23. IRREGULARITIES IN THE SOIL SURFACE SHALL BE CORRECTED TO PREVENT THE FORMATION OF DEPRESSIONS.

PROJECT SEQUENCE AND SCHEDULE:

GENERAL CONDITIONS:

ALL EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES SHALL PROCEED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING SEQUENCE. EACH STAGE SHALL BE COMPLETED AND IMMEDIATELY STABILIZED BEFORE ANY FOLLOWING STAGE IS INITIATED. CLEARING, GRUBBING AND TOPSOIL STRIPPING SHALL BE LIMITED ONLY TO THOSE AREAS DESCRIBED IN EACH STAGE. ANY DEVIATION FROM THE FOLLOWING SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED IN WRITING FROM THE HARTFORD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT (HCCD).

CONSTRUCTION WILL TAKE PLACE IN A SINGLE SPREAD. PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION CREWS WILL BE IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO EACH OTHER AND WILL BE ABLE TO EFFICIENTLY COMMUNICATE DURING THE ENTIRE CONSTRUCTION PHASE OF THE PROJECT. THE LENGTH OF EACH CONSTRUCTION SPREAD WILL NOT REQUIRE CONSTRUCTION CREWS TO BE SEPARATED BY SIGNIFICANT DISTANCES DURING PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION.

WORK EFFORT WILL BE SUBDIVIDED INTO CATEGORIES AND PERFORMED BY SPECIALIZED CREWS (E.G., SITE PREPARATION/CLEARING, TRENCHING, PIPE CONSTRUCTION, ETC). EACH CREW WILL PROGRESS IN A LOGICAL MANNER, GENERALLY FROM THE BEGINNING TO END OF THE PIPELINE. THE TIME PERIOD BETWEEN TRENCH EXCAVATION AND FINAL STABILIZATION SHALL BE MINIMIZED TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE. NO ONE SEGMENT OF AREA OF THE PIPELINE ALIGNMENT SHALL GO WITHOUT STABILIZATION (TEMPORARY OF PERMANENT) FOR A PERIOD GREATER THAN 30 DAYS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS DESCRIBED IN CHAPTER 5-3 OF THE CONNECTICUT GUIDELINES FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL 2002. THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBES THE TYPICAL SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THAT SHALL OCCUR WITHIN THE TYPES OF AREAS DESCRIBED BELOW, WHICH WILL BE ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION.

SOIL DISTURBANCE (E.G., GRUBBING, AND TOPSOIL STRIPPING) SHALL BE MINIMIZED PRIOR TO INSTALLING EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS IN THE VICINITY OF THE DISTURBANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS PLAN. SIGNIFICANT DEVIATION FROM THE FOLLOWING SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE APPROVED IN WRITING (E.G. VIA E-MAIL) BY THE HARTFORD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. TEMPORARY WATERBARS/BROAD-BASED DIPS SHALL BE INSTALLED AT THE END OF EACH WORKDAY.

1. CONSTRUCTION PREPARATION ACTIVITIES

- A. AT LEAST 7 DAYS PRIOR TO INITIATING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING CLEARING GRUBBING, THE OWNER AND/OR OPERATOR SHALL INVITE ALL CONTRACTORS, THE LANDOWNER, ALL APPROPRIATE MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS, THE E&S PLAN PREPARER, THE PCSM PLAN PREPARER, THE LICENSED PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBLE FOR OVERSIGHT OF CRITICAL STAGES OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PCSM PLAN, AND A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE HCCD TO AN ON-SITE PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING.
- B. AT LEAST 3 DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES, ALL CONTRACTORS INVOLVED IN THOSE ACTIVITIES SHALL NOTIFY THE CONNECTICUT CALL BEFORE YOU DIG AT 1-800-922-4455 FOR THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- C. ESTABLISH CONSTRUCTION SUPPORT FACILITIES.
- D. IDENTIFY UTILITIES AND OTHER CRITICAL SITE FEATURES TO BE PROTECTED.
- E. FLAG AND/OR STAKE WETLAND AND OTHER SENSITIVE AREAS TO BE PROTECTED.
- F. FLAG AND/OR STAKE PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE.
- G. INSTALL ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES. H. INSTALL ACCESS ROAD(S).
- I. BRUSH HOG/MOW EXISTING VEGETATION OF FACILITATE INSTALLATION OF TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS.
- J. INSTALL VEHICULAR TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING (E.G., BRIDGE OR MULTIPLE PIPE
- K. CROSSING) AND TIMBER MAT WETLAND CROSSING.
- L. INSTALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS PLAN. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL INSTALLATION, SIMILAR TO OTHER ACTIVITIES, MAY BE CONDUCTED AS PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES PROGRESS, HOWEVER, SOIL DISTURBANCE SHALL BE MINIMIZED UNTIL THE APPROPRIATE TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS HAVE BEEN INSTALLED IN THE PROPOSED WORK AREA.

2. <u>SITE CLEARING (TREE CUTTING) & GRUBBING</u>

- A. INITIATE CLEARING AND GRUBBING OF RIGHT-OF-WAY AND ACCESS ROADS AS NEEDED. B. WOODY VEGETATION CLEARING OF THE ROW, ATWS AND STAGING AREAS WILL TAKE PLACE IN A SINGLE
- PASS. NO GRADING OR GRUBBING WILL OCCUR DURING CLEARING OPERATIONS. C. HAUL MERCHANTABLE TIMBER OFF-SITE OR STACK AT A DESIGNATED LOCATION. AS DETERMINED BY LANDOWNER SPECIAL CONDITIONS OR CPG CHIEF INSPECTOR.
- D. CHIP UNMERCHANTABLE MATERIALS AND SPREAD EVENLY WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY LIMITS, EXCEPT IN
- WETLANDS, AGRICULTURE FIELDS, AND MANICURED LAWNS. E. GRUB TREE STUMPS IN CLEARED ROW. GRIND STUMPS AND REMOVE FROM ROW AND HAUL OFF SITE OR
- STOCKPILED AT STAGING AREAS FOR USE AS MULCH STABILIZATION AFTER EARTH DISTURBING ACTIVITIES
- F. NOTIFY THE HARTFORD COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT AFTER INSTALLATION OR STABILIZATION OR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS (INCLUDING TOPSOIL PILES) WITHIN A NEW WORK AREA AND AT LEAST 3 DAYS PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH BULK EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES.

3. SITE GRADING AND STABILIZATION

- A. RE-STAKE THE ROW TO REPLACE ANY SIGNAGE OR FLAGGING THAT WAS REMOVED OR DAMAGED DURING CLEARING ACTIVITIES.
- B. INSTALL ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES WHERE VEHICLES WILL ENTER CONSTRUCTION AREAS FROM ACCESS ROADS. INSTALL WASH RACKS AS DIRECTED BY COLUMBIA IF ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES ARE NOT FUNCTIONING AS INTENDED.
- C. CLEAR, GRADE AND IMPROVE ACCESS ROAD AS NEEDED AS THEIR USE BECOMES REQUIRED.
- D. STOCKPILE TOPSOIL ALONG THE EDGE OF THE RIGHT-OF-WAY WHERE INDICATED AND TEMPORARILY
- E. ROUGH GRADE SITE, REMOVE AND STOCKPILE TOPSOIL AS APPROPRIATE. INSTALL SILT FENCE, OR
- COMPOST FILTER SOCK AROUND STOCKPILED TOPSOIL AS SHOWN ON E&S DRAWINGS.
- F. THE MIXING OF TOPSOIL WITH SUBSOIL SHALL BE PREVENTED BY STRIPPING TOPSOIL FROM THE WORK AREA WITHIN DESIGNATED AREAS AND IN COORDINATION WITH THE APPLICABLE ACCESS AGREEMENTS. G. INSTALL TEMPORARY SLOPE BREAKERS AS SHOWN ON E&S DRAWINGS.
- H. INSTALL TEMPORARY FLOW DIVERSION, FLUME STRUCTURES AND TEMPORARY BRIDGES AT STREAM CROSSINGS AS STREAM CROSSINGS ARE ENCOUNTERED.
- I. INSTALL APPROPRIATE TRENCH DEWATERING FILTER AND SURROUNDING SEDIMENT BARRIERS (STRAW BALES, SILT FENCE AND/OR COMPOST FILTER SOCKS AS DETERMINED IN THE FIELD) IN PREPARATION OF DEWATERING ACTIVITIES. THIS SHALL BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO PERFORMING EXCAVATION ACROSS
- J. INSTALL TIMBER MATS FOR EQUIPMENT ACCESS AS SHOWN ON E&S DRAWINGS AS WETLANDS / STREAMS ARE ENCOUNTERED.
- K. UTILIZED WOOD CHIPS IN HEAVILY TRAFFICKED AREAS TO REDUCE THE POTENTIAL FOR RUTTING EXCEPT IN WETLANDS

4. PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION

UPLAND LOCATIONS:

- A. ENSURE THE APPROPRIATE UPLAND EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS ARE IN PLACE.
- B. GRADE/EXCAVATE PIPELINE TRENCH AND RIGHT-OF-WAY. C. SEGREGATE TOPSOIL IN AGRICULTURAL FIELDS AND MANICURED LAWNS FOR RESTORATION ACTIVITIES
- DURING FINAL CLEAN UP. D. STRING PIPE AND PREPARE THE PIPE JOINTS FOR WELDING.
- E. WELD PIPE JOINTS AND PERFORM NDT (NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING).
- F. DISCHARGE ALL WATER FROM TRENCH USING FILTER BAGS OR COMPOST SOCK SEDIMENT TRAP. G. INSTALL THE PIPELINE IN THE TRENCH.
- H. INSTALL TRENCH PLUGS.
- I. BACKFILL THE PIPELINE TRENCH
- J. PERFORM PERMANENT STABILIZATION, INCLUDING:
- 1. GRADE AREAS AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE TO ORIGINAL CONTOURS.
- 3. APPLY PERMANENT SEEDING, SOIL AMENDMENTS AND MULCH OR EROSION CONTROL BLANKET.

ROADWAY. DRIVEWAYS AND RAILROADS CROSSINGS:

- A. STRING PIPE OUTSIDE OF ROAD/DRIVEWAY AND PREPARE THE PIPE JOINTS FOR WELDING AND NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING.
- B. EXCAVATE PIPELINE TRENCH FOR THE OPEN TRENCH CROSSING OR EXCAVATE BORE PITS FOR CONVENTIONAL BORED CROSSING.
- C. DISCHARGE ALL WATER FROM TRENCH USING FILTER BAGS OR COMPOST SOCK SEDIMENT TRAP. D. MOVE THE PIPE SECTIONS TO THE TRENCH OR PERFORM CONVENTIONAL BORE.
- E. INSTALL THE PIPELINE IN THE TRENCH.
- F. INSTALL TRENCH PLUGS. G. BACKFILL THE PIPELINE TRENCH.

- STREAM CROSSING (LESS THAN 24 HOURS FOR STREAM LESS THAN 10 FEET WIDE. LESS THAN 48 HOURS FOR STREAMS BETWEEN 10 AND 100 FEET WIDE):
- A. ADJUST EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS AS NEEDED TO PERFORM WORK AT STREAM CROSSING LOCATIONS.
- B. INSTALL SANDBAG DIVERSION DAM OR CTDEP APPROVED WATER-INFLATED DAM AROUND CHANNEL WORK AREA.
- C. ALL NON-PERENNIAL STREAMS AND DITCHES WILL BE FLUMED ONLY IF WATER IS PRESENT.
- D. DEWATER OPEN-CUT TRENCH WORK AREA WITH THE STREAM USING FILTER BAG OR COMPOST SOCK SEDIMENT TRAP AS NEEDED.
- EXCAVATE PIPELINE TRENCH. TEMPORARY TOPSOIL AND SUBSOIL STOCKPILES SHALL BE LOCATED AT LEAST
- 10 FEET AWAY FROM TOP OF STREAM BANKS. G. IN AN UPLAND LOCATION, STRING PIPE AND PREPARE THE PIE JOINTS FOR
- WELDING AND NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING. H. DISCHARGE ALL WATER FROM TRENCH USING FILTER BAGS OR COMPOST SOCK
- SEDIMENT TRAP. INSTALL THE PIPELINE IN THE TRENCH.

INSTALL TRENCH PLUGS AT TOP OF STREAM BANKS.

- BACKFILL THE PIPELINE TRENCH. PERFORM PERMANENT STABILIZATION, INCLUDING:
- GRADE AREAS AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE TO ORIGINAL CONTOURS.
- REPLACE TOPSOIL. 3. APPLY PERMANENT SEEDING, SOIL AMENDMENTS AND EROSION CONTROL
- M. REMOVE TEMPORARY CONTROL MEASURES.

WETLAND CROSSING:

- A. ADJUST EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS AS NEEDED TO WORK IN STREAM CROSSING LOCATIONS
- B. EXCAVATE THE TOP 1-FOOT OF TOPSOIL AND STOCKPILE SEPARATELY FROM
- THE SUBSOIL. C. IN AN UPLAND LOCATION, STRING PIPE AND PREPARE THE PIPE JOINTS FOR
- WELDING AND NON-DISTRUCTIVE TESTING. D. DISCHARGE ALL WATER FROM TRENCH USING FILTER BAGS OR COMPOST SOCK
- SEDIMENT TRAP. E. INSTALL THE PIPELINE IN THE TRENCH.
- F. INSTALL TRENCH PLUGS AT EDGE OF WETLAND.
- G. BACKFILL THE PIPELINE TRENCH.
- H. PERFORM PERMANENT STABILIZATION, INCLUDING:
- 1. REPLACE SUBSOIL MATERIAL
- 2. REPLACE TOPSOIL SUCH THAT THERE IS NO CROWNING OF SOIL MATERIAL 3. APPLY TEMPORARY SEEDING.

5. <u>DEMOBILIZATION AND SITE CLEAN UP</u>

- A. COMPLETE PERMANENT STABILIZATION OF ALL REMAINING AREAS OF
- DISTURBANCE, INCLUDING: 1. GRADE AREAS AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE TO ORIGINAL CONTOURS.
- 2. REPLACE TOPSOIL 3. APPLY PERMANENT SEEDING, SOIL AMENDMENT, AND MULCH OR EROSION
- CONTROL BLANKET. B. UPON COMPLETION OF ALL EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES AND PERMANENT
- STABILIZATION OF ALL DISTURBED ARES, THE OWNER.OR OPERATOR SHALL CONTACT THE HCCD FOR AN INSPECTION PRIOR TO THE
- REMOVAL/CONVERSATION OF THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS C. REMOVE TEMPORARY CONTROL MEASURES UPON APPROVAL OF THE HARTFORD COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT AGENT.
- D. UPON COMPLETION OF ALL EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES, REMOVAL OF ALL TEMPORARY BMPS, INSTALLATIONS OF ALL PERMANENT PCSM BMPS, AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS, THE OWNER AND/OR

OPERATOR SHALL CONTACT THE HARTFORD COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT FOR

- E. ANY MATERIALS NOT INCORPORATED AS TRENCH BACKFILL OR GENERAL GRADING (E.G. UNCONTAMINATED SOIL, ROCK, STONE, GRAVEL, BRICK AND BLOCK, CONCRETE AND USED ASPHALT; AND WASTE FROM LAND CLEARING, GRUBBING AND EXCAVATION, INCLUDING TREES, BRUSH, STUMPS AND VEGETATIVE MATERIAL)
- WILL BE REUSED. RECYCLED OR REMOVED FROM THE CONSTRUCTION WORK LIMITS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTE #6 ON THIS SHEET.
- F. CONTRACTOR DEMOBILIZATION.

6. POST-CONSTRUCTION

- A. CONTINUE TO CONDUCT INSPECTIONS UNTIL THE SITE HAS REACHED,
- PERMANENT STABILIZATION. B. PERMANENT STABILIZATION IS DEFINED AS A MINIMUM UNIFORM, PERENNIAL 70% VEGETATIVE COVER OR OTHER NON-VEGETATIVE COVER WITH A DENSITY SUFFICIENT TO RESIST ACCELERATED CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE CAPABLE
- OF RESISTING FAILURE DUE TO SLUMPING, SLIDING, OR OTHER MOVEMENTS. C. TEMPORARY E&S BMPS MAY BE REMOVED AFTER THE ENTIRE CONTRIBUTARY
- AREA TO EACH BMP REACHES PERMANENT STABILIZATION. D. REMOVE ANY REMAINING TEMPORARY WATERBODY AND WETLAND EQUIPMENT

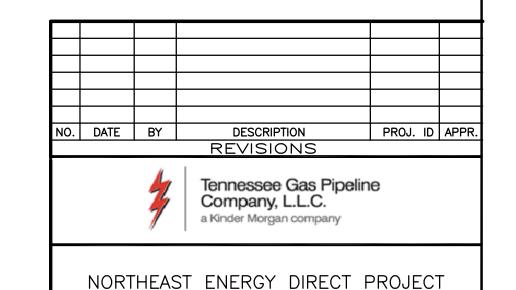
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- CROSSINGS. E. REMOVE ANY REMAINING STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES.
- F. PRIOR TO APPLICATION OF THE SEED IN ALL SUPPORT & STAGING AREAS, THE SEEDBED WILL BE PREPARED TO A DEPTH OF 3 TO 4 INCHES USING APPROPRIATE EQUIPMENT TO PROVIDE A FIRM, SMOOTH SEEDBED THAT IS FREE OF DEBRIS AND SCARIFIED TO ENSURE SEEDS LODGE AND GERMINATE. THE SEED MIXTURE WILL BE APPLIED UNIFORMLY PER THE CONNECTICUT GUIDELINES FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL 2002, CHAPTER 5-3 FOR VEGETATIVE SOIL COVER.



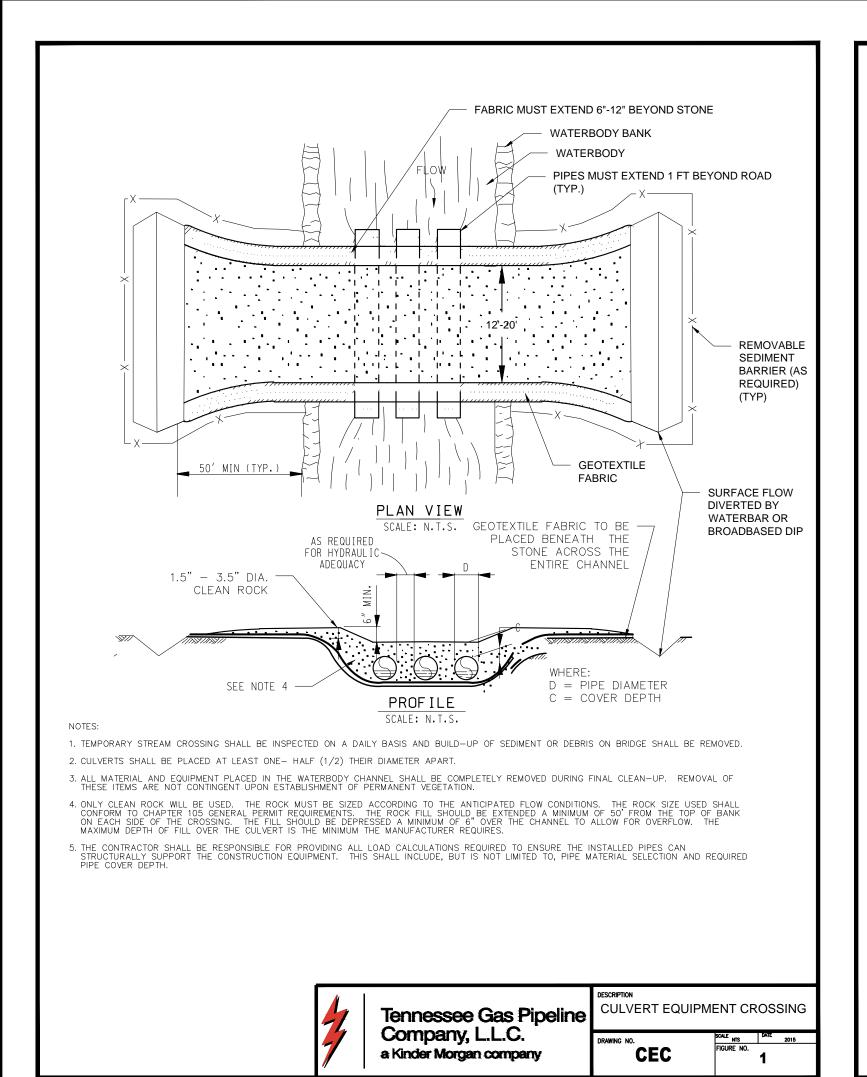
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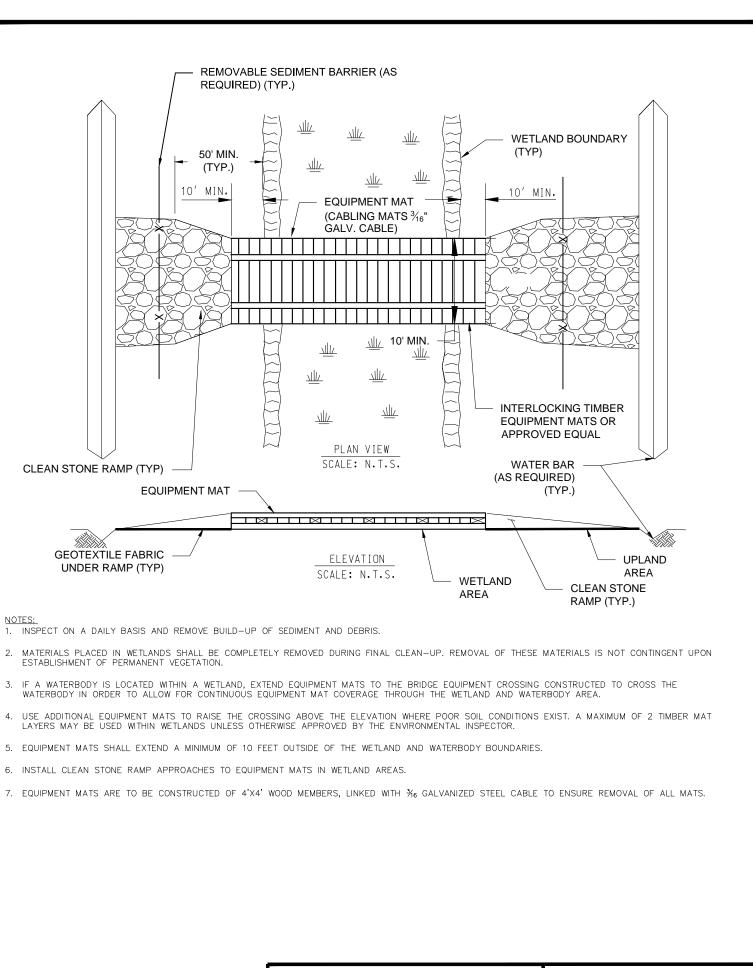
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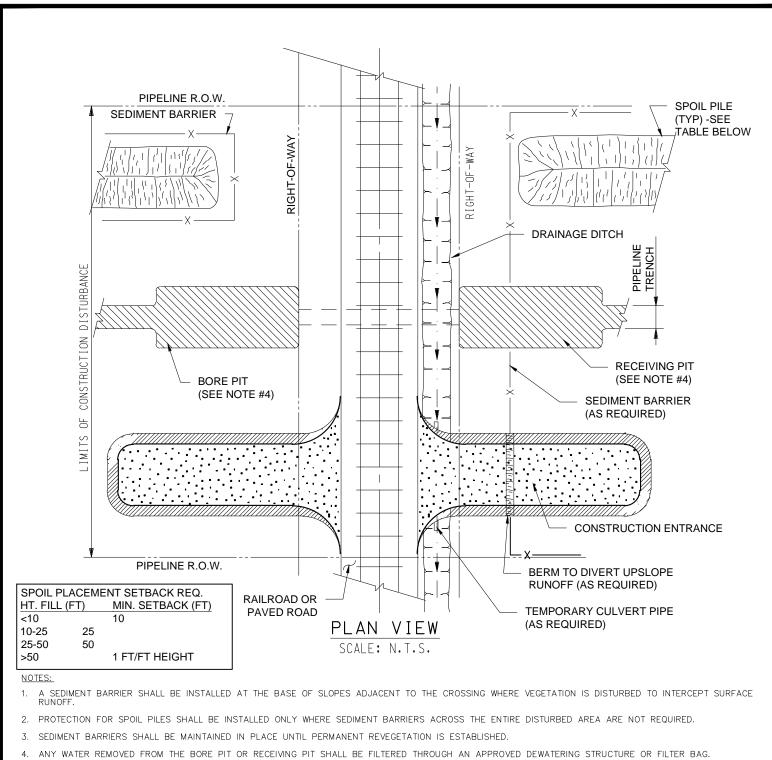
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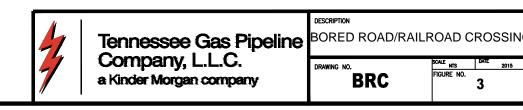
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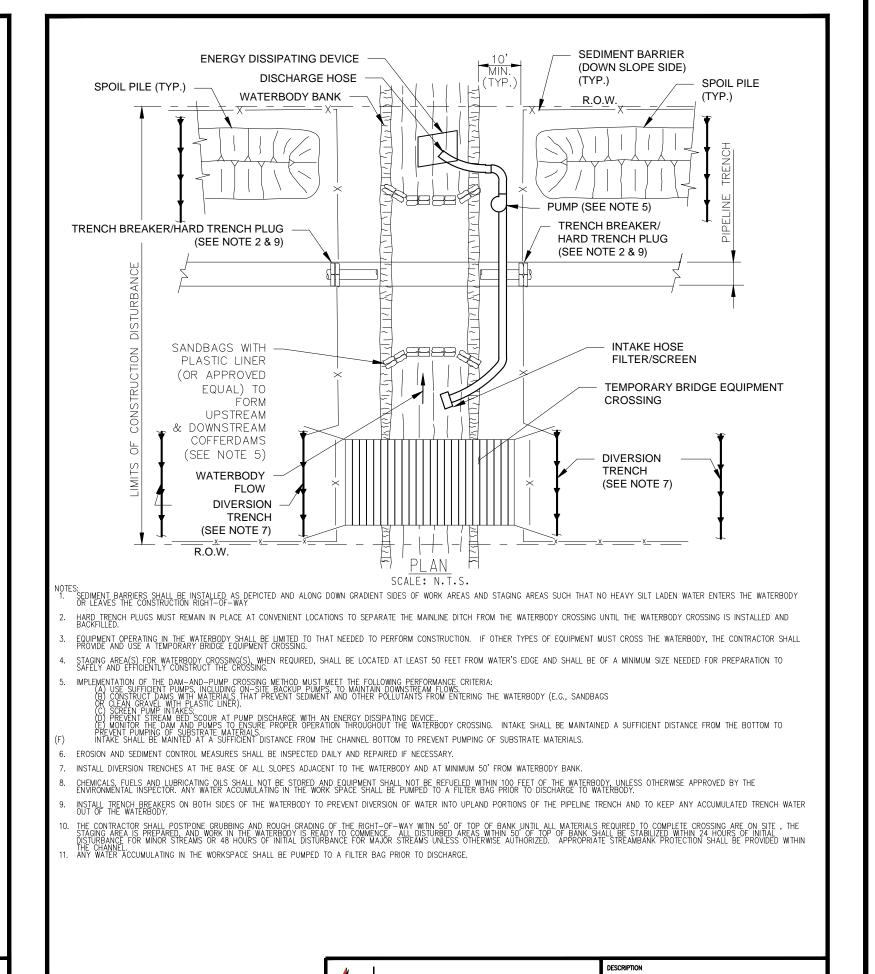






- 5. IF WELL POINTING IS REQUIRED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSULT WITH THE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK IN ORDER TO DETERMINE PROPER DEWATERING LOCATIONS AND METHODS.
- 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO KEEP THE CROSSING CLEAR OF DEBRIS AT ALL TIMES.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR MAY ELECT TO UTILIZE SHEET PILING IN ORDER TO STABILIZE THE BORE PITS AND RECEIVING PITS.
- DEPENDING ON TOPOGRAPHY AND STATE AGENCY REQUIREMENTS, A SEDIMENT BARRIER MAY BE REQUIRED ACROSS THE ENTIRE CONSTRUCTION RIGHT OF WAY AT THE EDGE OF CROSSING. IN ADDITION TO THIS DETAIL, REFER TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL ALIGNMENT DRAWINGS FOR PLACEMENT OF SEDIMENT BARRIERS.

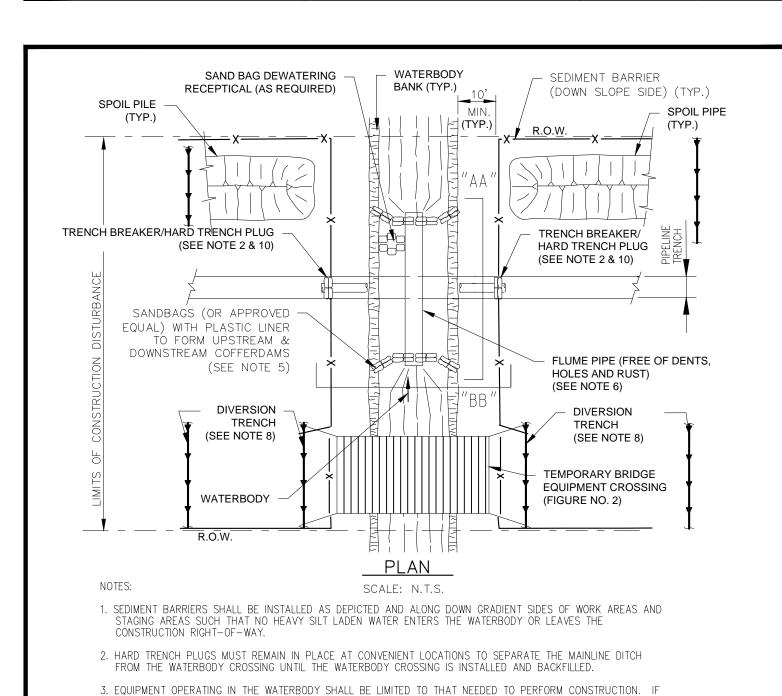




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OTHER TYPES OF EQUIPMENT MUST CROSS THE WATERBODY, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND USE A

4. STAGING AREA(S) FOR WATERBODY CROSSING(S), WHEN REQUIRED, SHALL BE LOCATED AT LEAST 50 FEET FROM

THE WATER'S EDGE AND SHALL BE OF A MINIMUM SIZE NEEDED FOR CONVENIENT PREPARATION.

B) USE SAND BAG OR SAND BAG AND PLASTIC SHEETING DÍVERSION STRUCTURES OR EQUIVALENT

(SOME MINOR MODIFICATIONS TO THE WATERBODY BOTTOM MAY BE REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE AN

TO DEVELOP AN EFFECTIVE SEAL AND TO DIVERT WATERBODY FLOW THROUGH THE FLUME PIPE

(C) PROPERLY ALIGN FLUME PIPE(S) TO PREVENT BANK EROSION AND WATERBODY CHANNEL BED SCOUR.
(D) DO NOT REMOVE FLUME PIPE DURING TRENCHING, PIPE LAYING, OR BACKFILLING ACTIVITIES,

6. THE FLUME PIPE MUST BE SIZED TO ADEQUATELY CONVEY MAXIMUM ANTICIPATED FLOW RATES AT THE TIME OF THE CROSSING WITHOUT FLOODING THE TRENCH, WHILE TO MAINTAINING ADEQUATE FLOW RATES TO PROTECT

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FLUME CROSSING

(A) INSTALL FLUME PIPE(S) AFTER BLASTING (IF NECESSARY), BUT BEFORE ANY TRENCHING.

(E) REMOVE ALL FLUME PIPES AND DAMS THAT ARE NOT ALSO PART OF THE EQUIPMENT

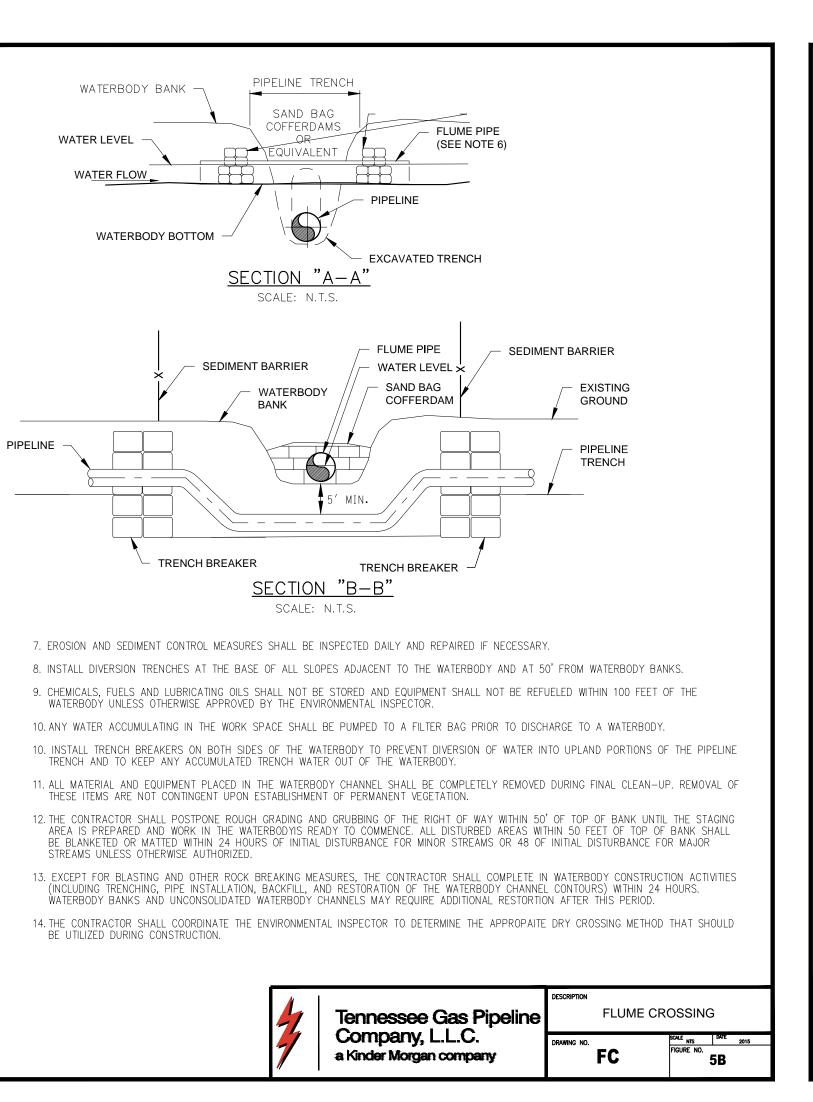
BRIDGE AS SOON AS FINAL CLEANUP OF THE STREAM BED AND BANK IS COMPLETE.

AQUATIC LIFE AND PREVENT THE INTERRUPTION OF EXISTING DOWNSTREAM USES.

TEMPORARY BRIDGE EQUIPMENT CROSSING.

5. FLUME CROSSING METHOD REQUIREMENTS INCLUDE:

OR INITIAL STREAM BED RESTORATION EFFORTS.

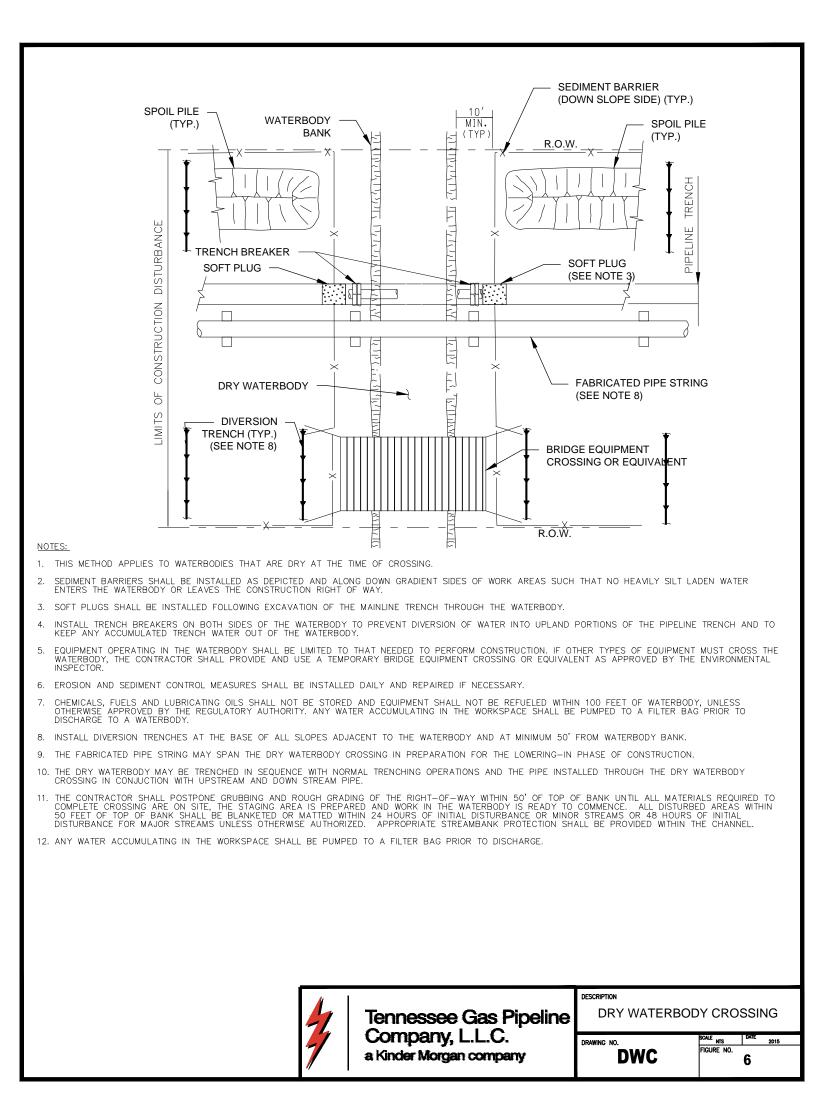


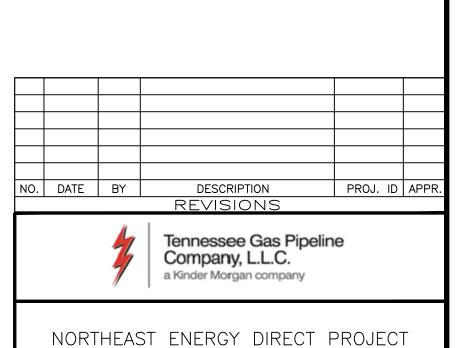
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WETLAND EQUIPMENT CROSSING

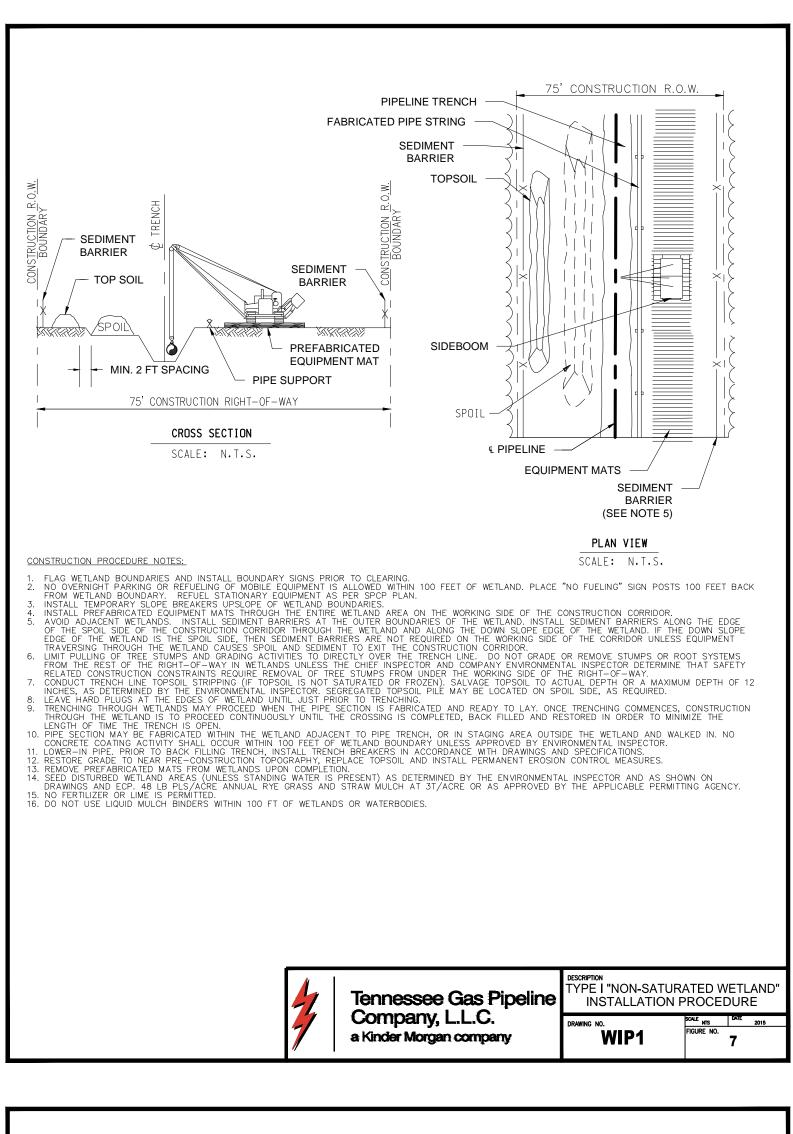


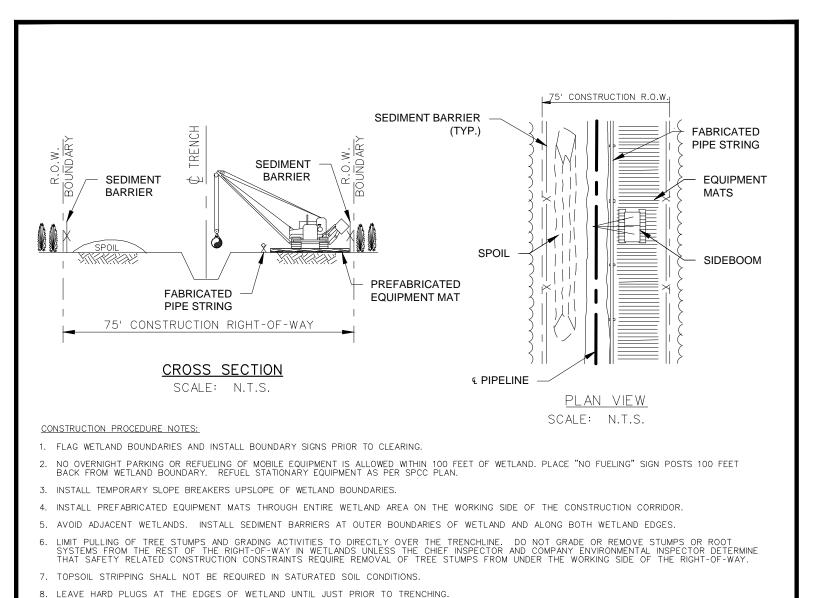


DAM AND PUMP CROSSING

EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL TYPICALS CONNECTICUT

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. TRENCHING THROUGH WETLANDS MAY PROCEED WHEN THE PIPE SECTION IS FABRICATED AND READY TO LAY. ONCE TRENCHING COMMENCES, CONSTRUCTION THROUGH THE WETLAND IS TO PROCEDE CONTINUOUSLY UNTIL THE CROSSING IS COMPLETED, BACKFILLED AND RESTORED IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE THE LENGTH OF TIME THE TRENCH IS OPEN.

10. PIPE SECTION MAY BE FABRICATED WITHIN THE WETLAND ADJACENT TO PIPE TRENCH, OR IN STAGING AREA OUTSIDE THE WETLAND AND WALKED IN. NO CONCRETE COATING ACTIVITY WITHIN 100 FEET OF WETLAND BOUNDARY, UNLESS APPROVED BY COMPANY ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR.

14. SEED DISTURBED WETLAND AREA (UNLESS STANDING WATER IS PRESENT) AS DETERMINED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR AND AS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS AND ECP. 48 LB PLS/ACRE ANNUAL RYE GRASS AND STRAW MULCH AT 3T/ACRE OR AS APPROVED BY THE APPLICABLE PERMITTING AGENCY.

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TYPE II "SATURATED WETLAND"

INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

WATERBAR

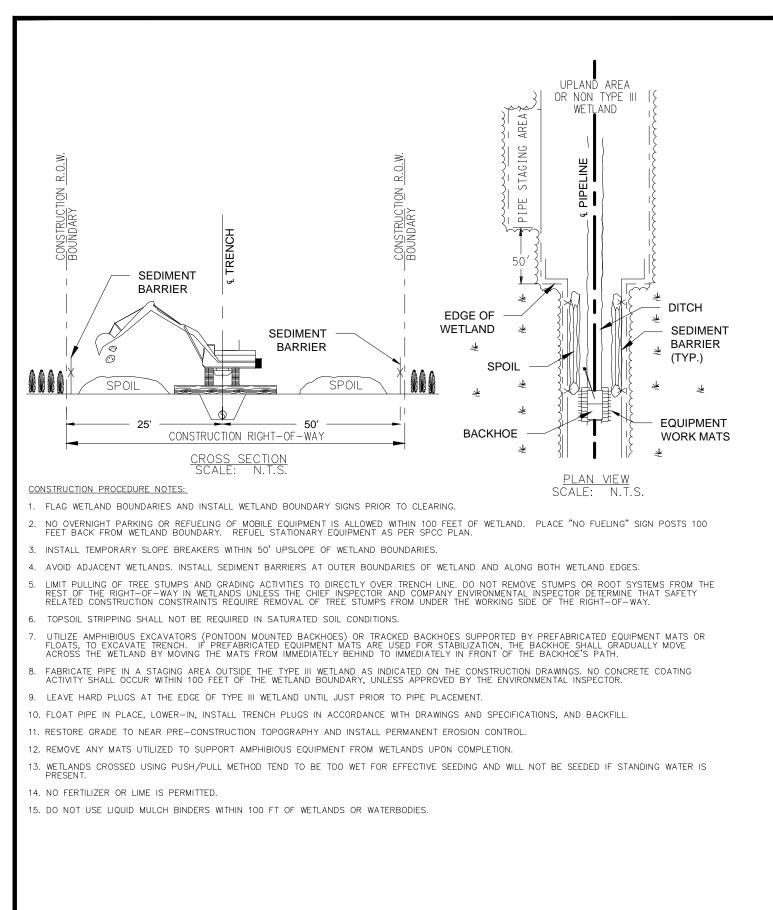
11. LOWER-IN PIPE PRIOR TO BACKFILLING, INSTALL TRENCH PLUGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

12. RESTORE GRADE TO NEAR PRE-CONSTRUCTION TOPOGRAPHY AND INSTALL PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL MEASURES.

13. REMOVE PREFABRICATED MATS FROM WETLANDS UPON COMPLETION.

16. DO NOT USE LIQUID MULCH BINDERS WITHIN 100 FT OF WETLANDS OR WATERBODIES.

15. NO FERTILIZER OR LIME IS PERMITTED.

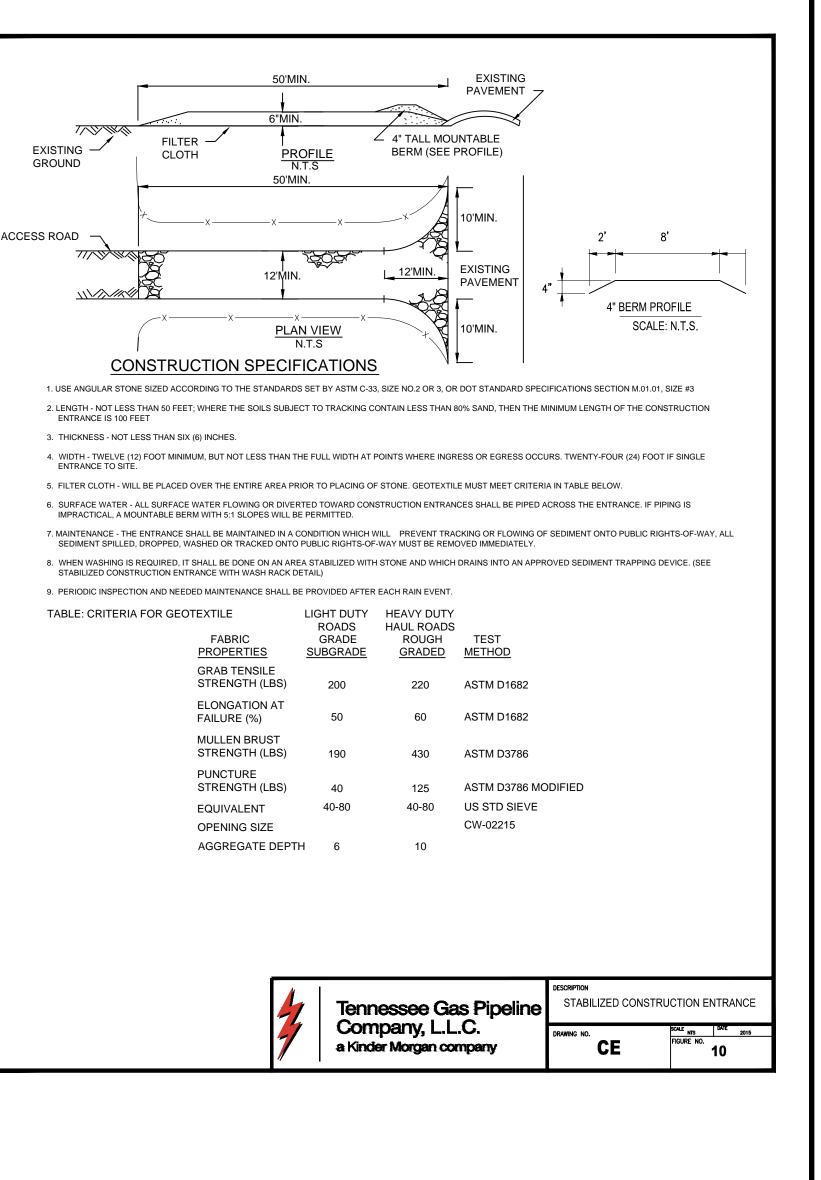


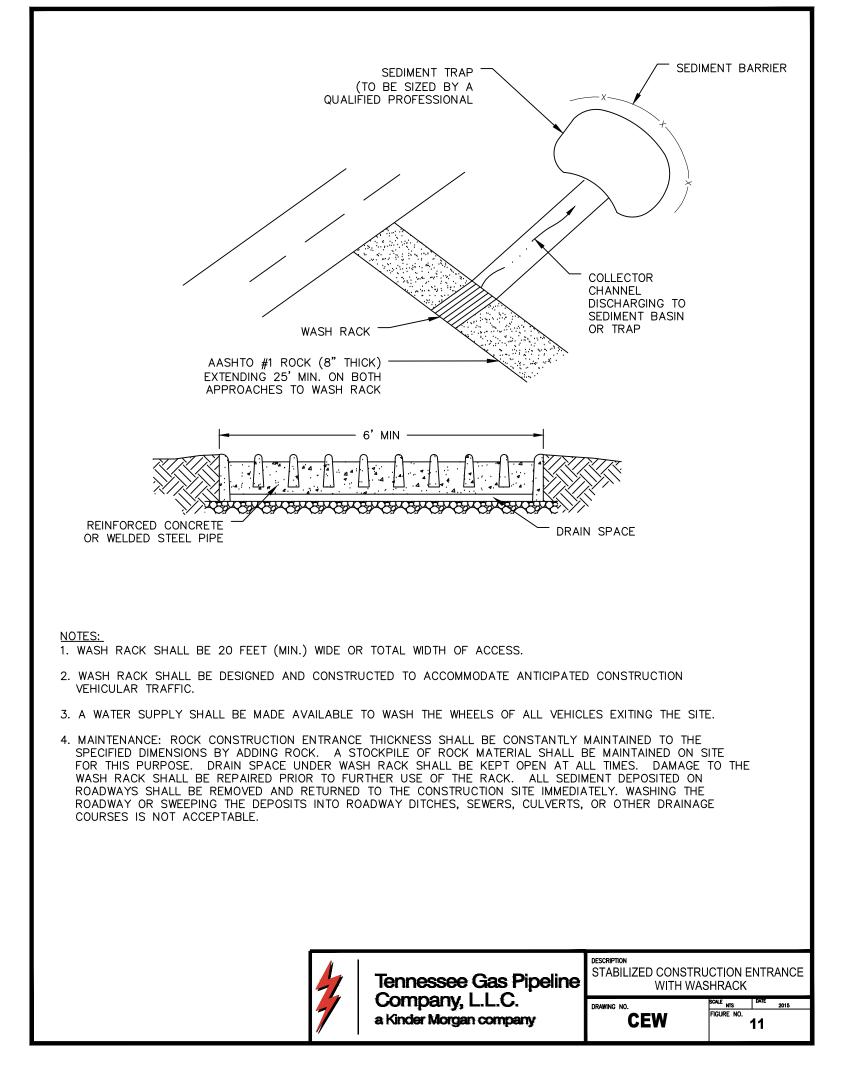
Tennessee Gas Pipeline

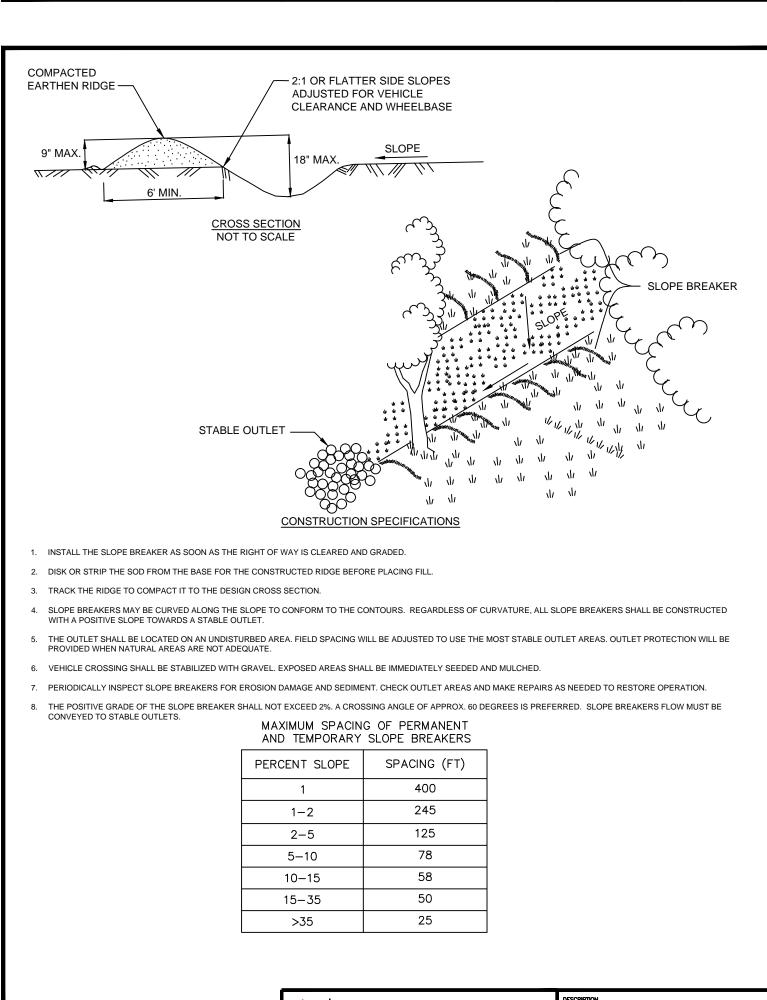
Company, L.L.C.

TYPE III "INUNDATED WETLAND"

INSTALLATION PROCEDURE



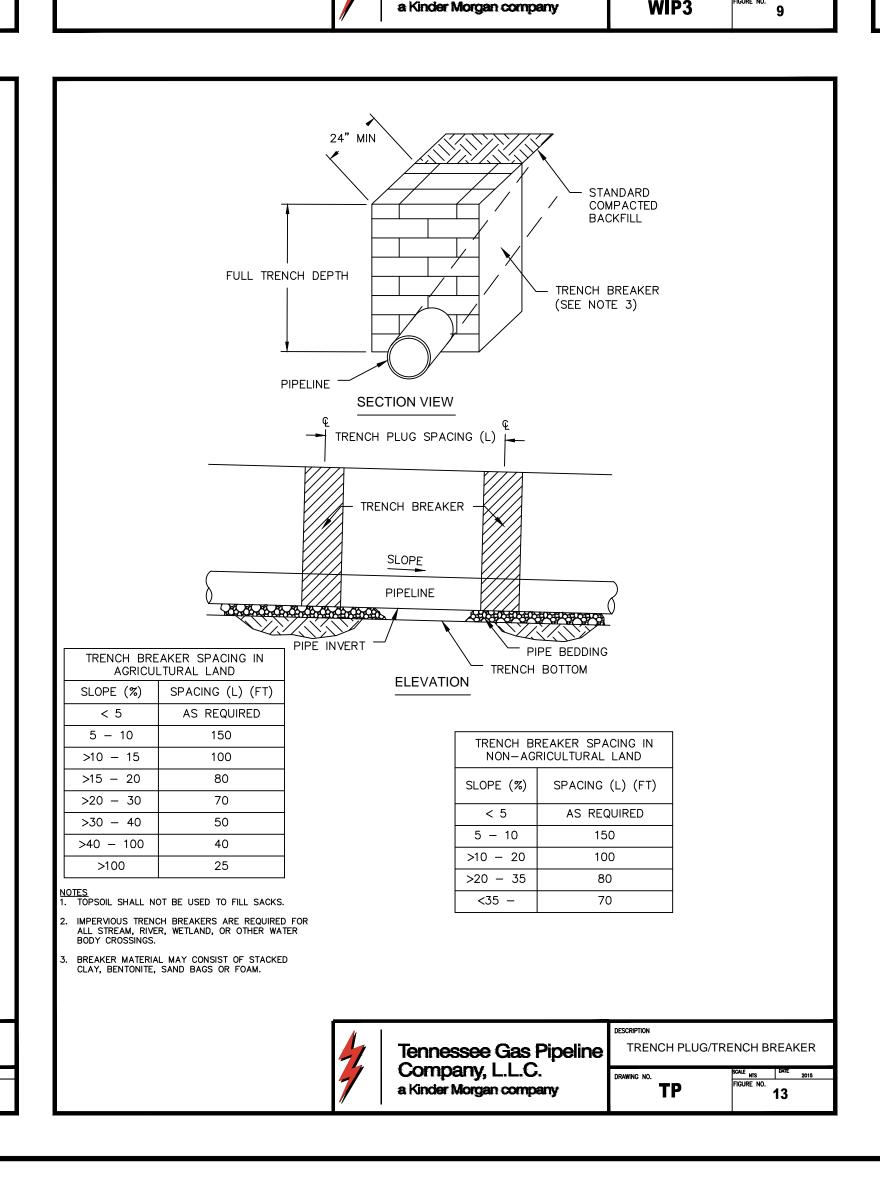


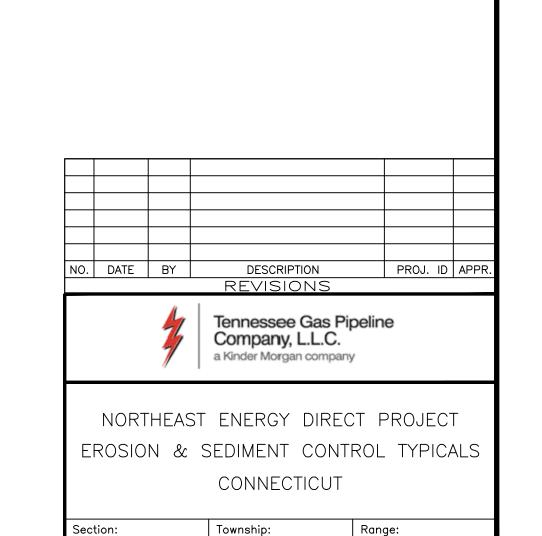


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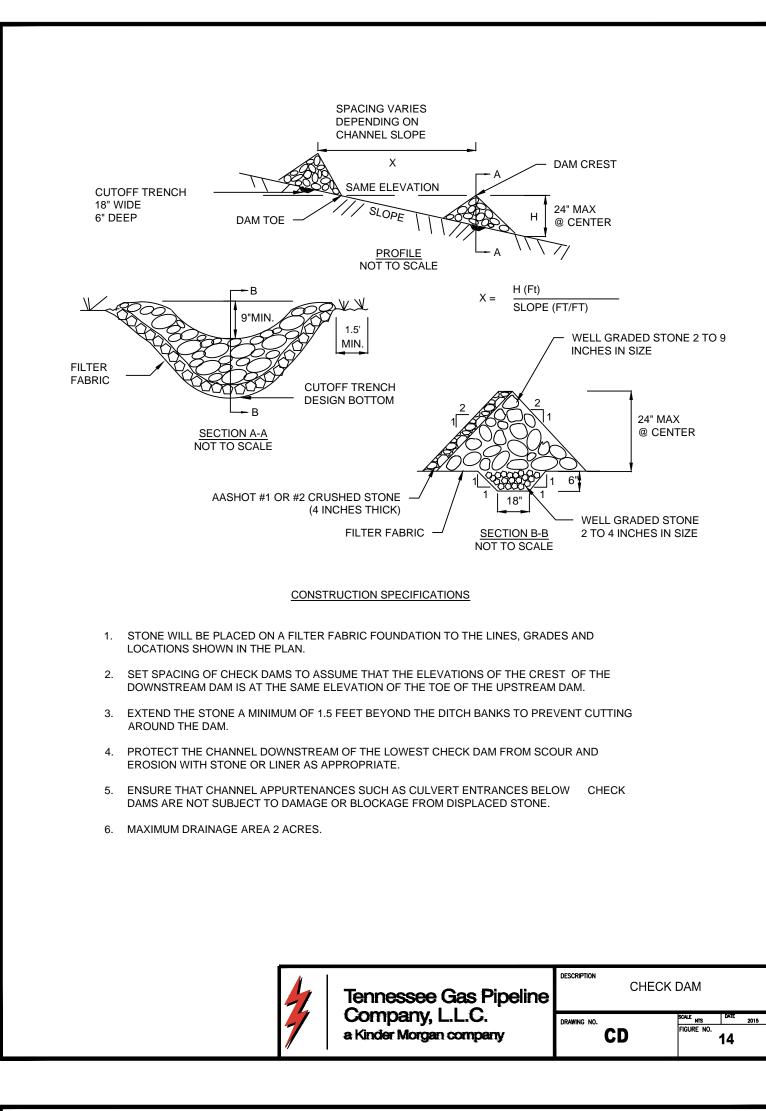
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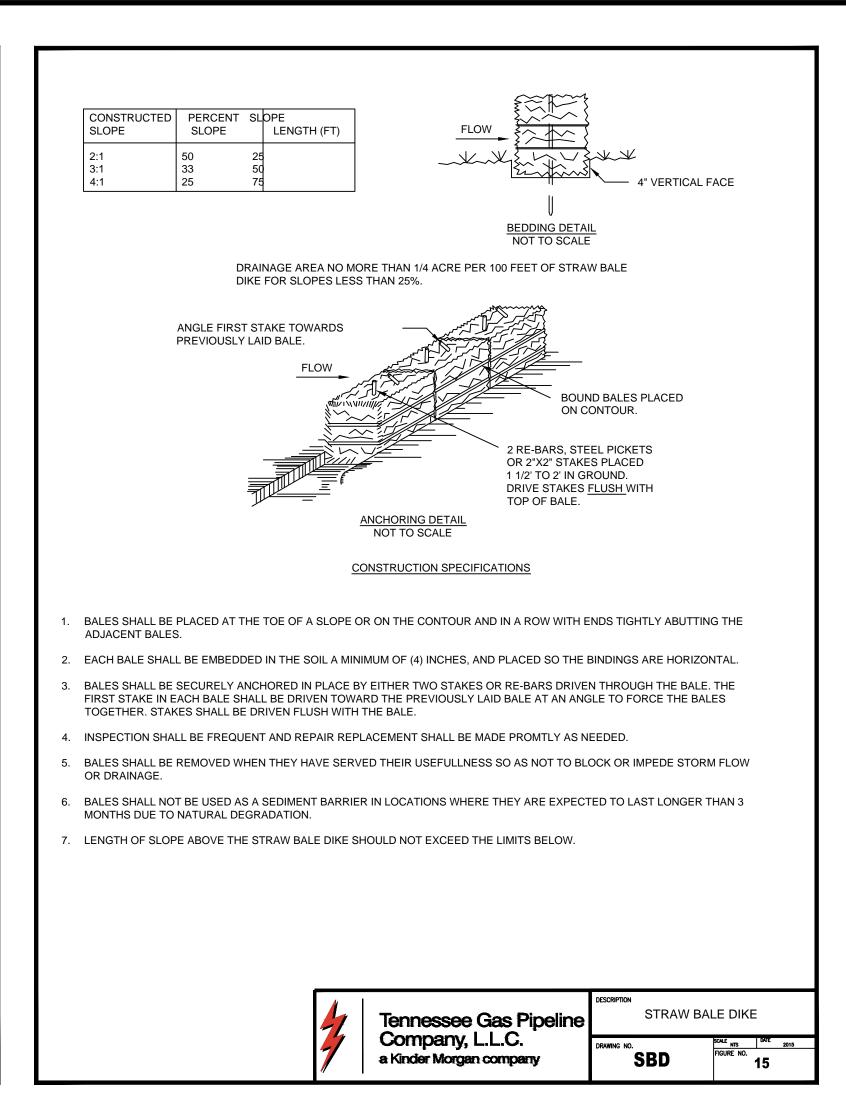
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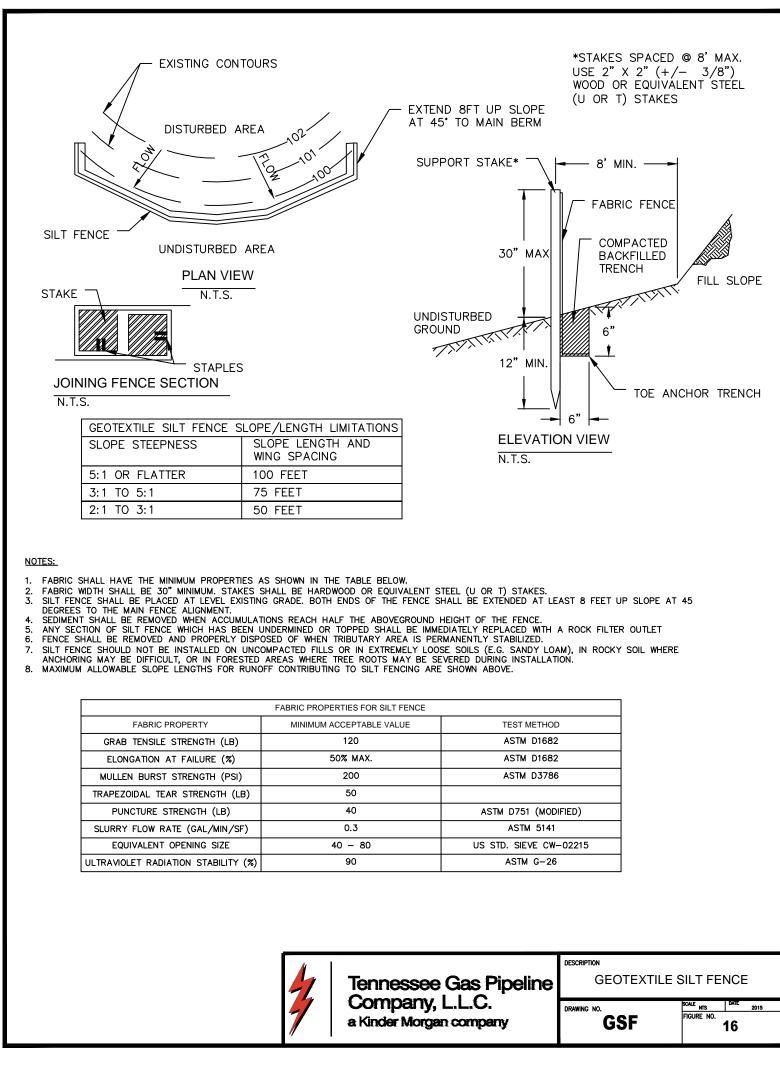
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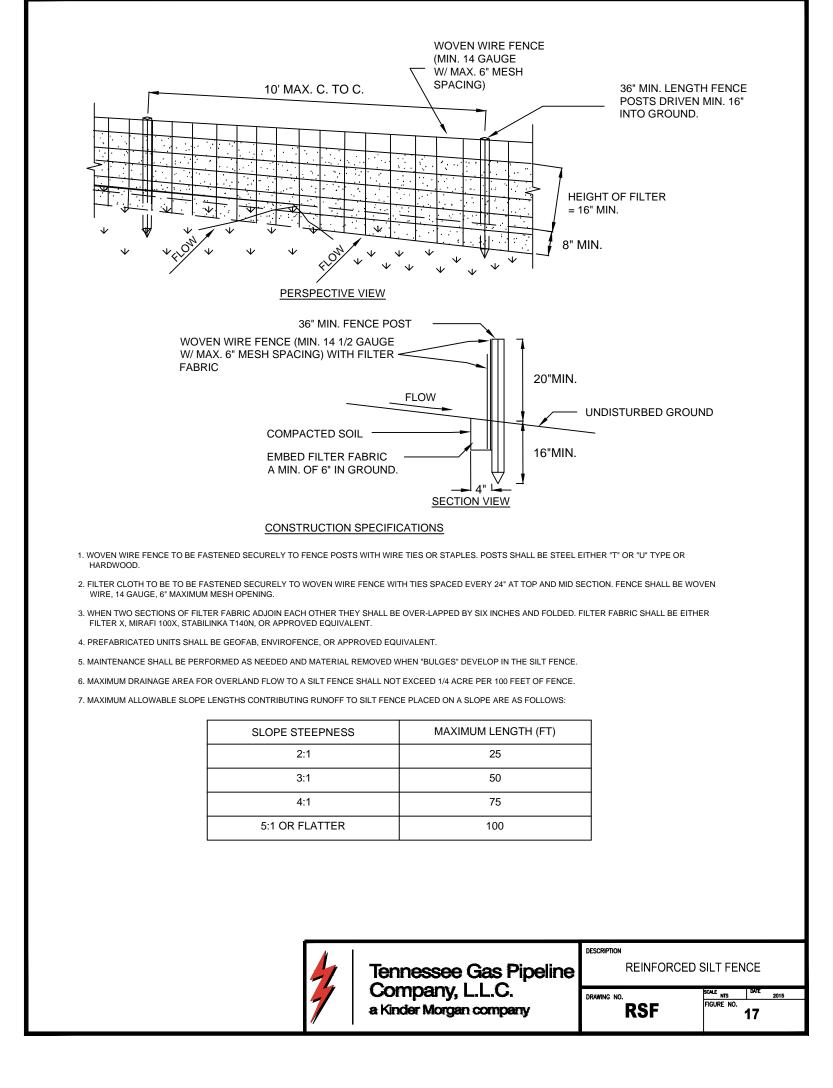
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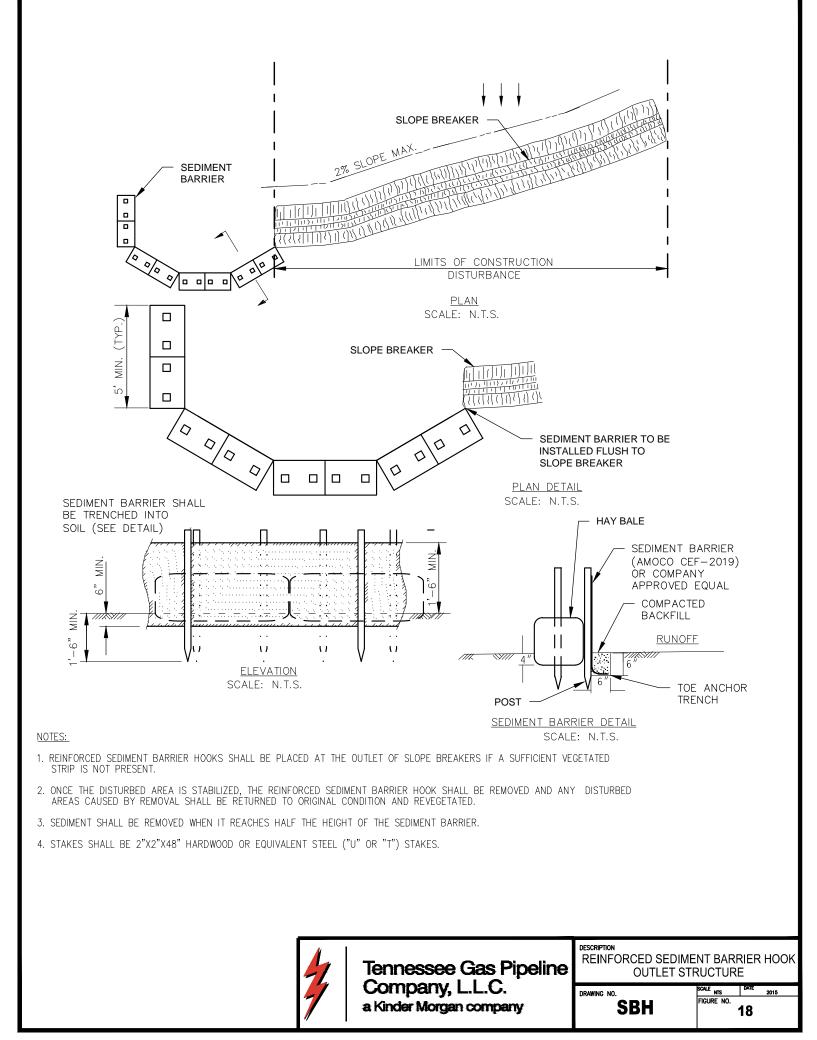
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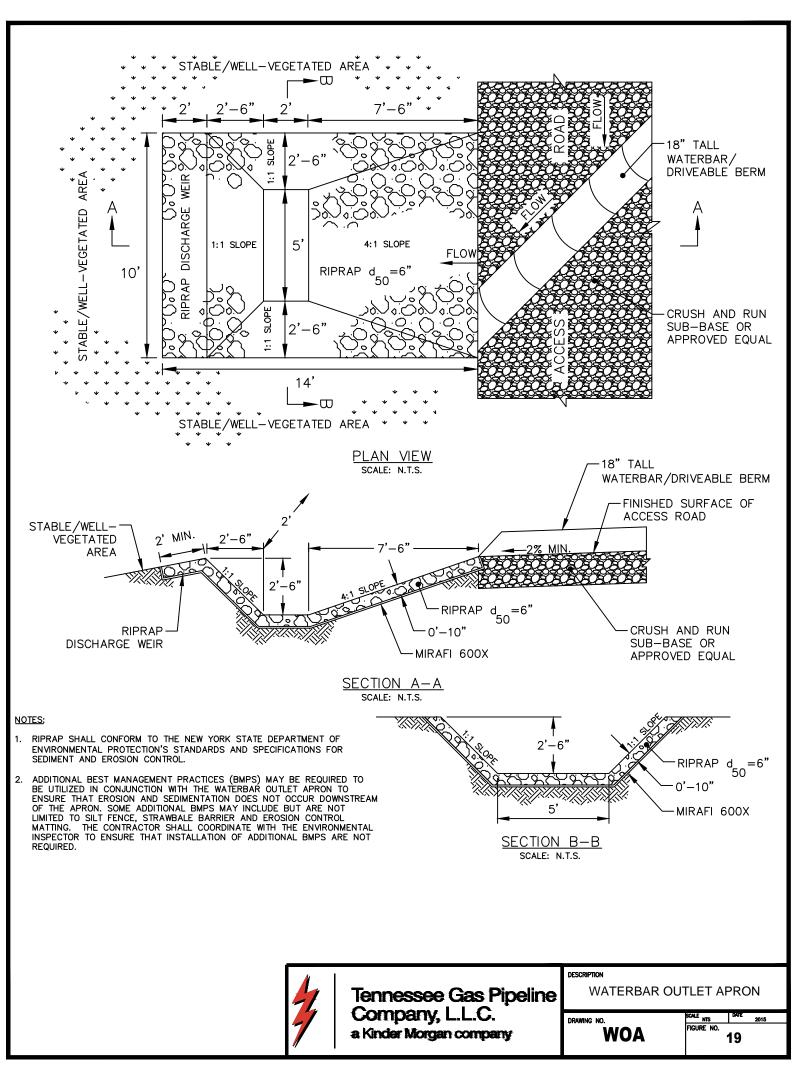


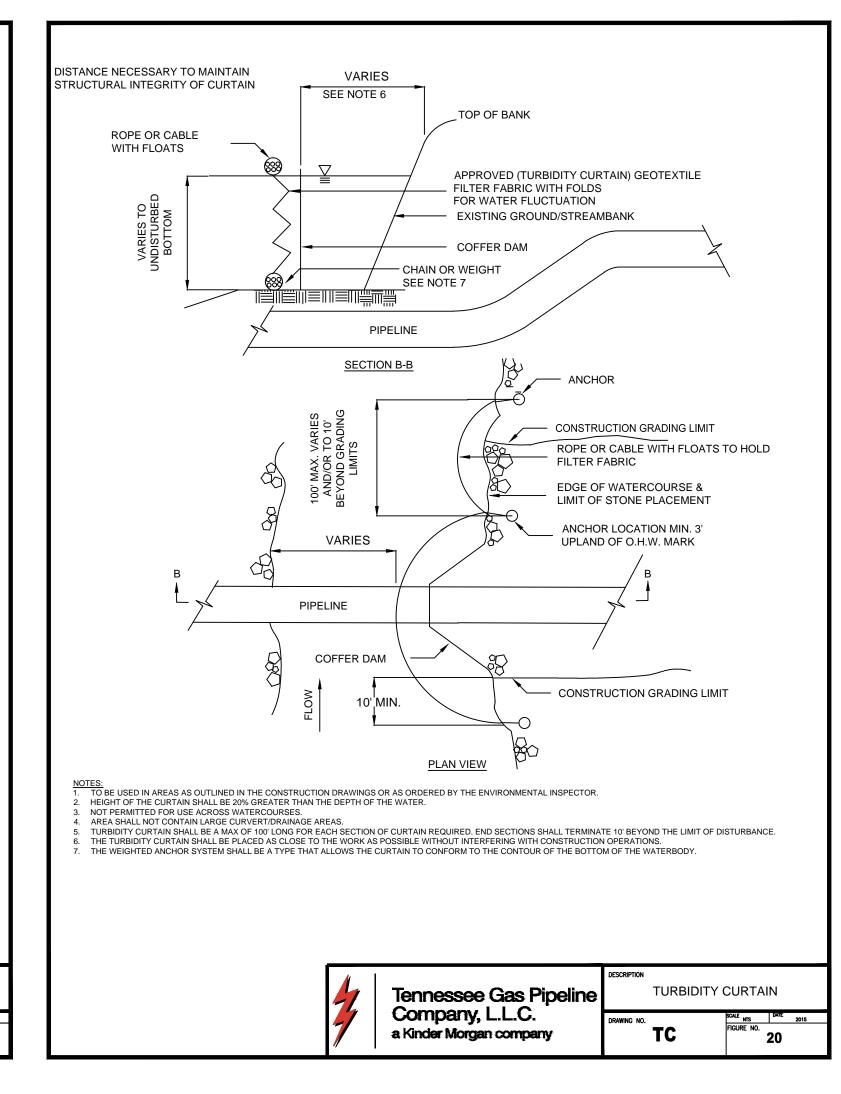


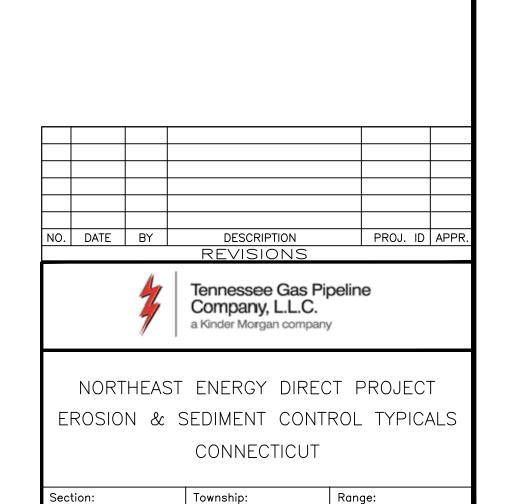












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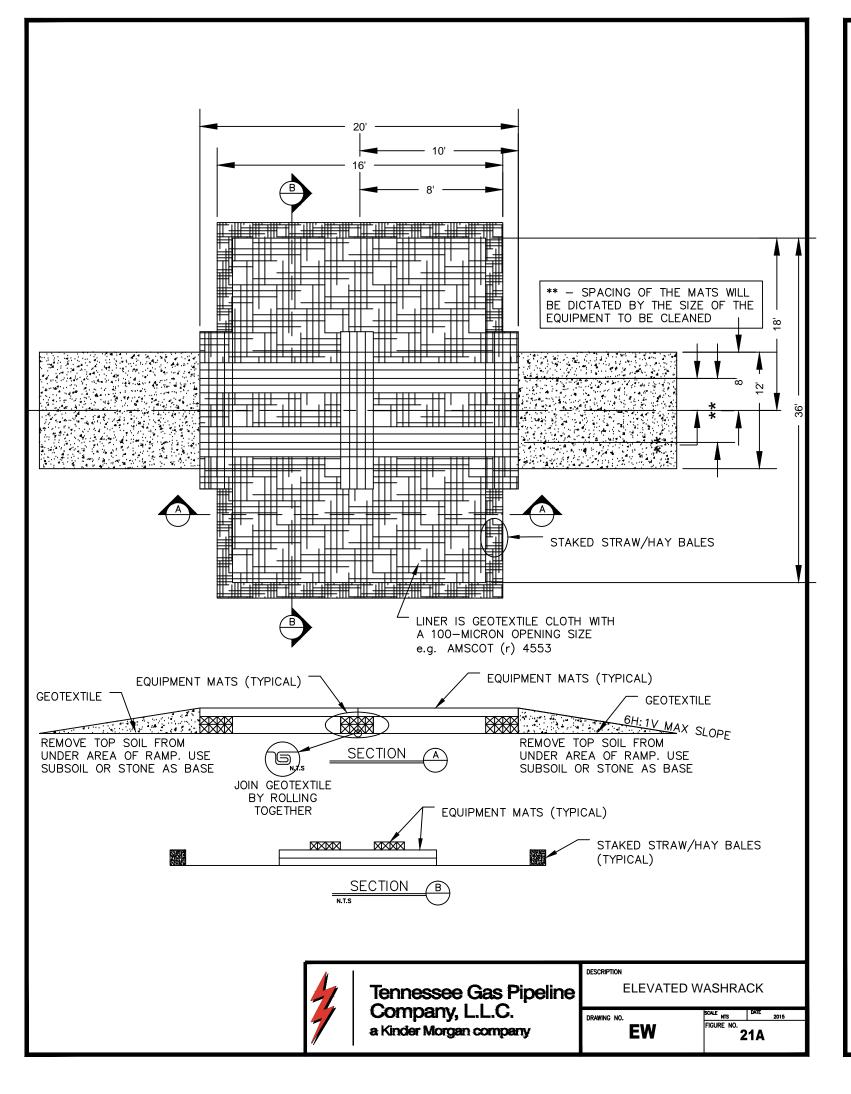
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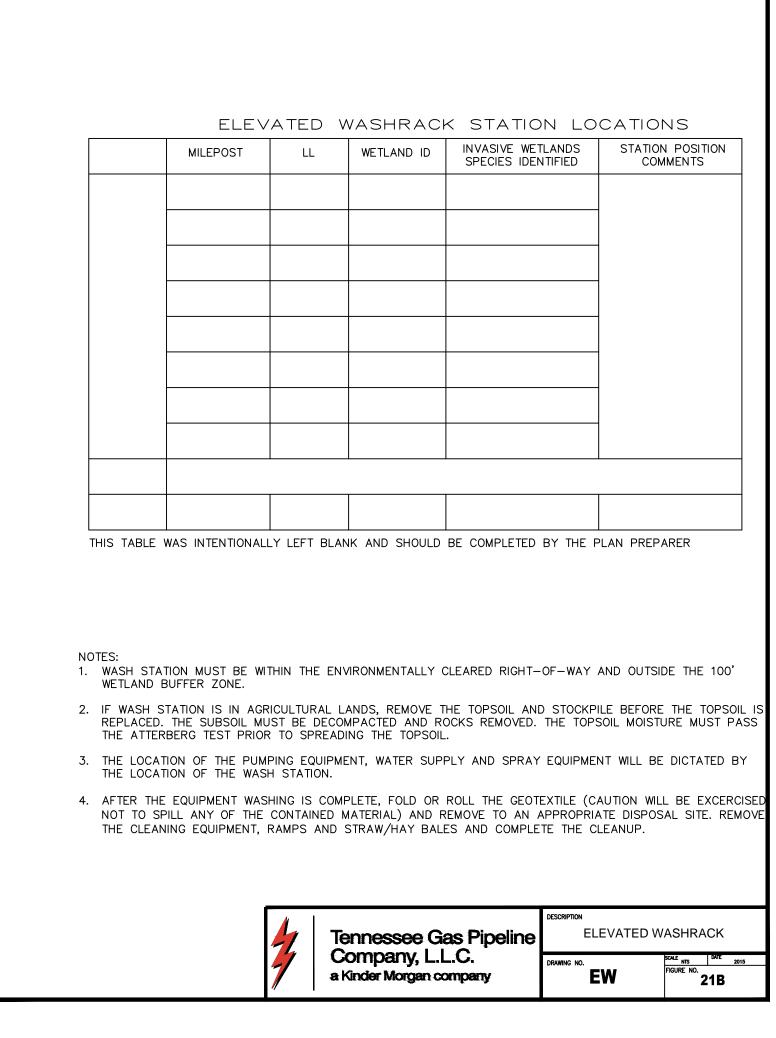
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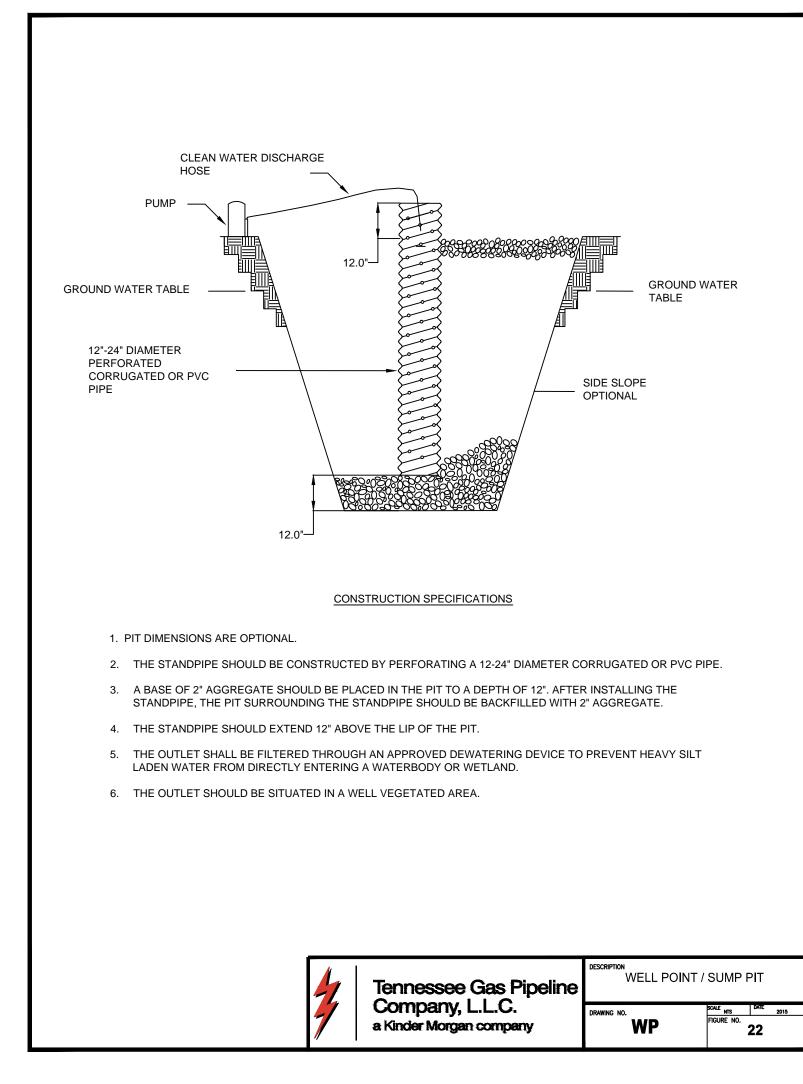
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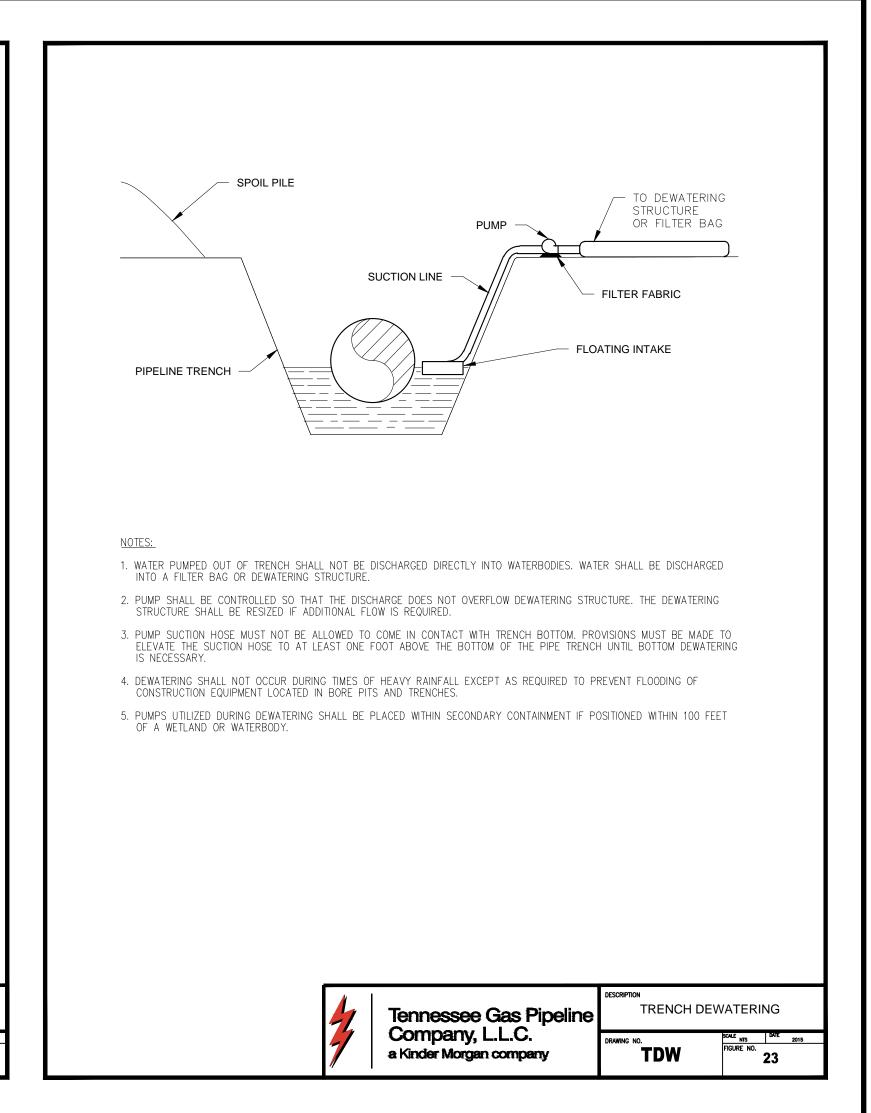
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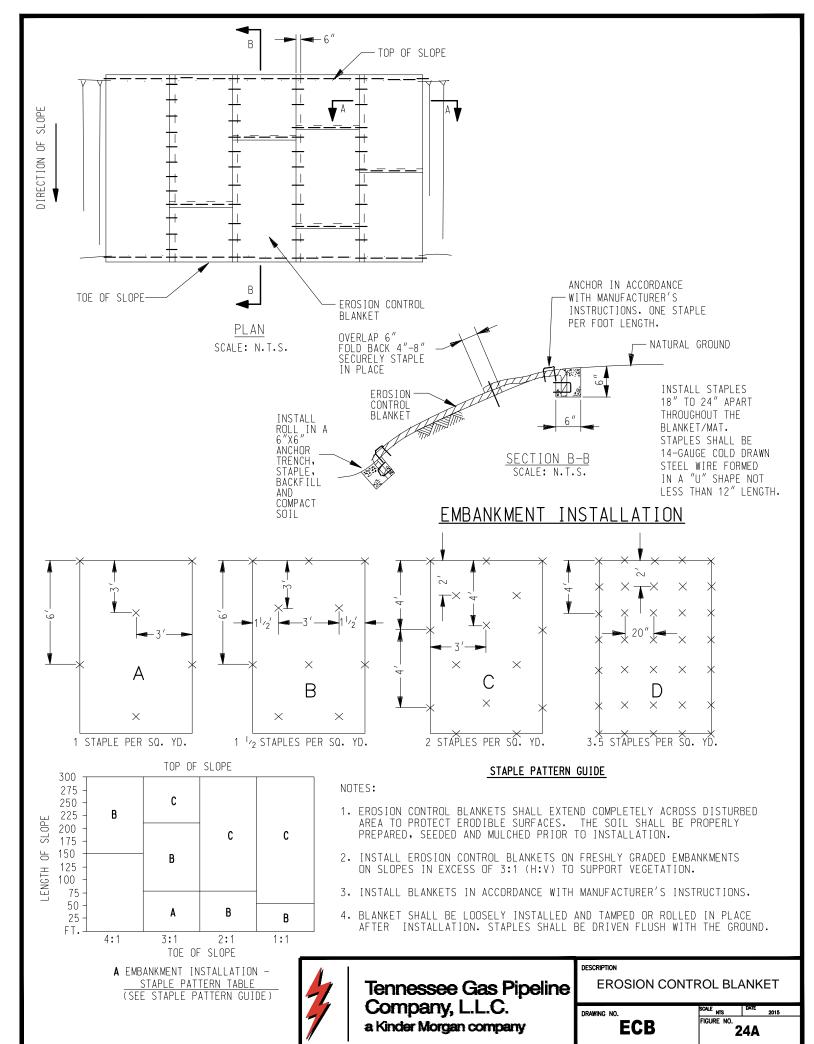
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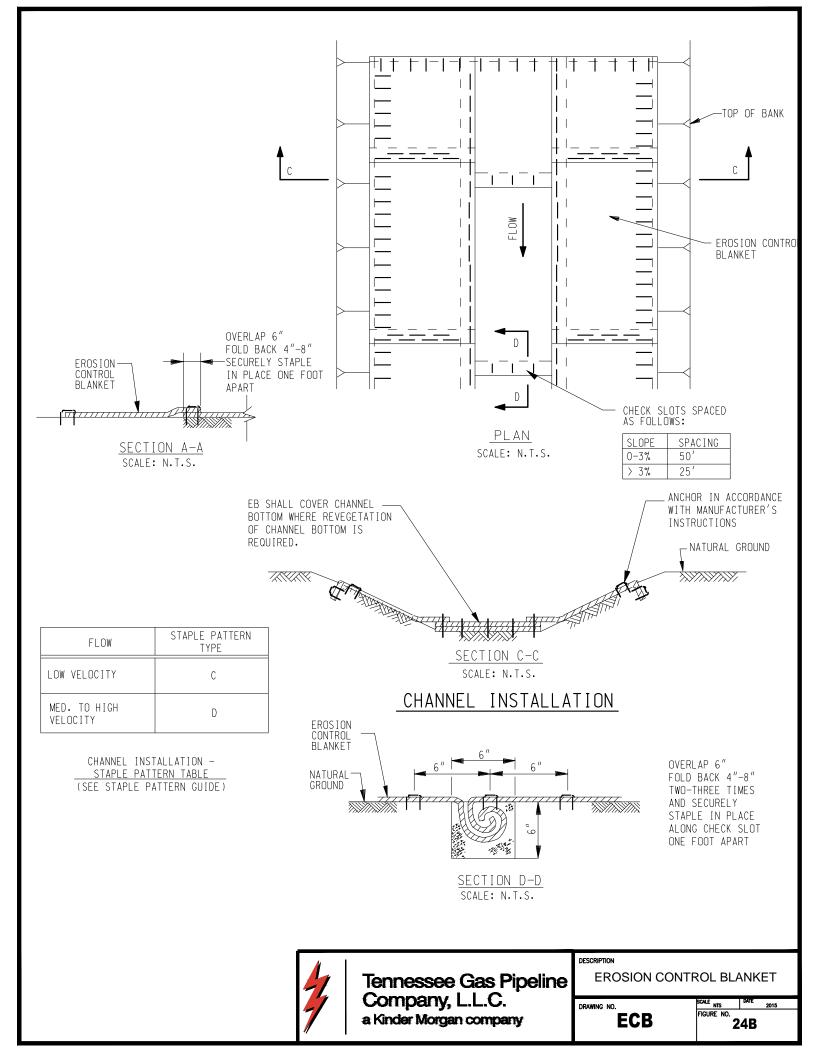


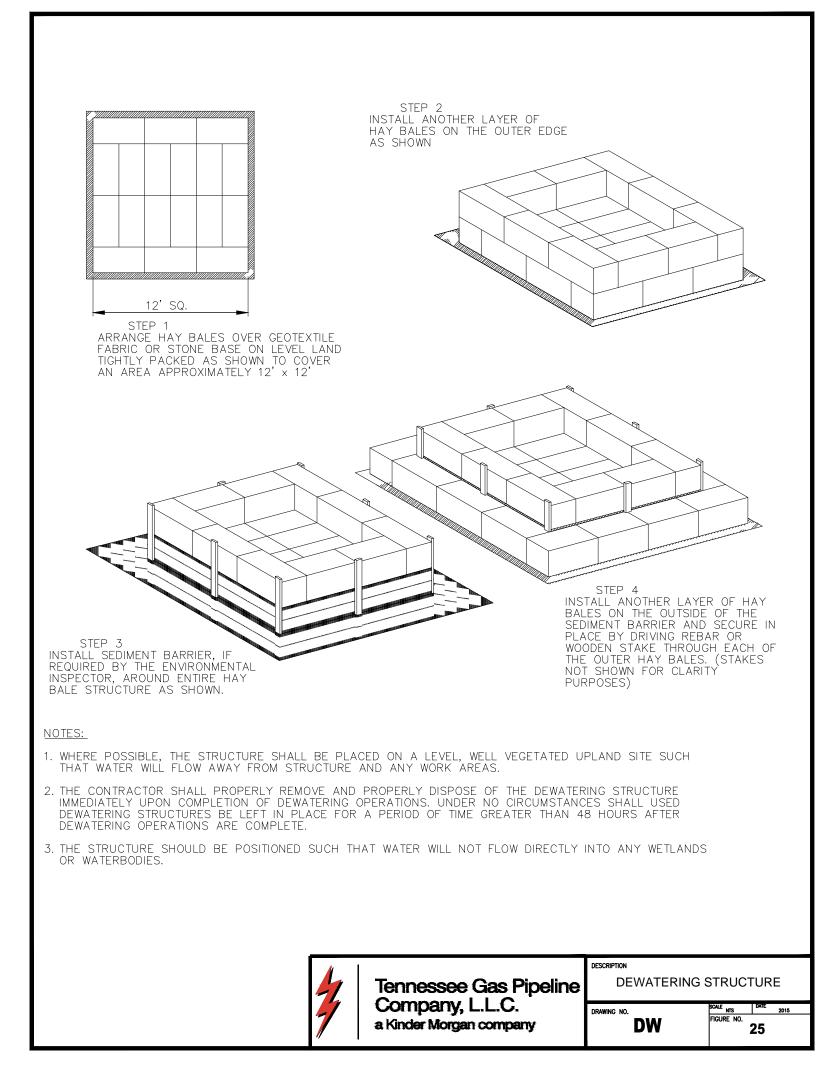


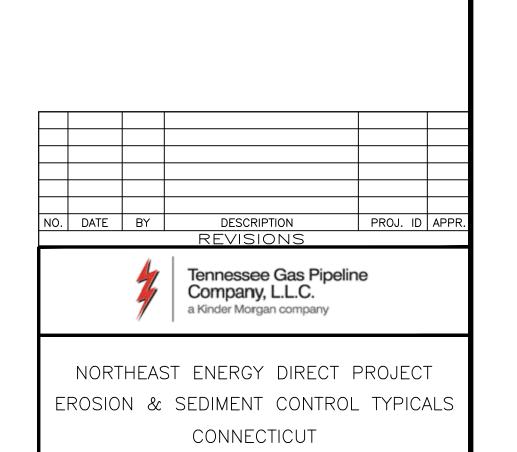




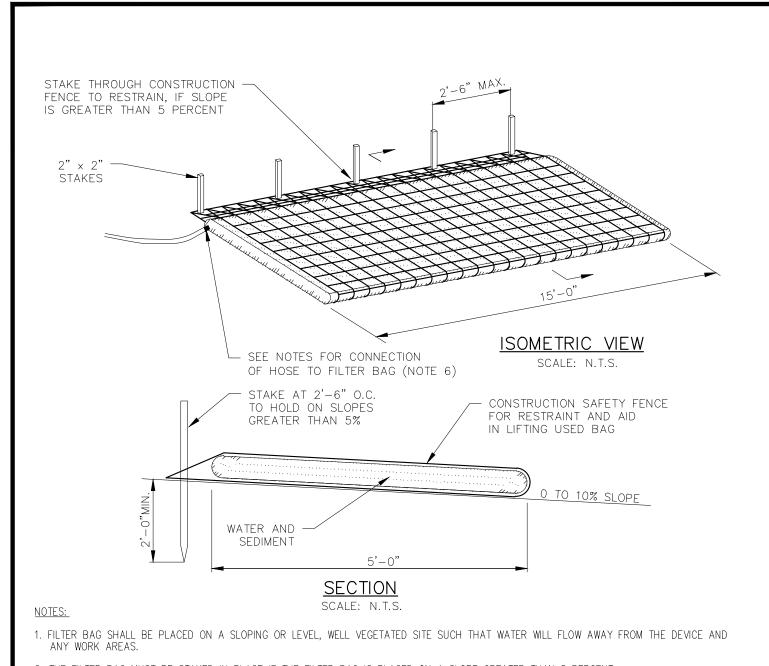




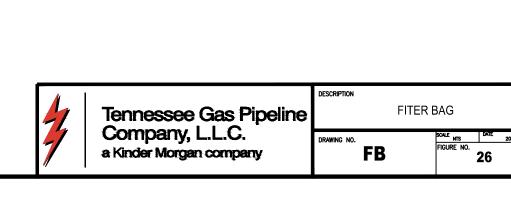


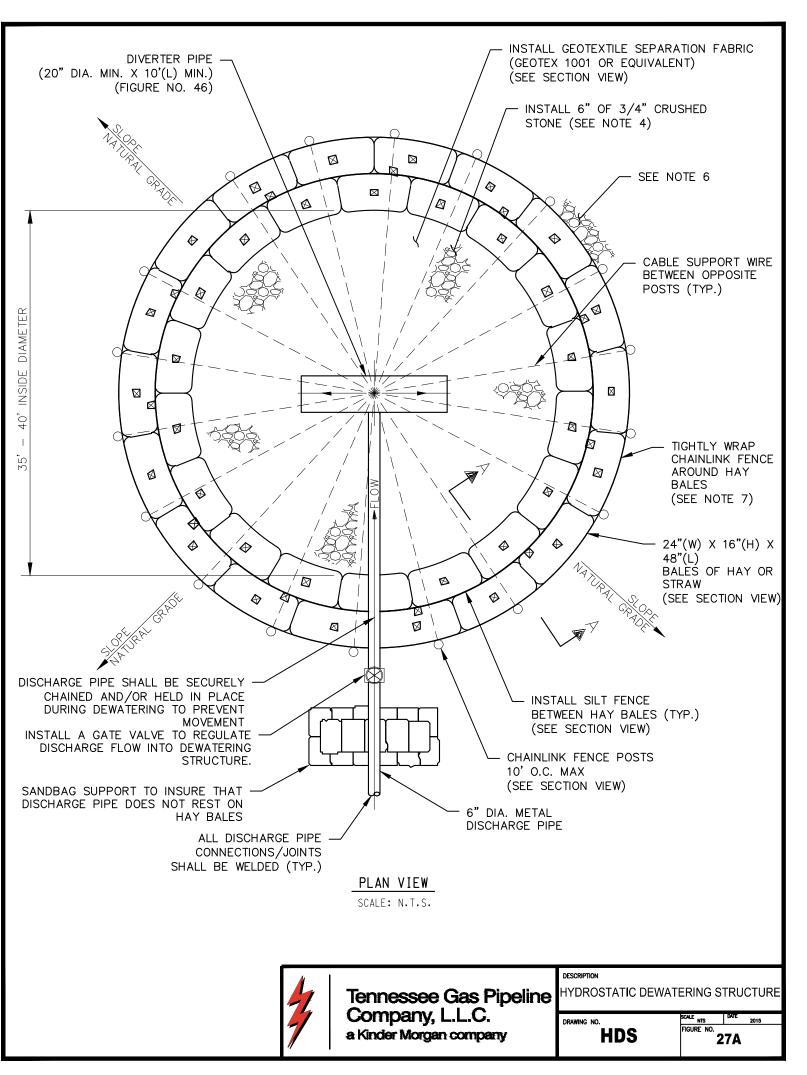


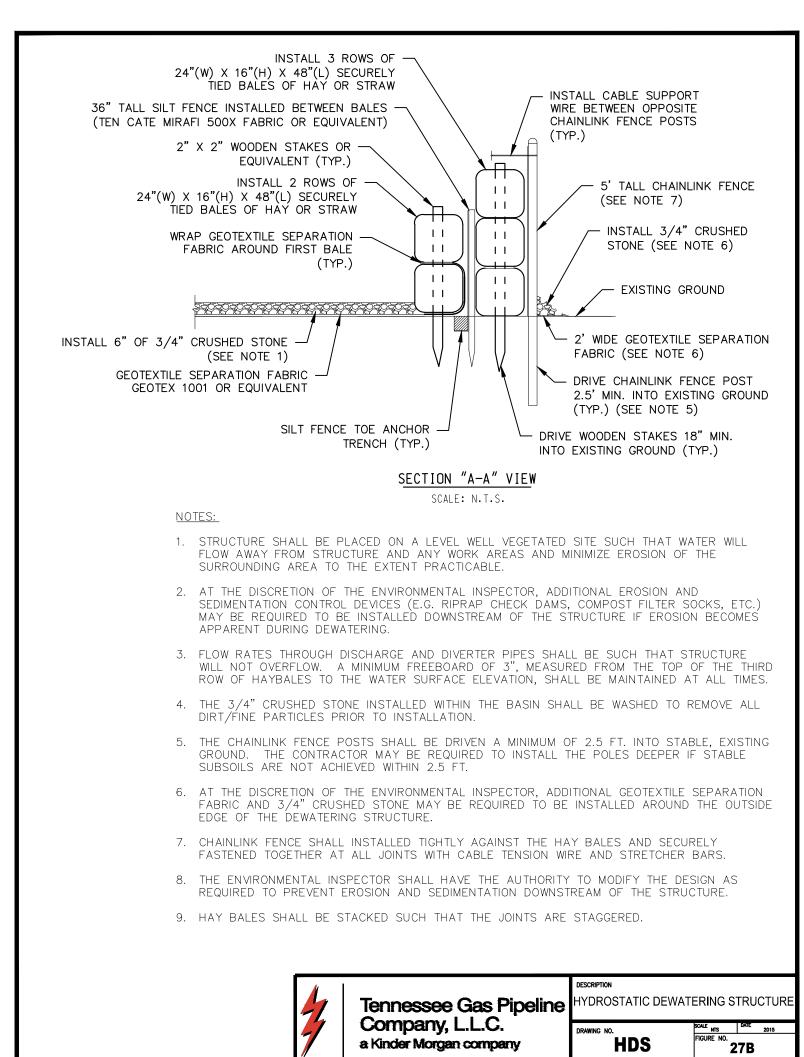
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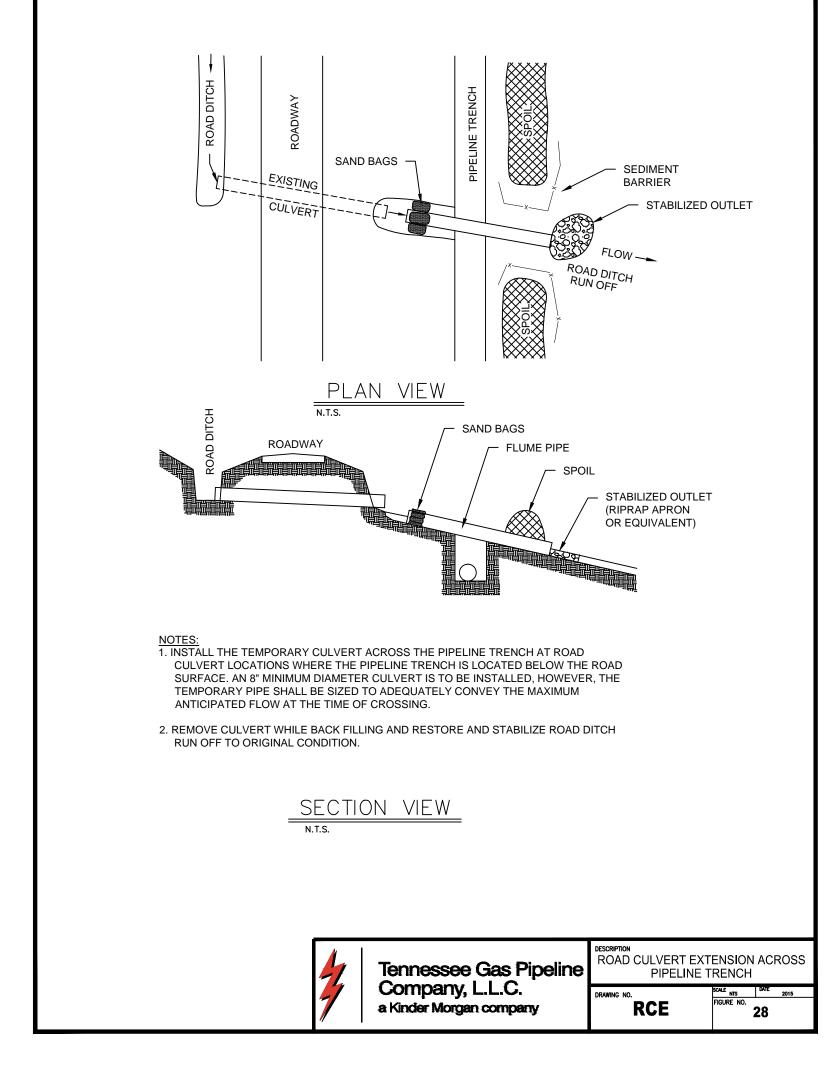


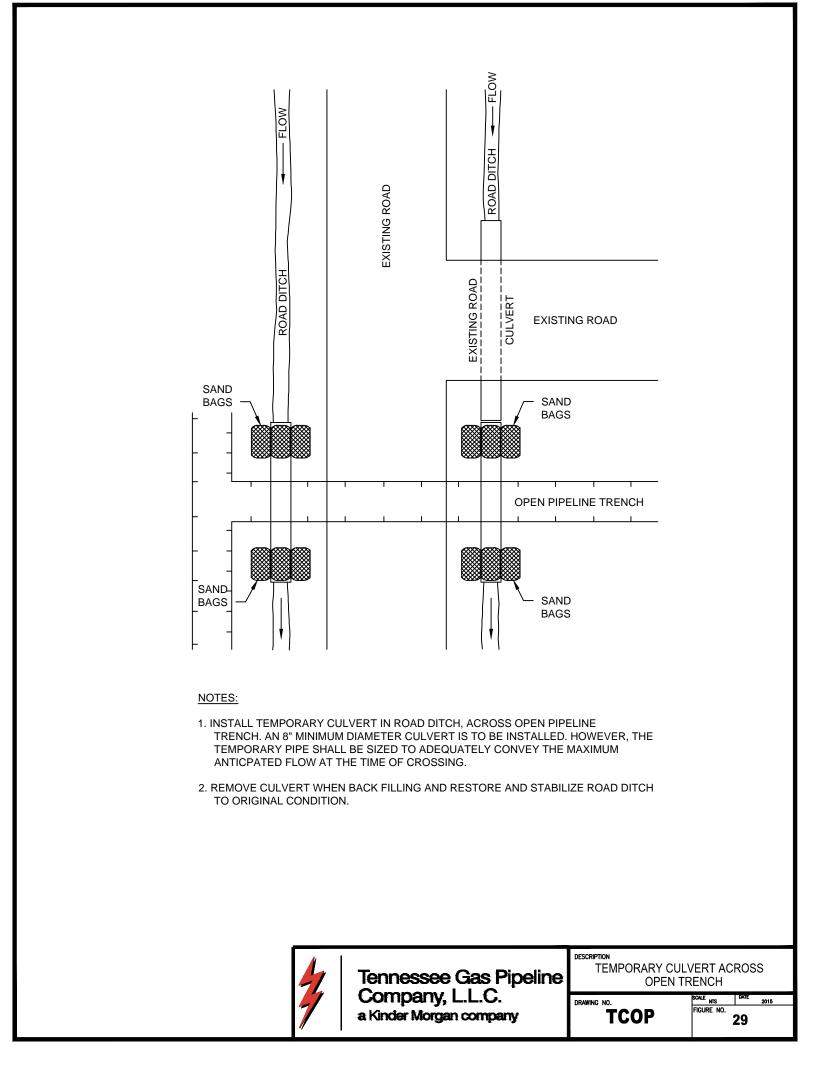
- 2. THE FILTER BAG MUST BE STAKED IN PLACE IF THE FILTER BAG IS PLACED ON A SLOPE GREATER THAN 5 PERCENT.
- 3. THE FILTER BAG SHALL NOT BE USED FOR DISCHARGE FLOWS GREATER THAN 300 GPM OR AS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROPERLY REMOVE AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OF USED FILTER BAGS IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF DEWATERING OPERATIONS. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL USED FILTER BAGS BE LEFT IN PLACE FOR A PERIOD OF TIME GREATER THAN 48 HOURS AFTER DEWATERING OPERATIONS ARE COMPLETE.
- 5. SEDIMENT FROM BAG, AT THE DISCRETION OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR, MAY BE SPREAD IN UPLAND AREAS WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION CORRIDOR AND THE AREA SHALL BE STABILIZED AND REVEGETATED.
- 6. TO ATTACH HOSE, CUT OPEN CORNER OF FILTER BAG, GATHER UP MATERIAL AND CLAMP TO A SHORT SECTION OF STEEL PIPE. CLAMP HOSE TO OTHER END OF PIPE. BOTH CONNECTIONS SHALL BE WATERTIGHT. 7. CONTRACTOR SHALL ONLY INSTALL ONE DEWATERING HOSE PER FILTER BAG.

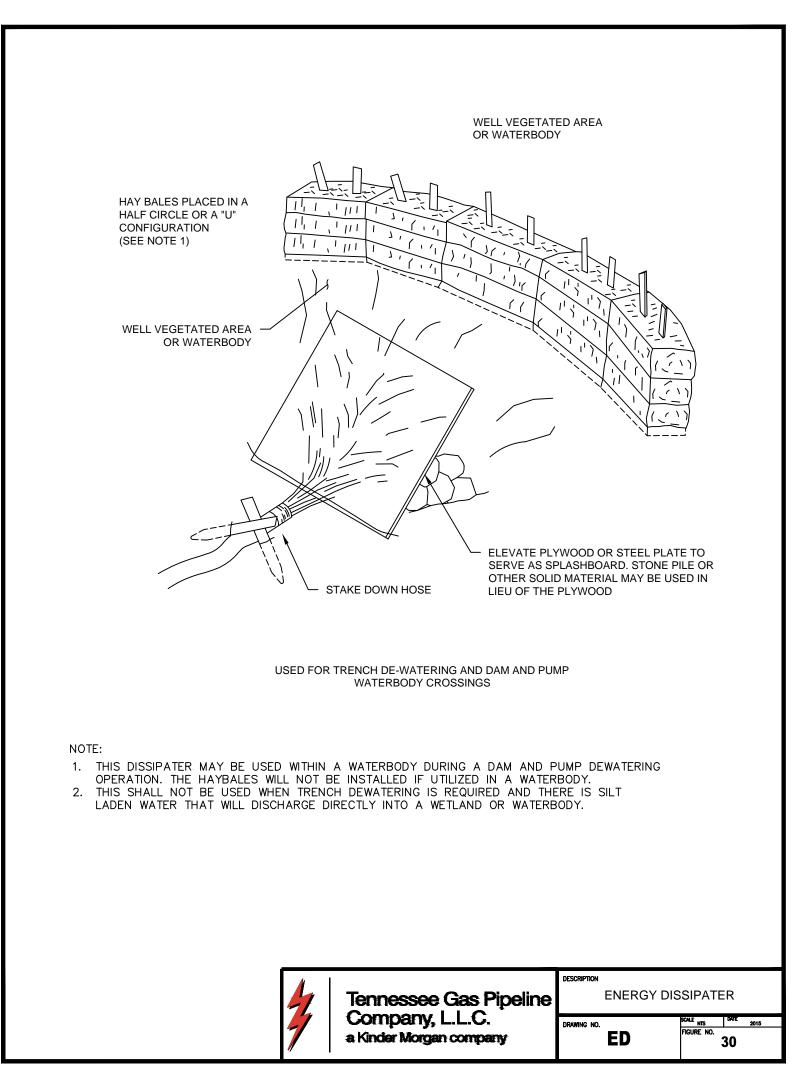


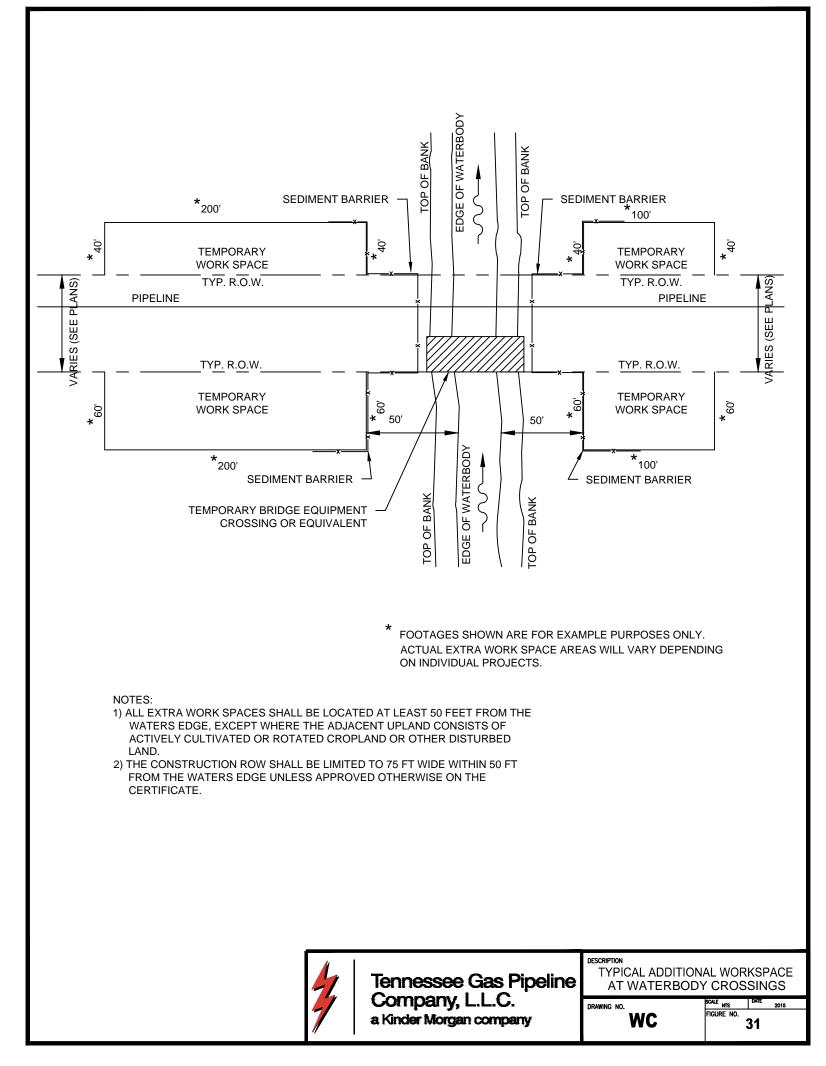


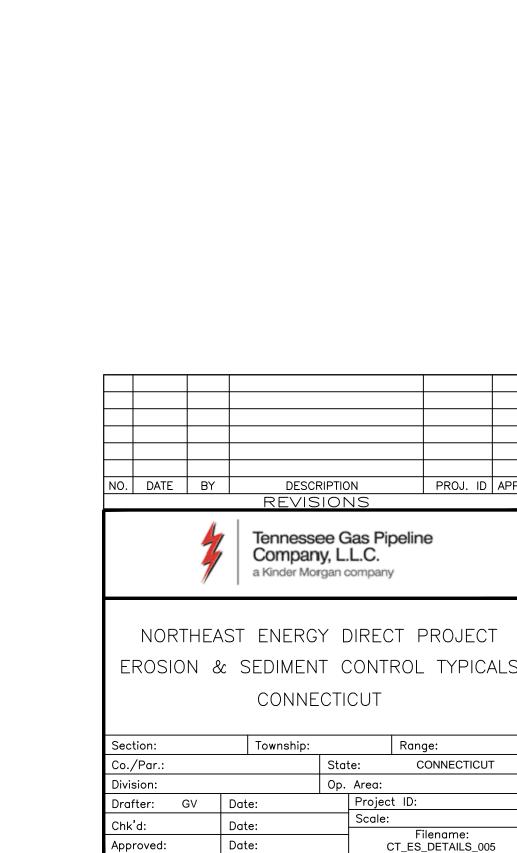








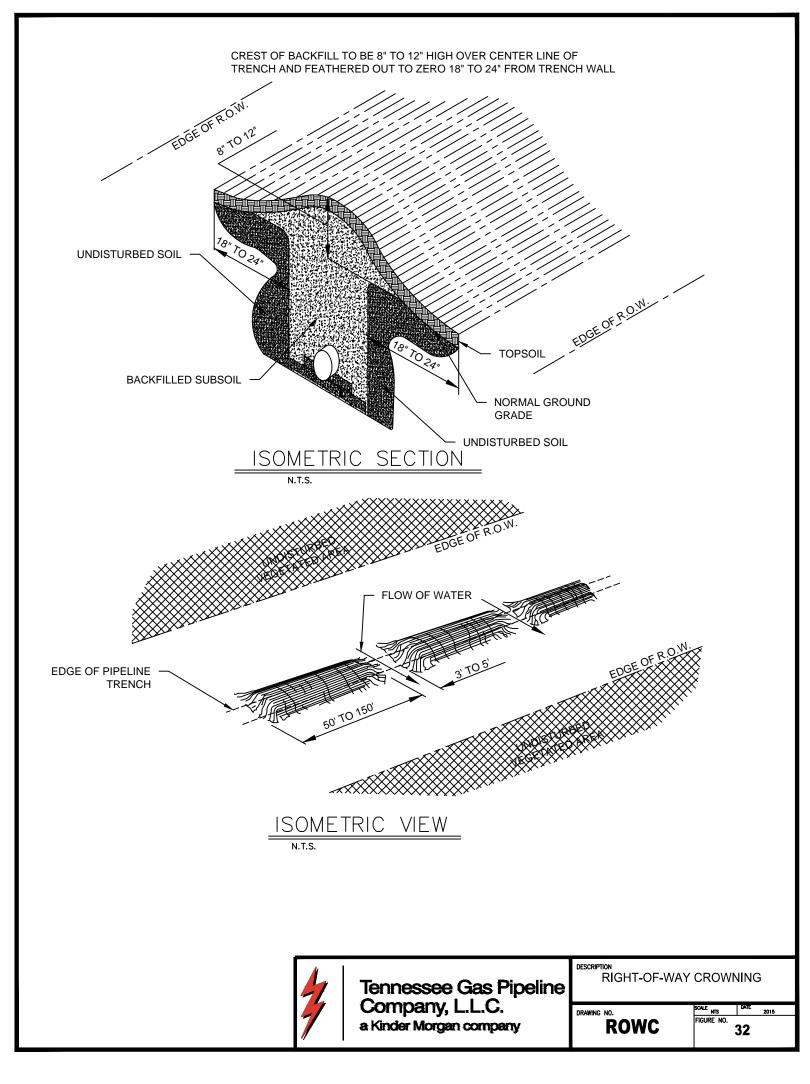


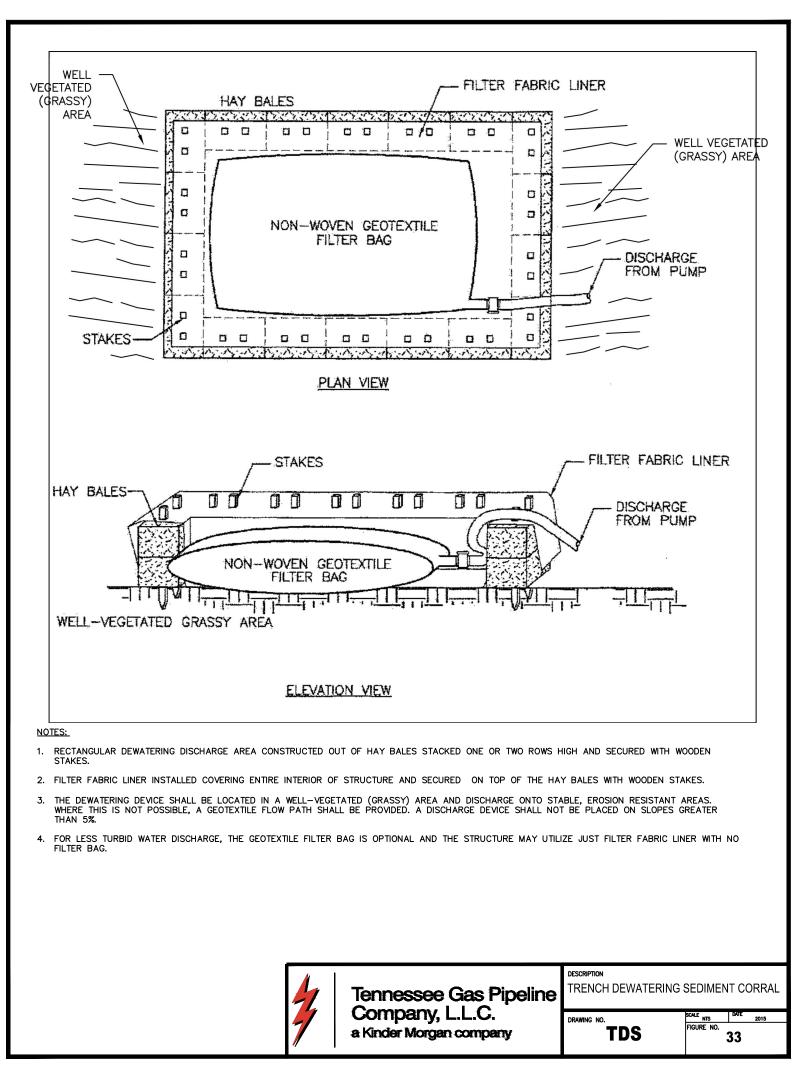


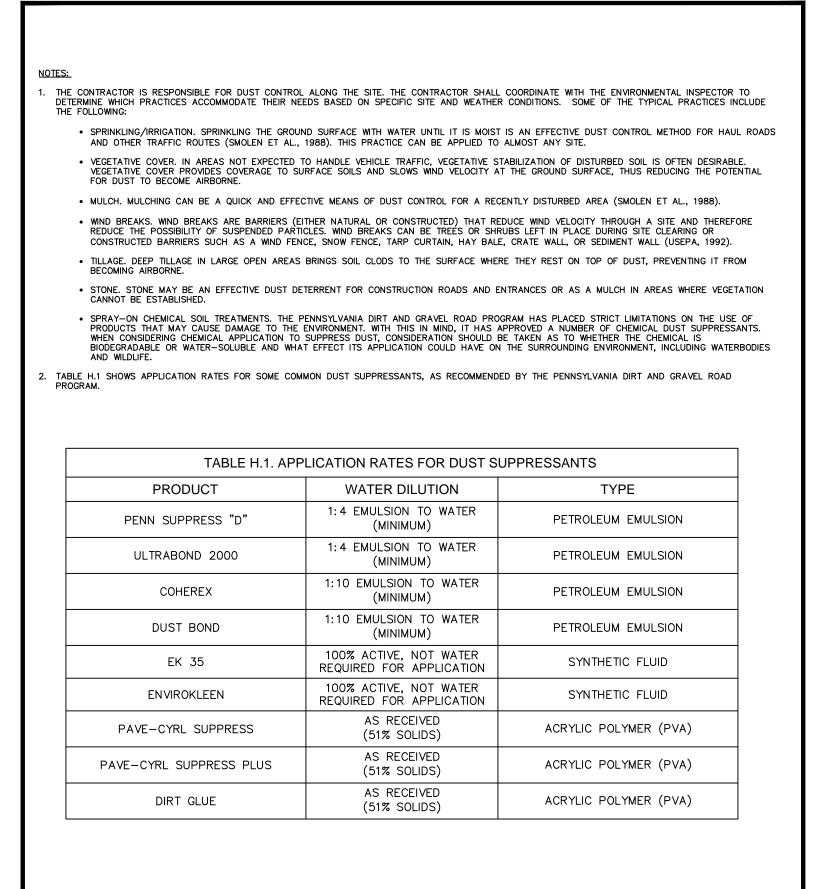
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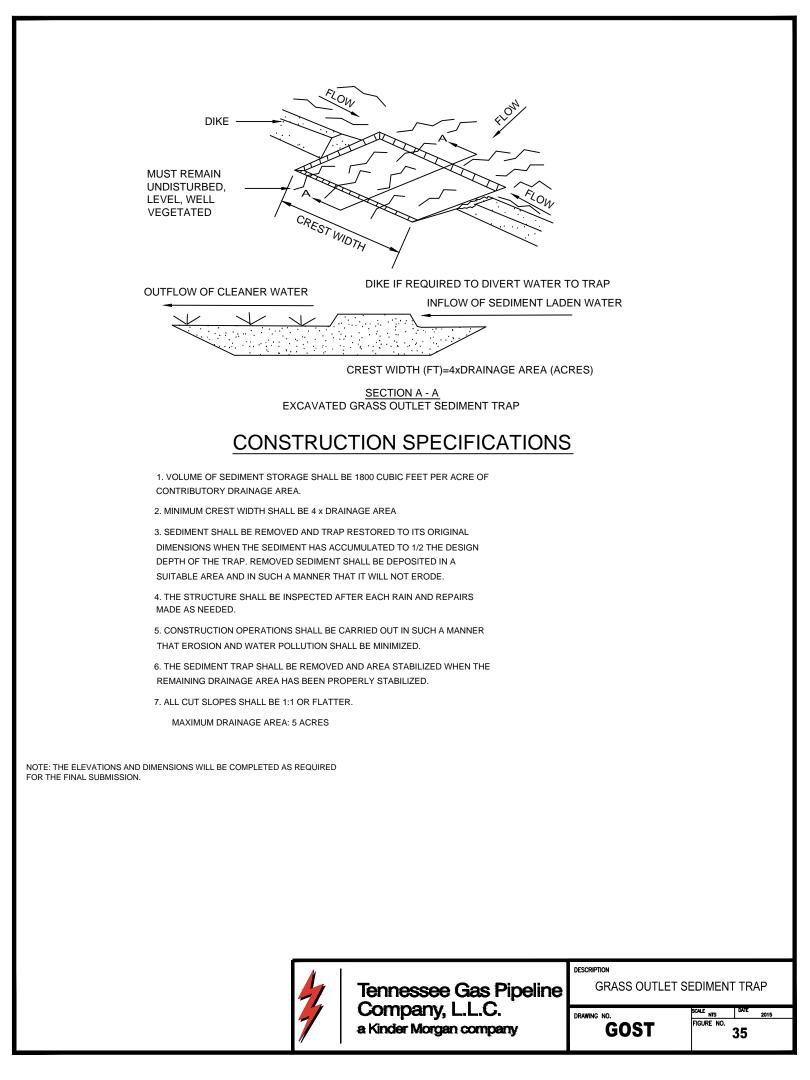


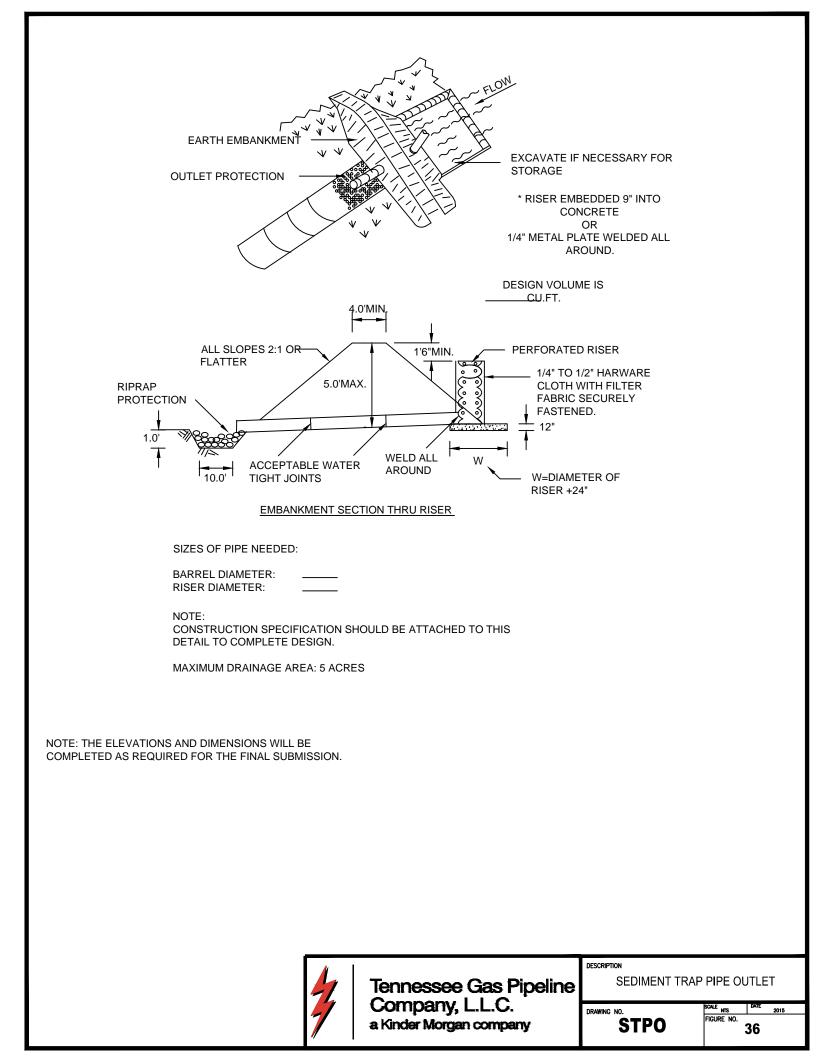
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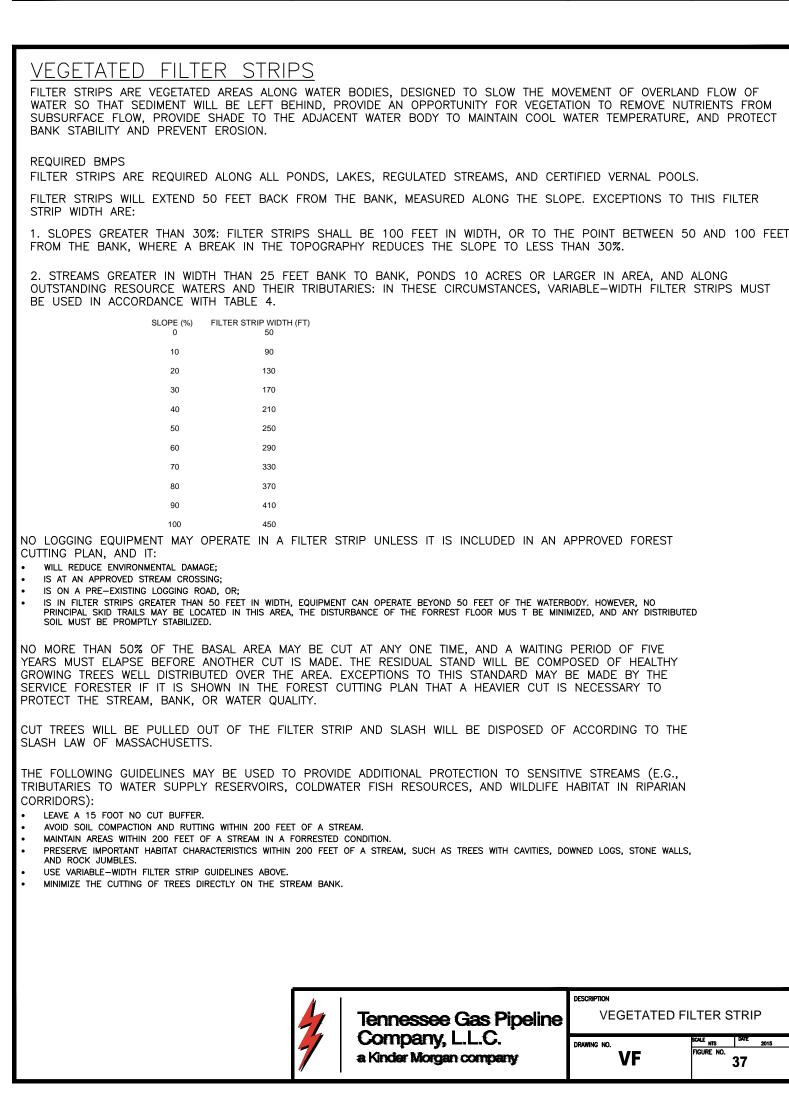
Company, L.L.C.

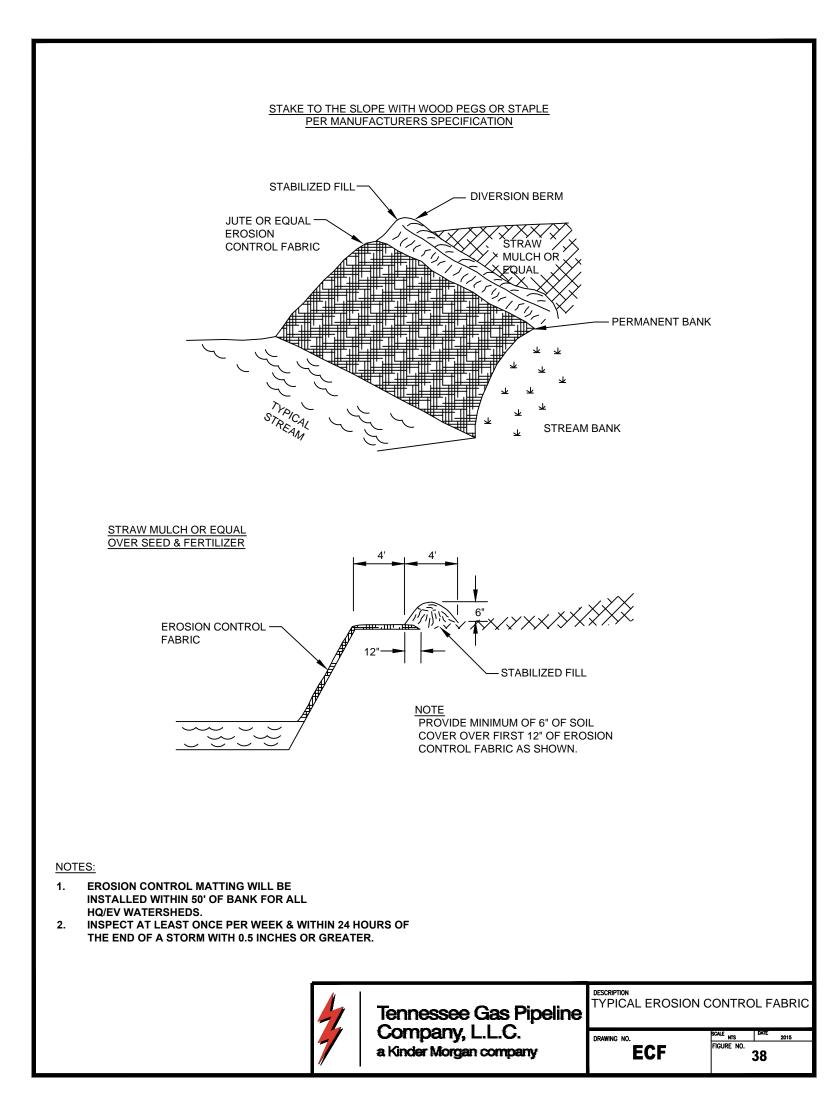
a Kinder Morgan company

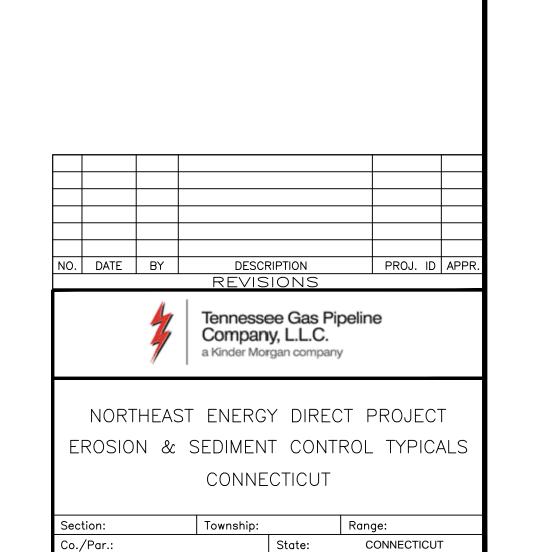
DUST CONTROL











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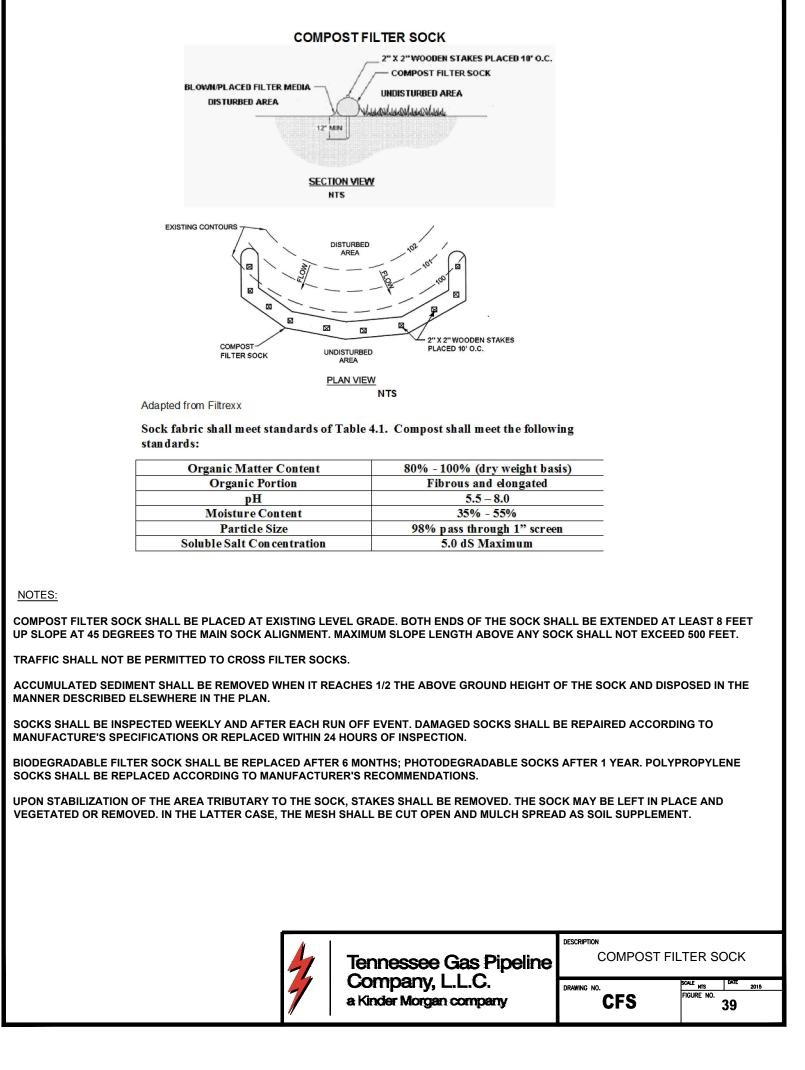
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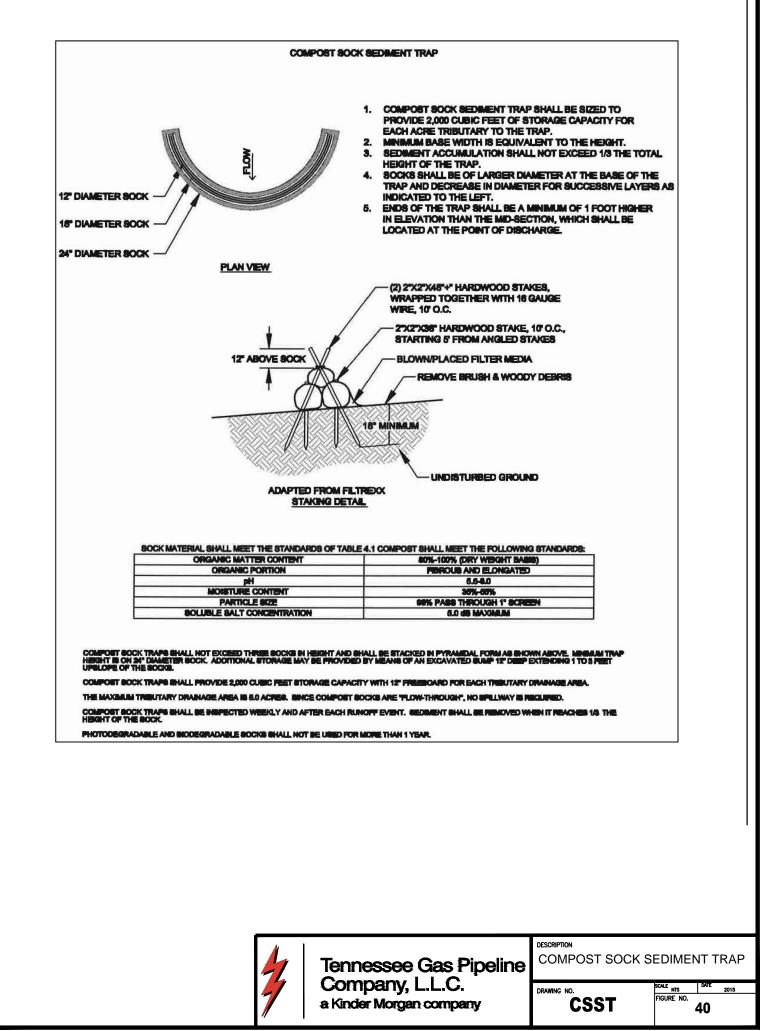
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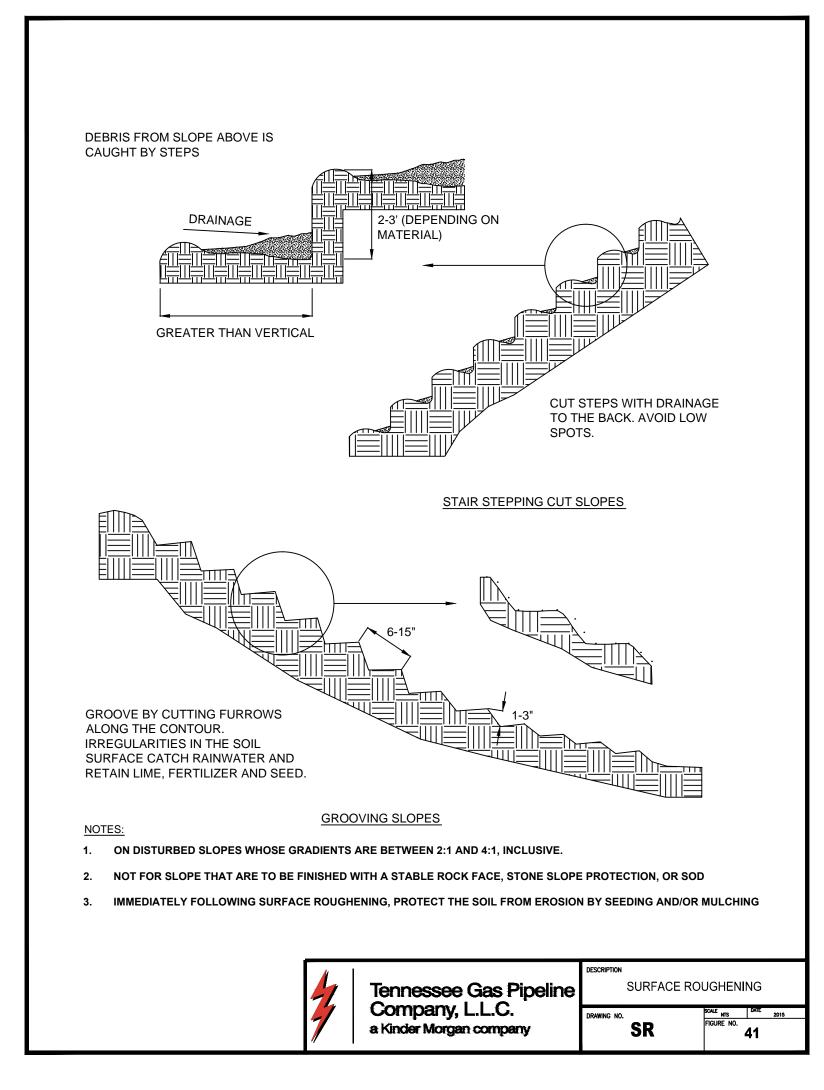
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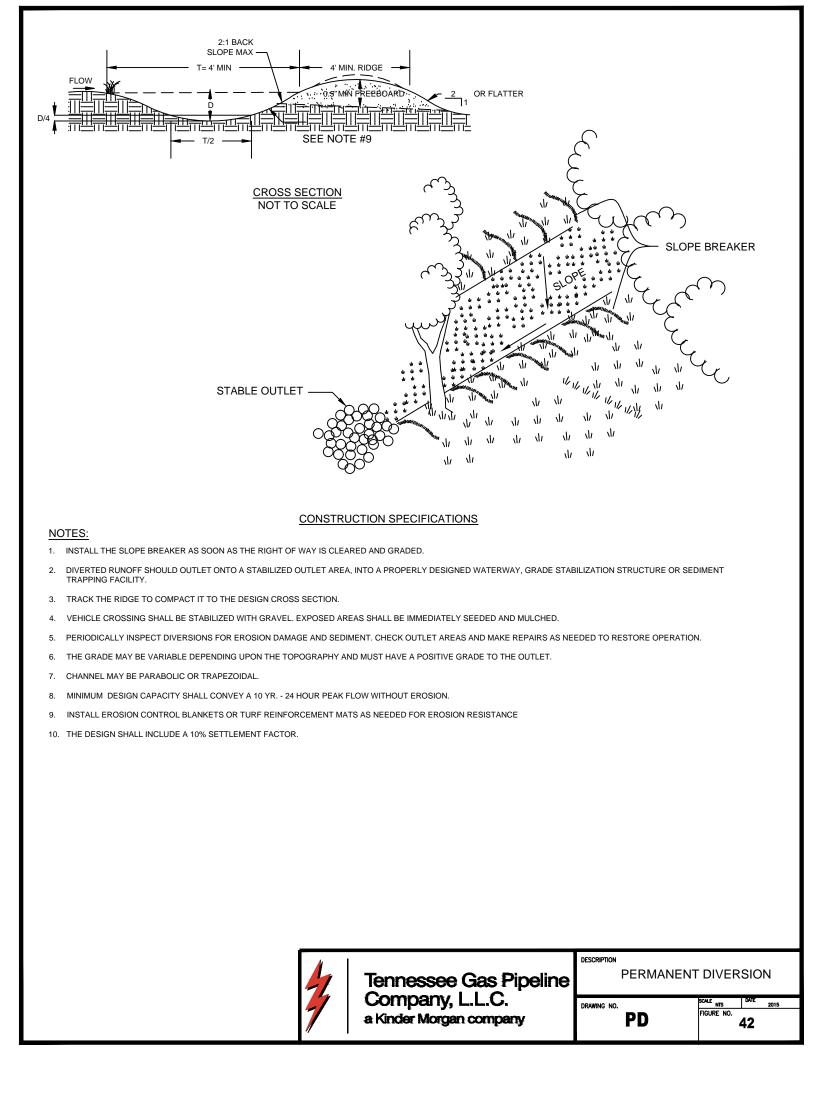
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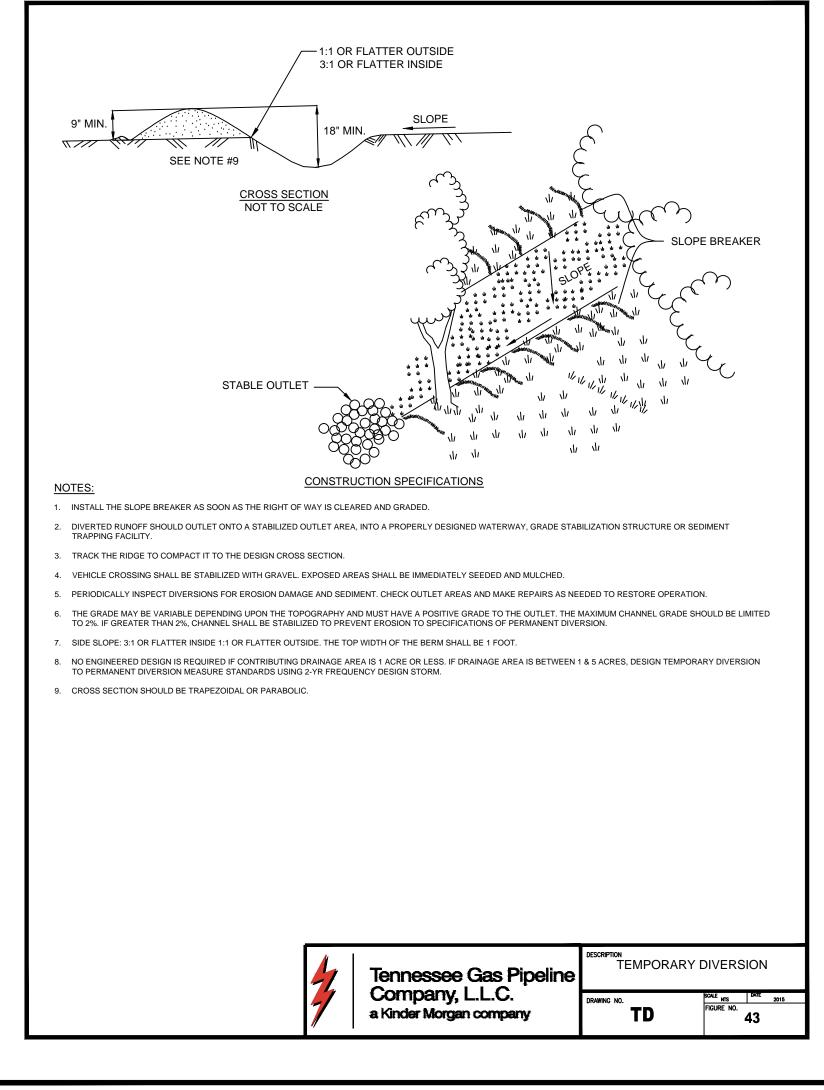
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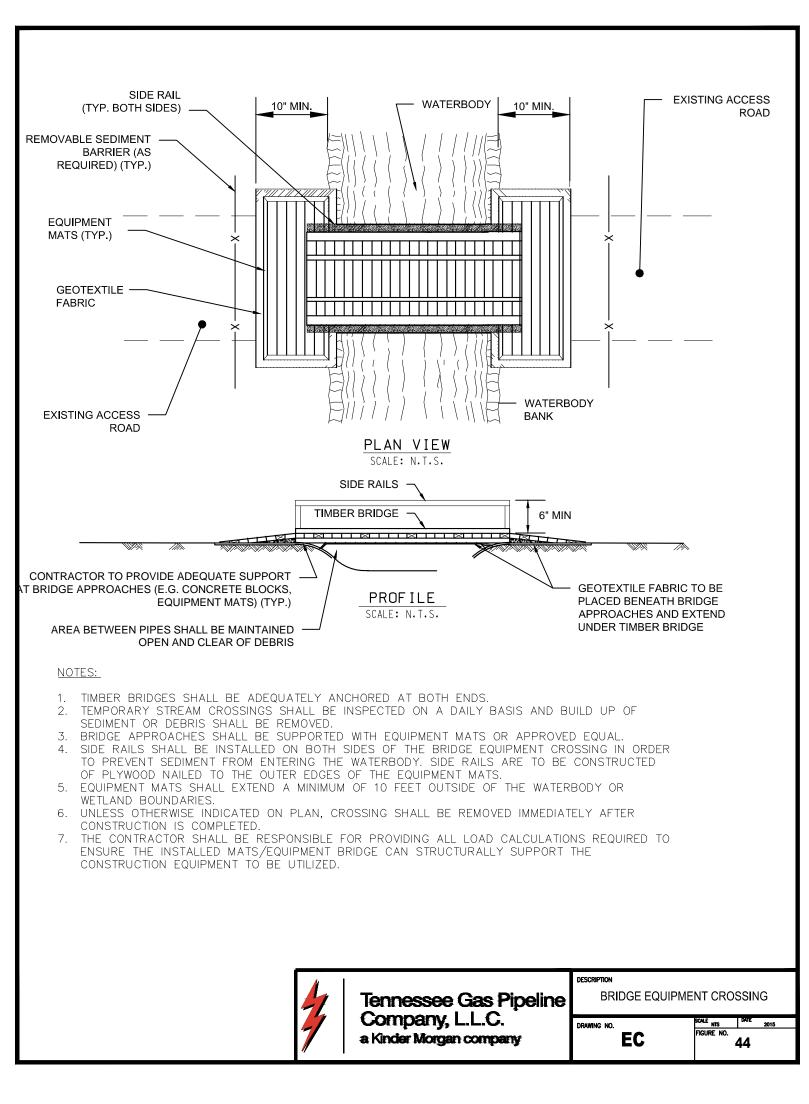


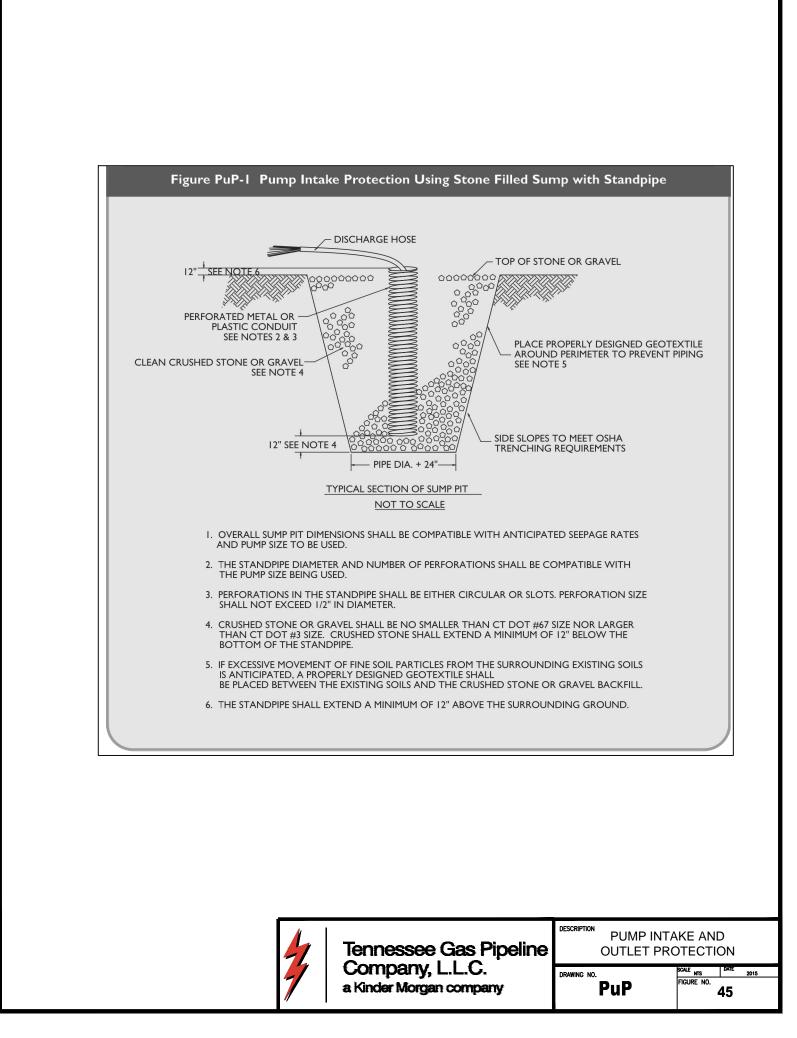


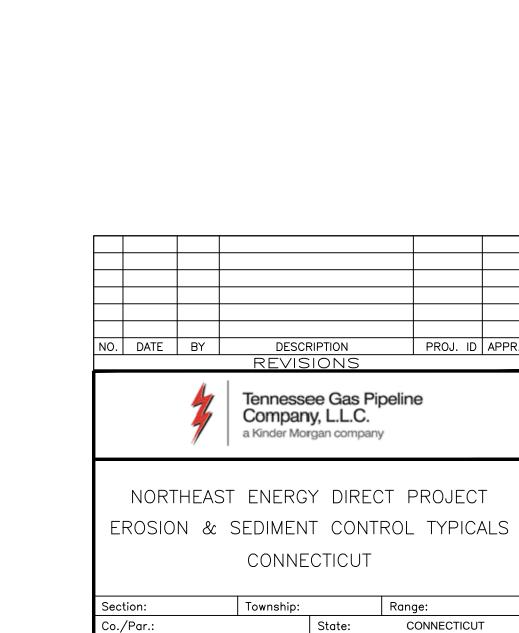












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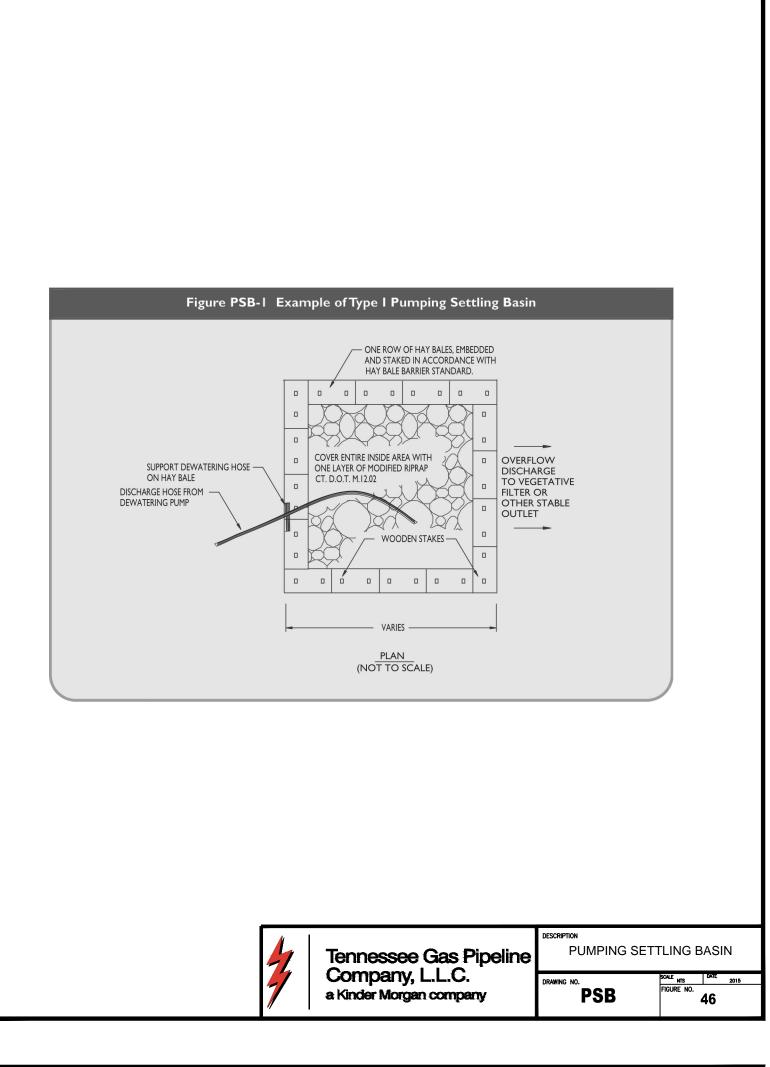
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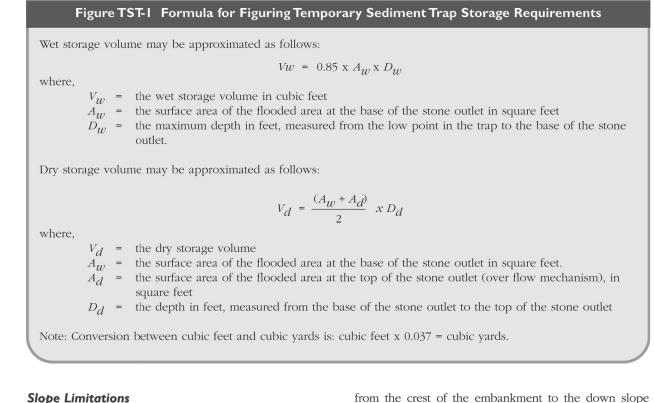
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Slope Limitations All cut and fill slopes shall be 2:1 or flatter except for the excavated wet storage area where slopes shall not

exceed 1.5:1. The maximum depth of excavation within the wet storage area should not exceed 3 feet to facilitate clean-out and for site safety considerations.

Inlet / Outlet Configuration The outlet shall be located at the most distant hydraulic point from the inlet. In cases where a long narrow site runs perpendicular to the direction of flow, baffles

consisting of stone dikes or other structurally sufficient barriers should be added along the long axis of the trap to increase travel distance through the trap (see Figure TST-3).

Outlet

Plan the outlet in such a manner that the minimum wet storage and dry storage volumes are created (see Trap Capacity section above) and 1 foot of free board between the top of the outlet and the crest of the embankment is established. The outlet consists of a pervious stone dike with a core of modified riprap and faced on the upstream side with DOT #3 stone. Temporary sediment traps must outlet onto stabilized (preferably undisturbed) ground, into a watercourse, stabilized channel, or into a storm drain system. Figure TST-4 shows an example of an outlet for a temporary sediment trap.

Embankment The maximum height of a temporary sediment trap embankment is limited to 5 feet as measured vertically base of the embankment or toe of the stone dike, whichever is lower. Minimum top widths (W) and outlet heights (Ho) for various embankment heights (H) are shown in Figure TST-2. Side slopes of the embankment shall be 2:1 or flatter.

Modified Riprap: shall meet the requirements of DOT Standard Specifications Section M.12.02.

DOT #3 Stone: shall meet the requirements of DOT Standard Specifications Section M.01.01 for #3 Aggregate.

Clear, grub and strip any vegetation and root mat from any proposed embankment and outlet area. Remove stones and rocks whose diameter is greater than 3 inches and other debris.

Excavate wet storage and construct the embankment and/or outlet as needed to attain the necessary storage requirements. Use only fill material for the embankment that is free from excessive organics, debris, large rocks (over 6 inches) or other unsuitable materials. Compact the embankment in 9-inch layers by traversing with equipment while it is being constructed. Stabilize the earthen embankment using any of the

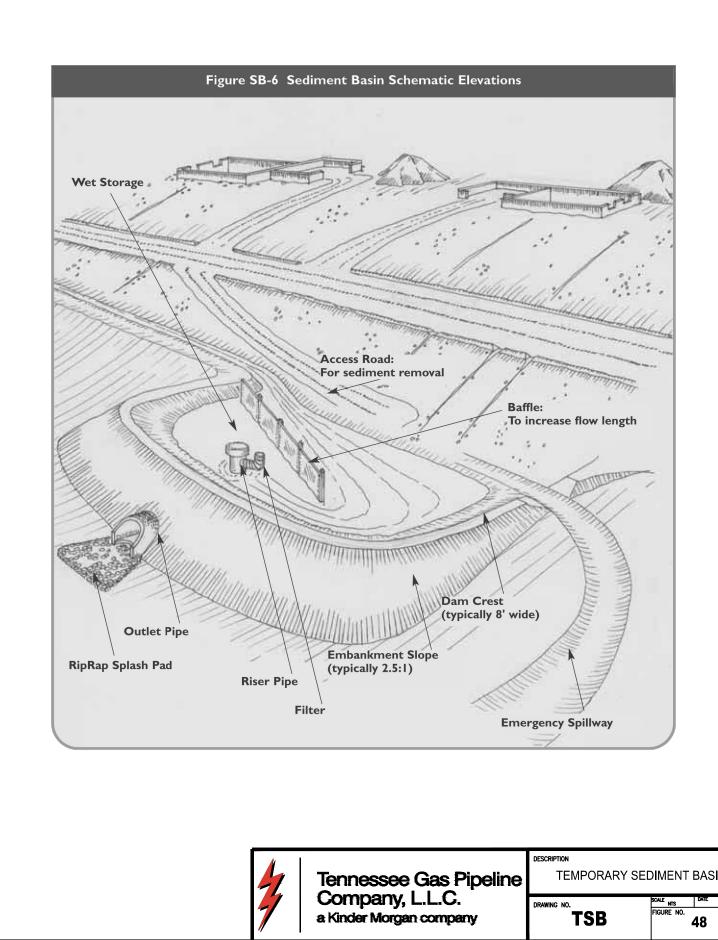
following measures: Temporary Seeding, Permanent Seeding, or Stone Slope Protection immediately after installation.

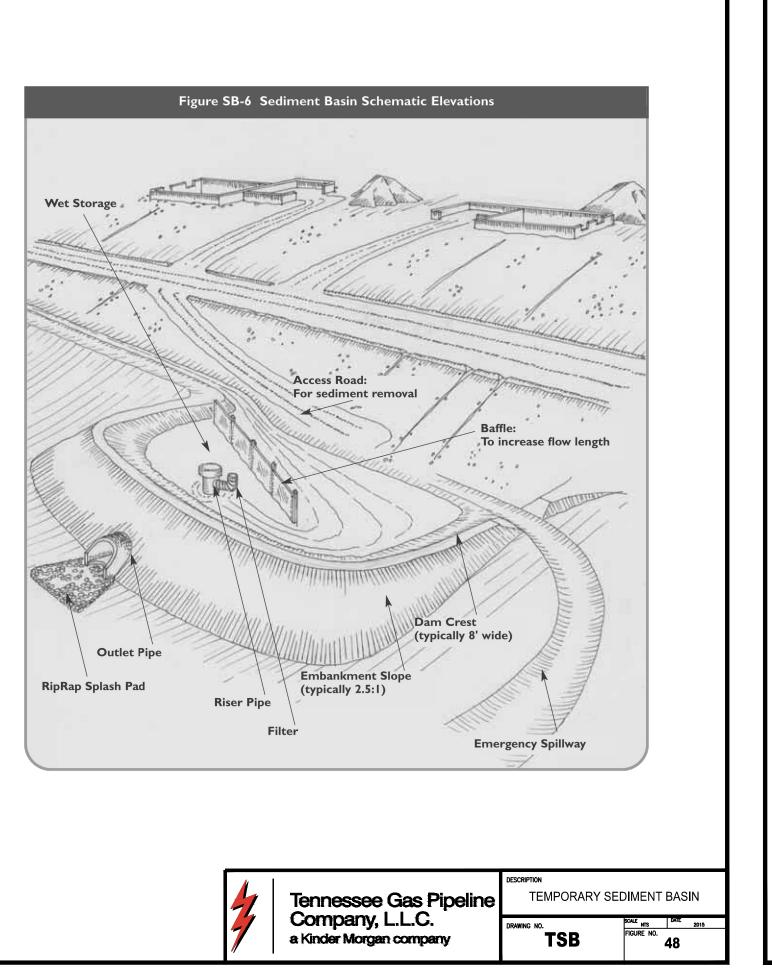
Carry out construction operations in such a manner that erosion and water pollution are minimized.

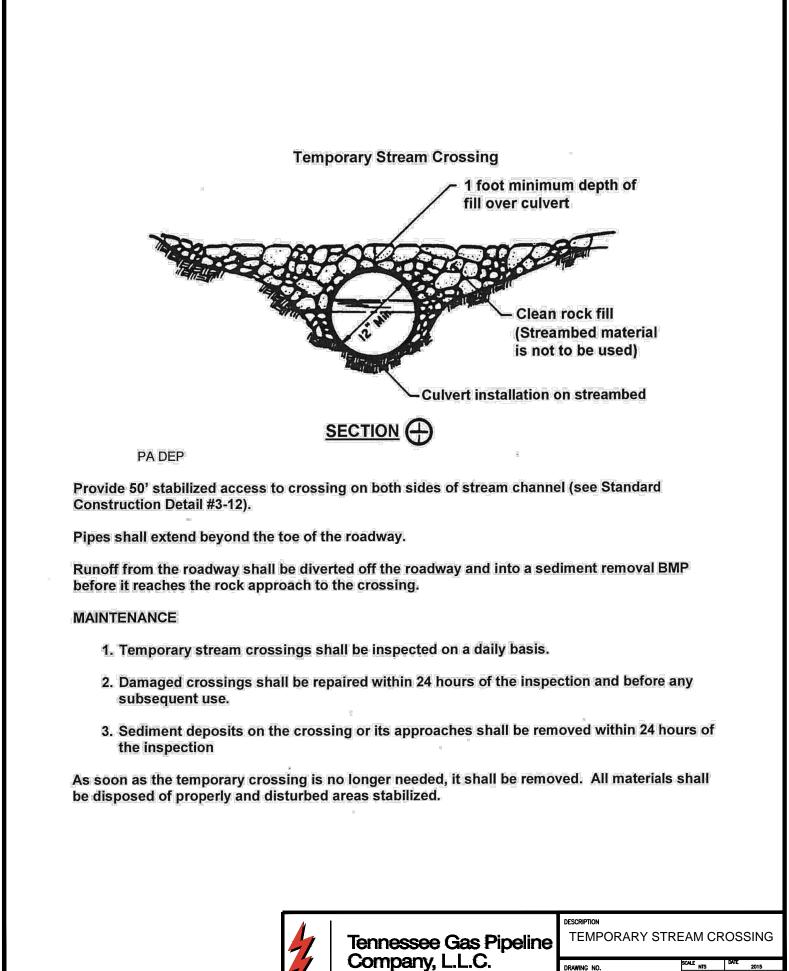




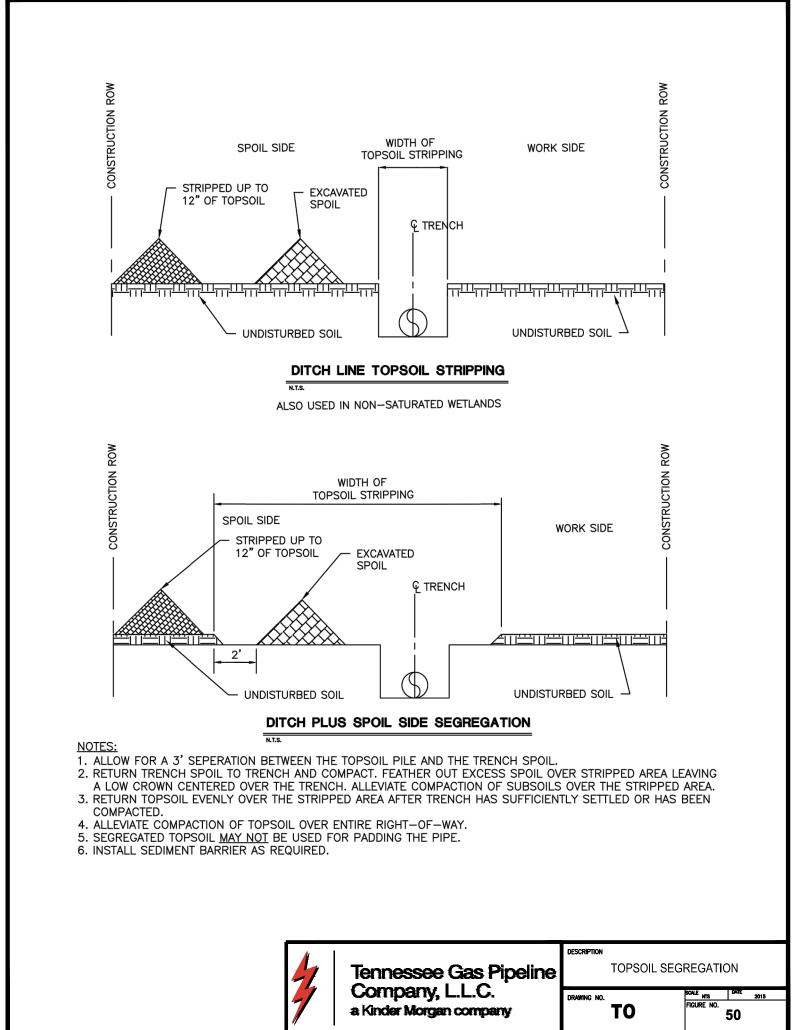
TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP

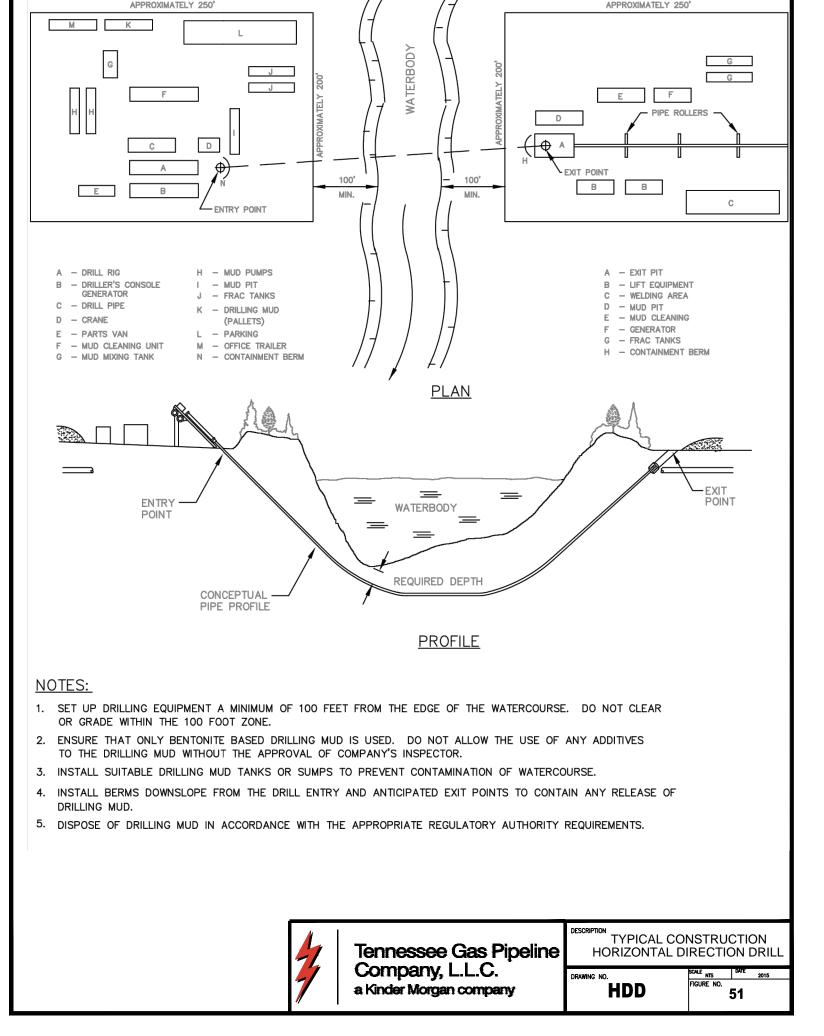


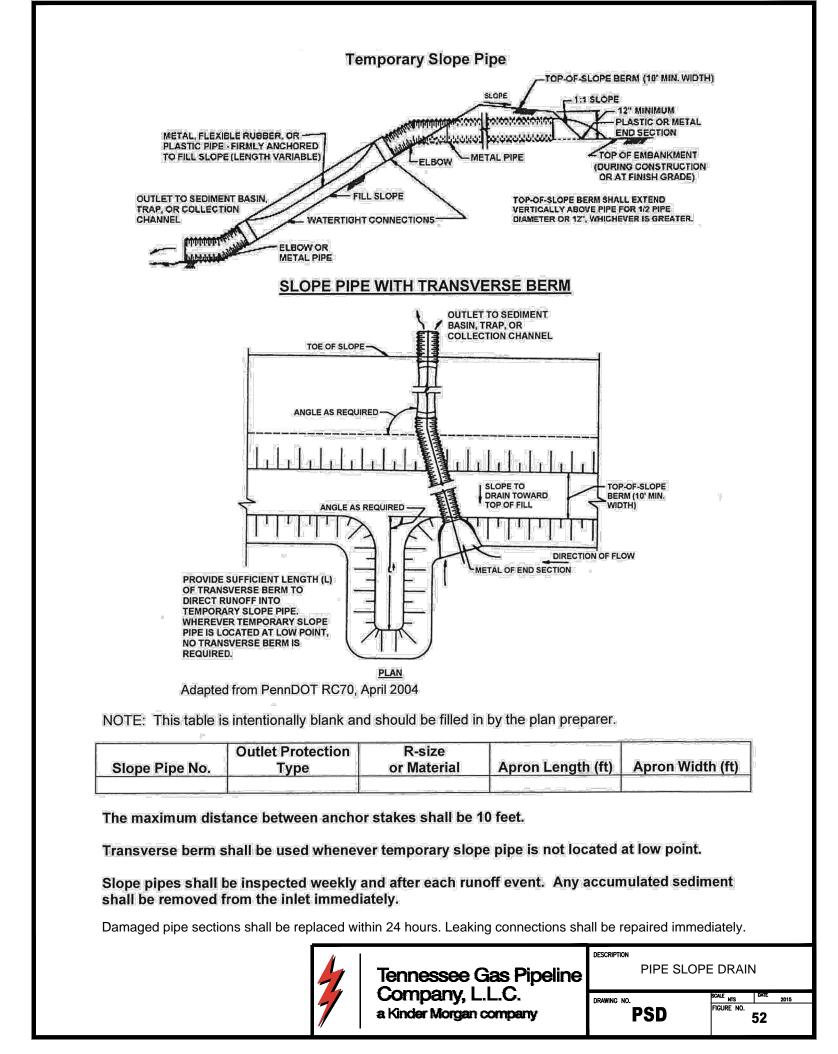


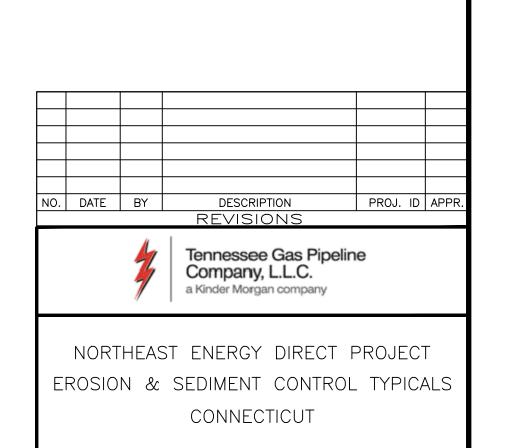


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Op. Area

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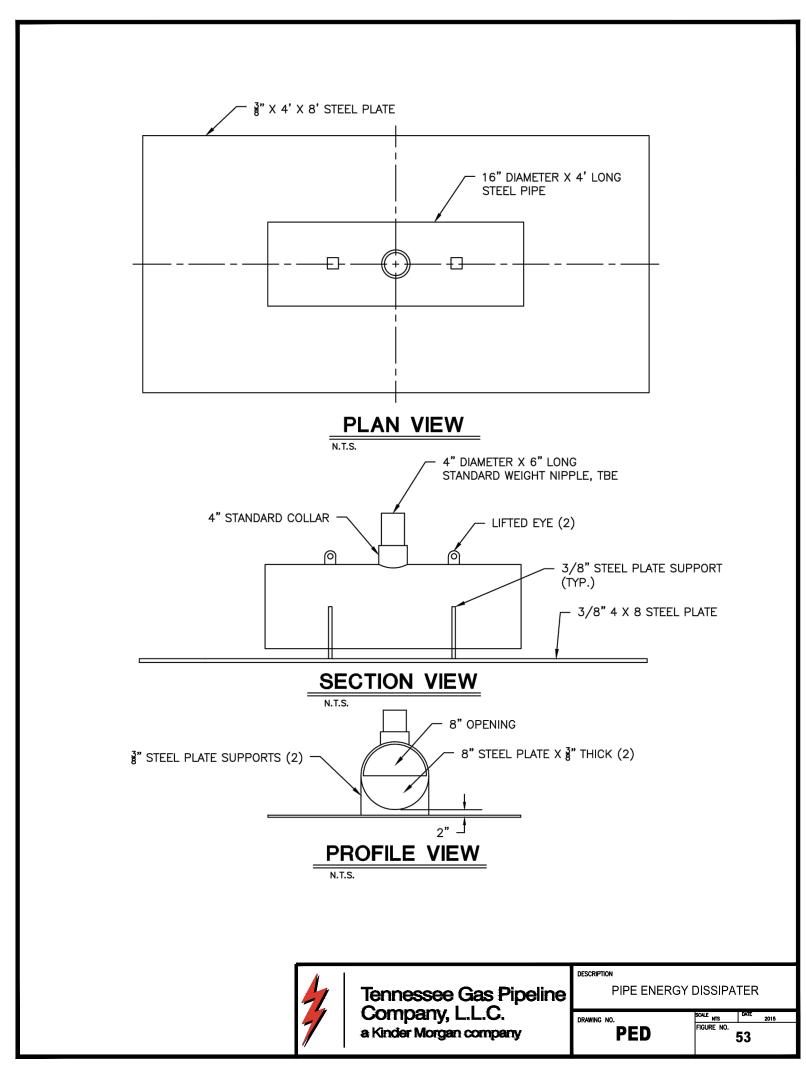
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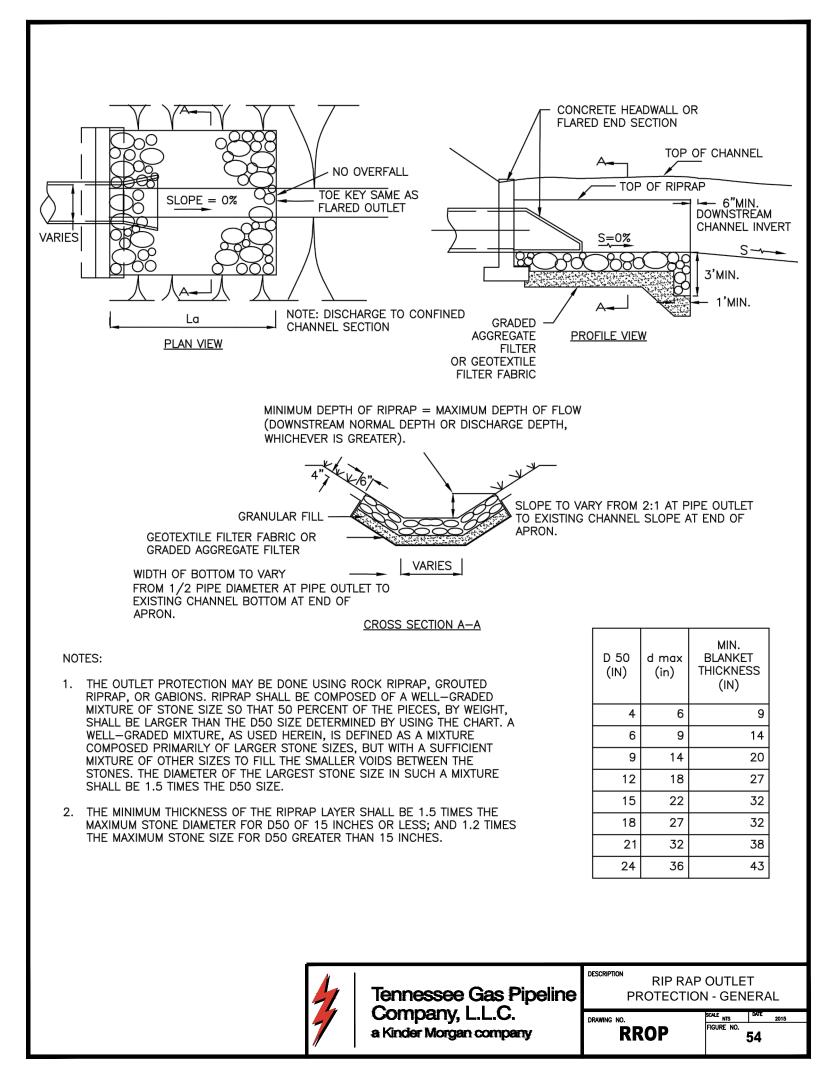
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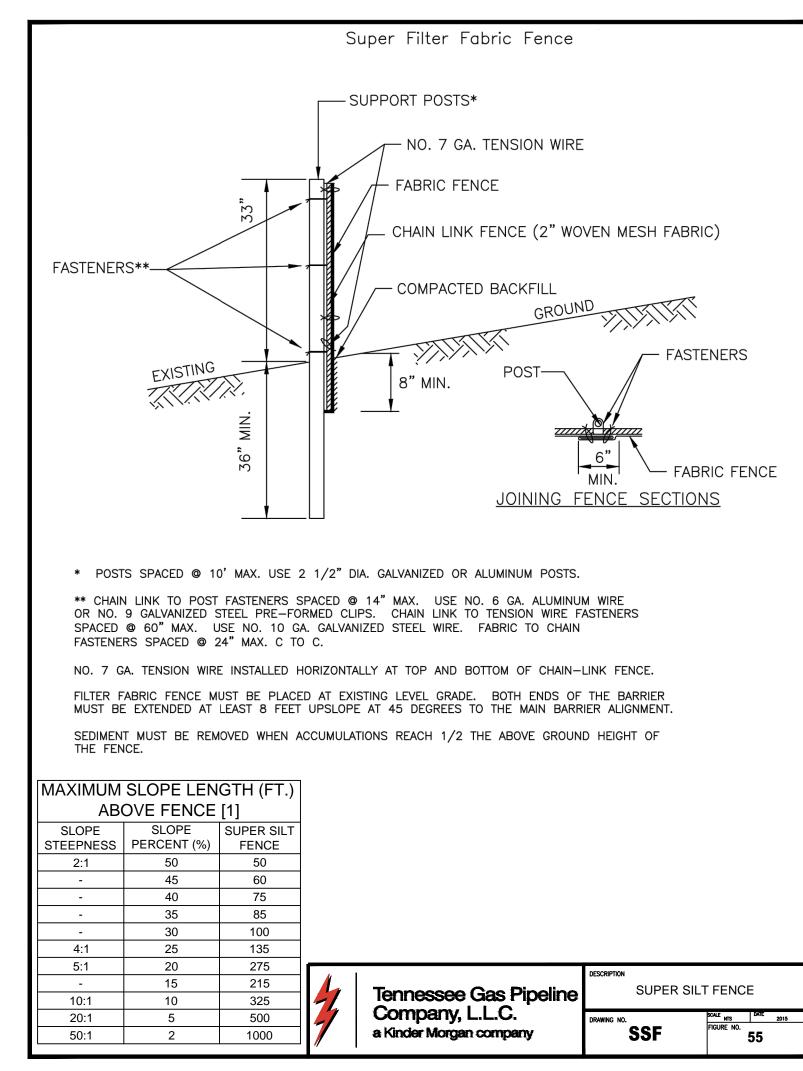
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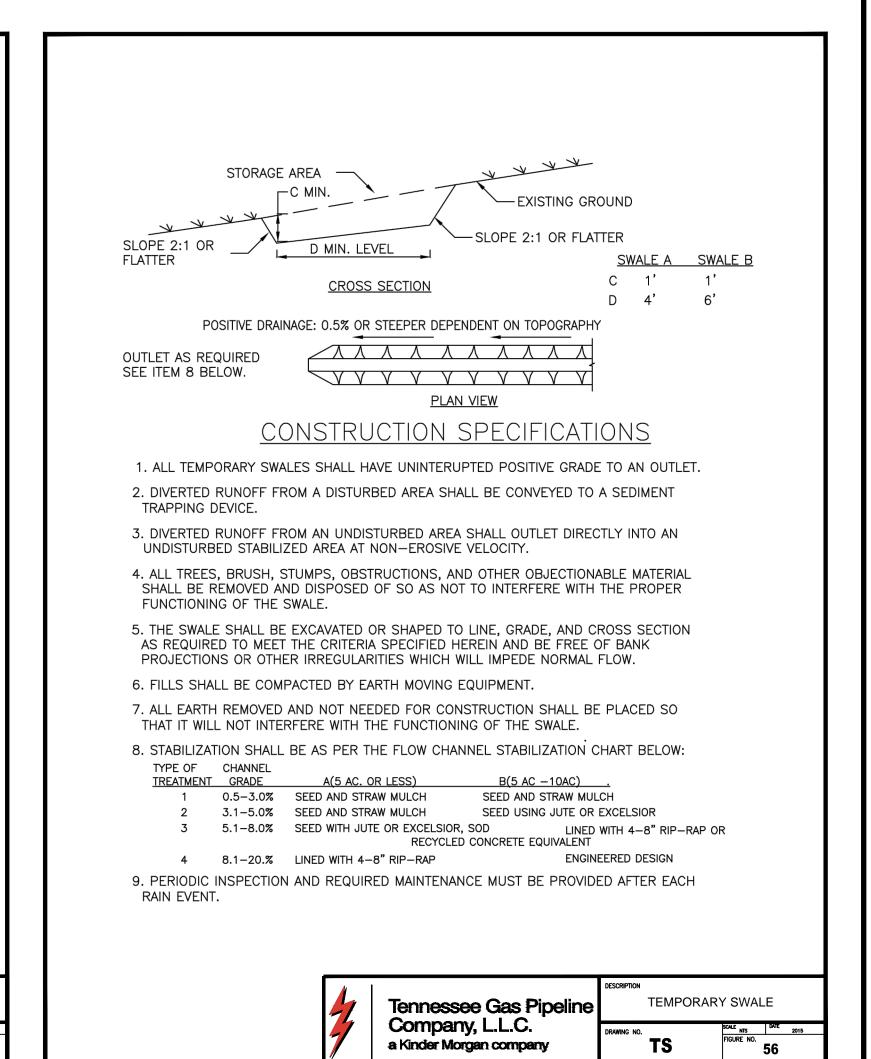
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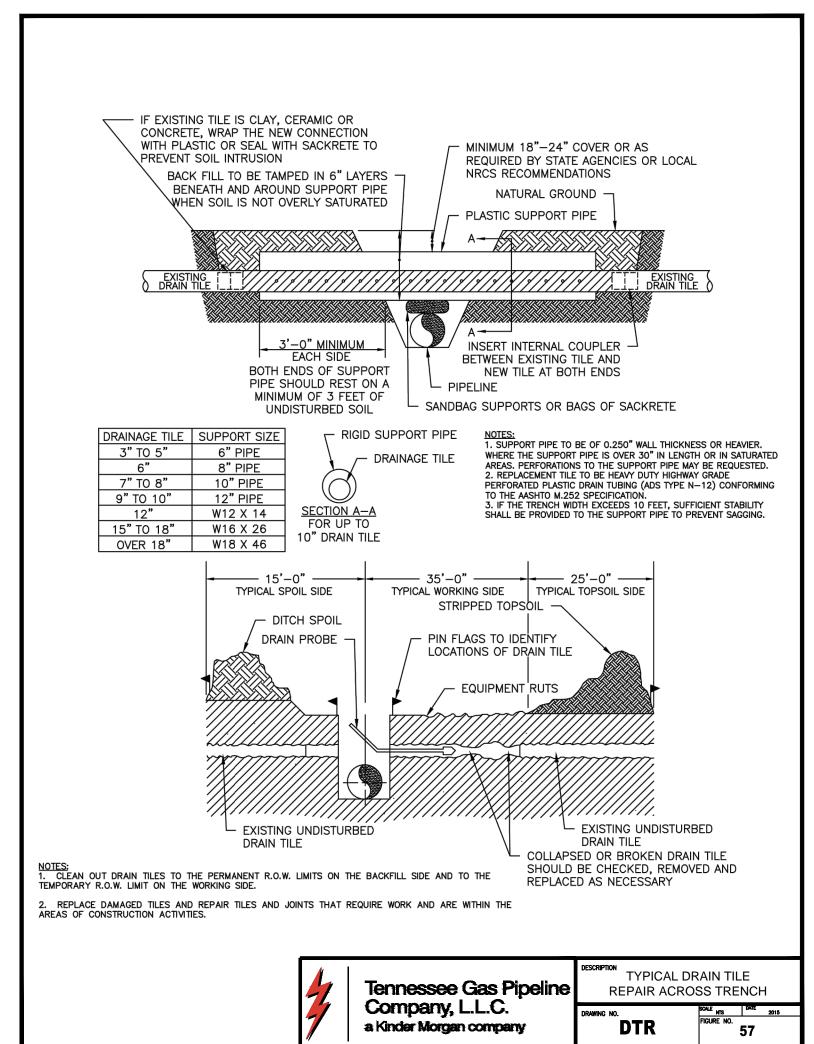
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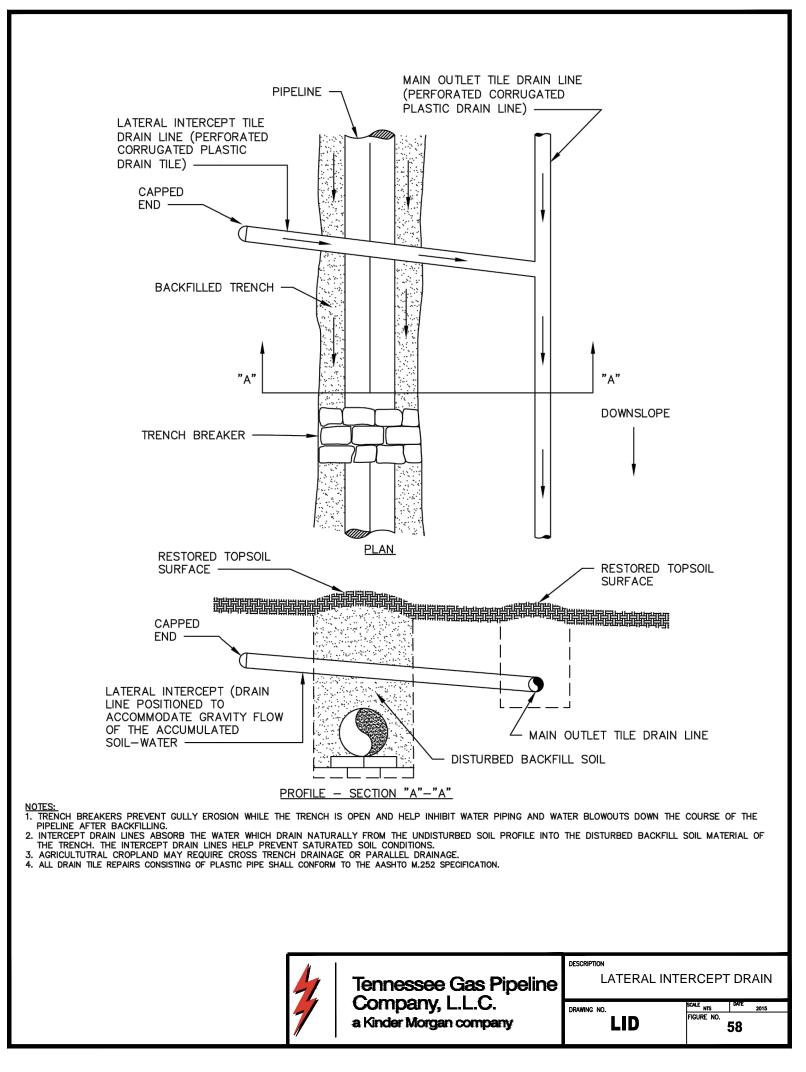


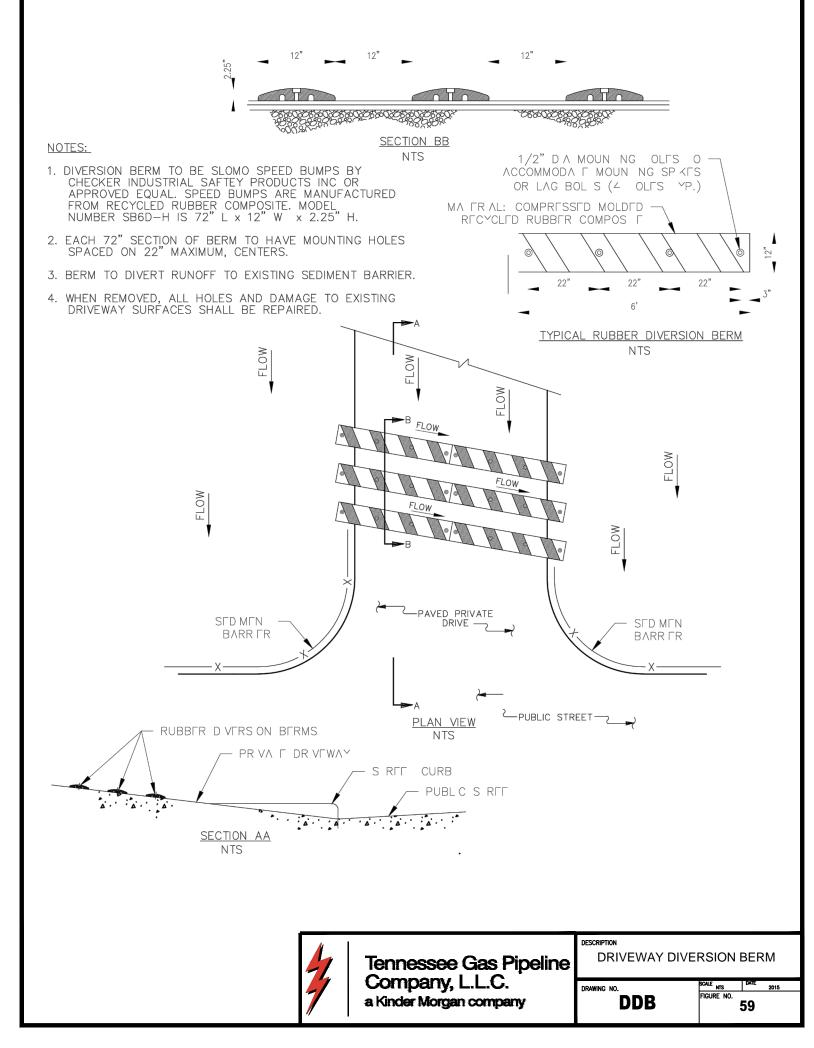


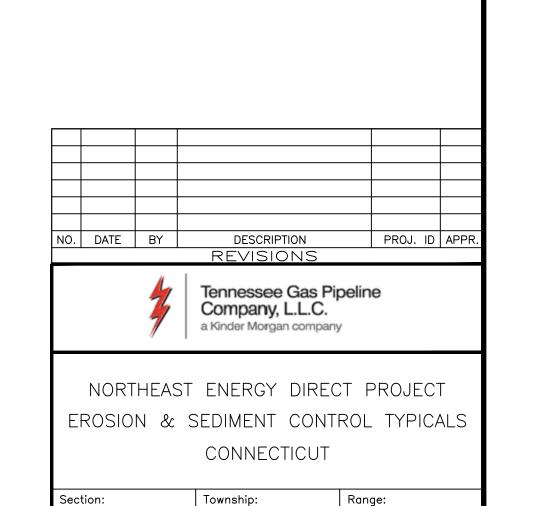












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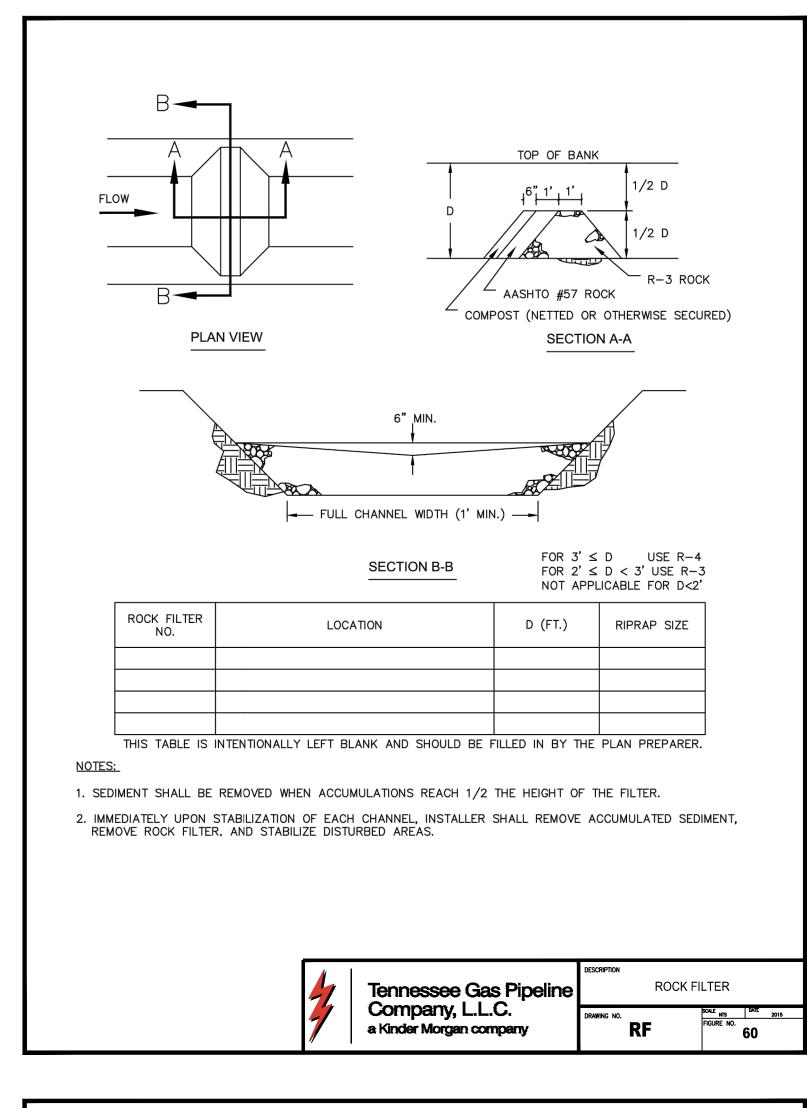
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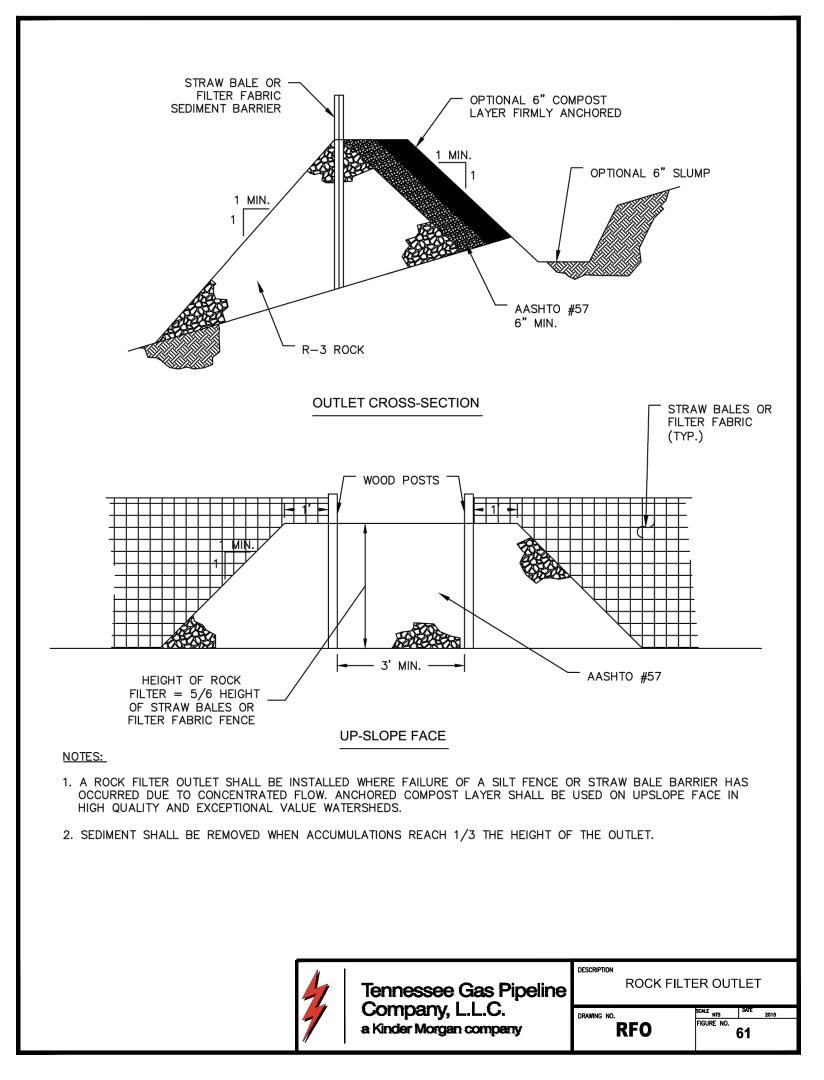
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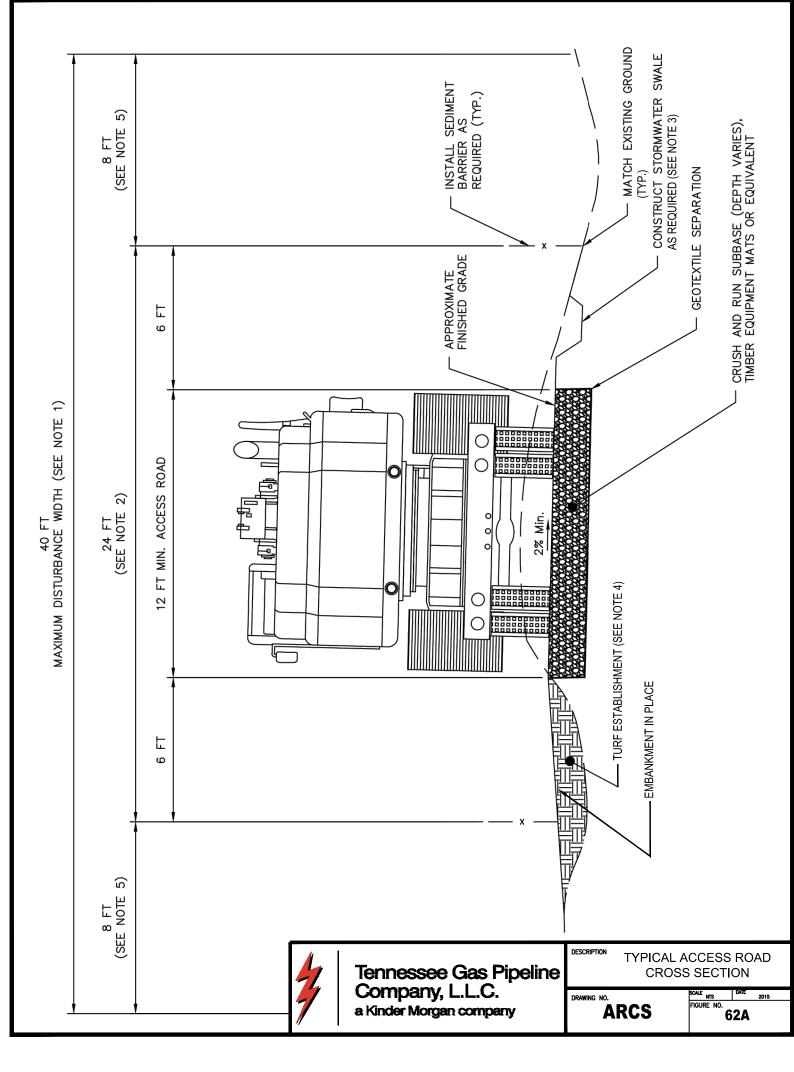
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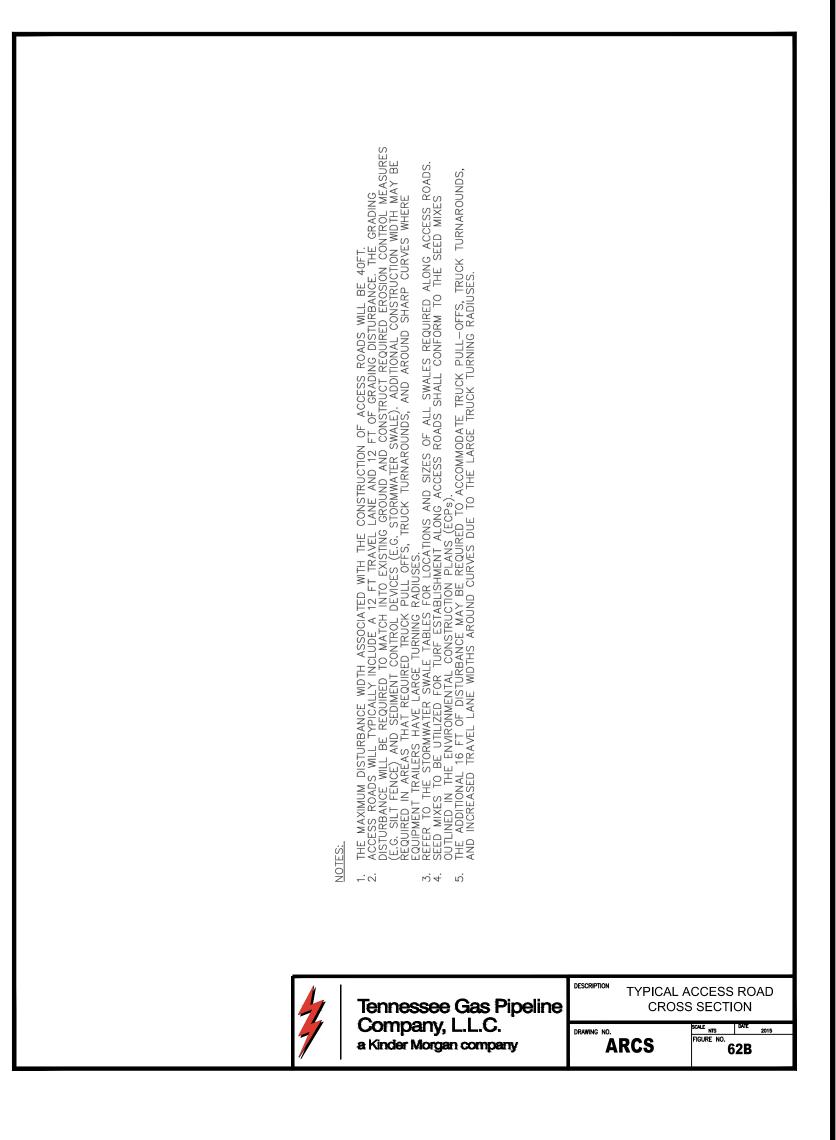
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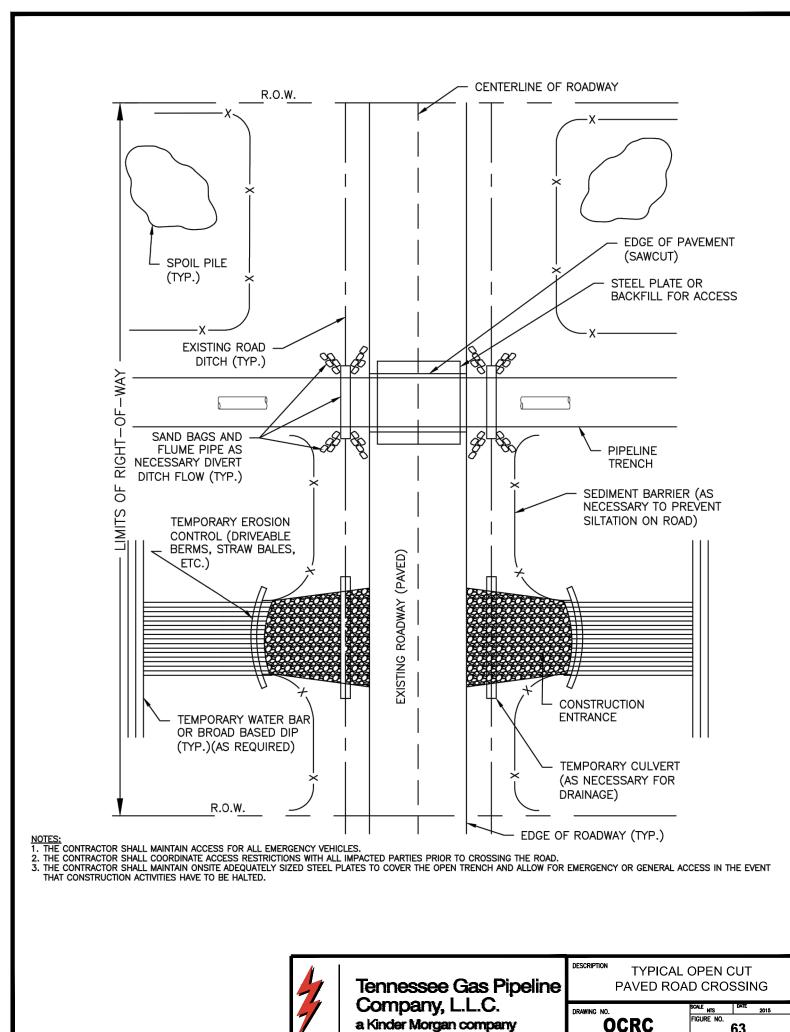
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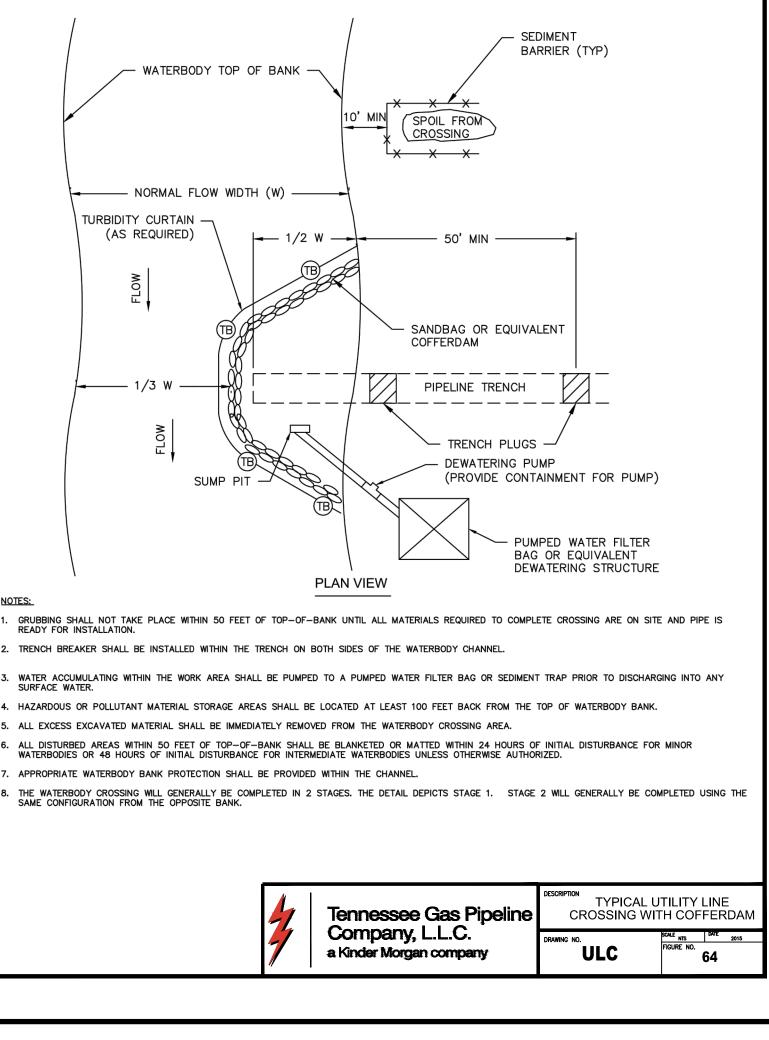


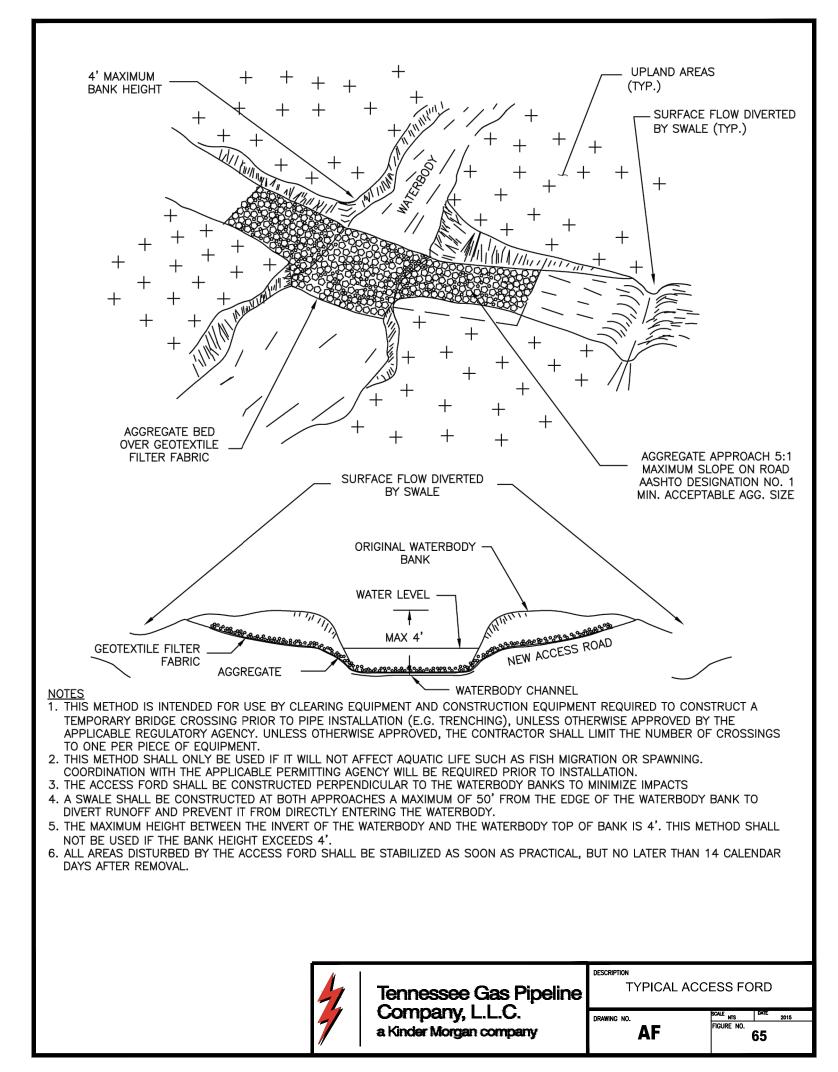


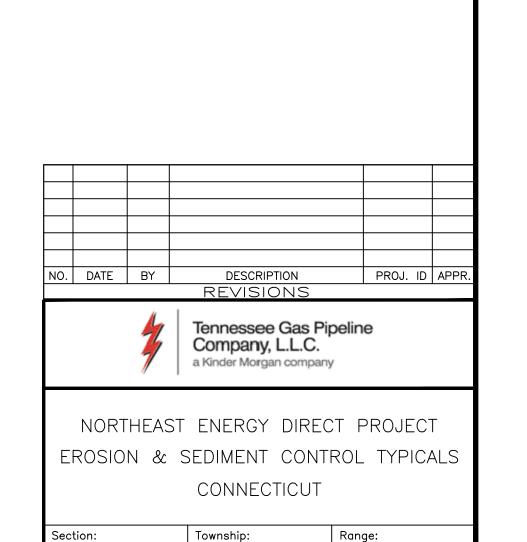












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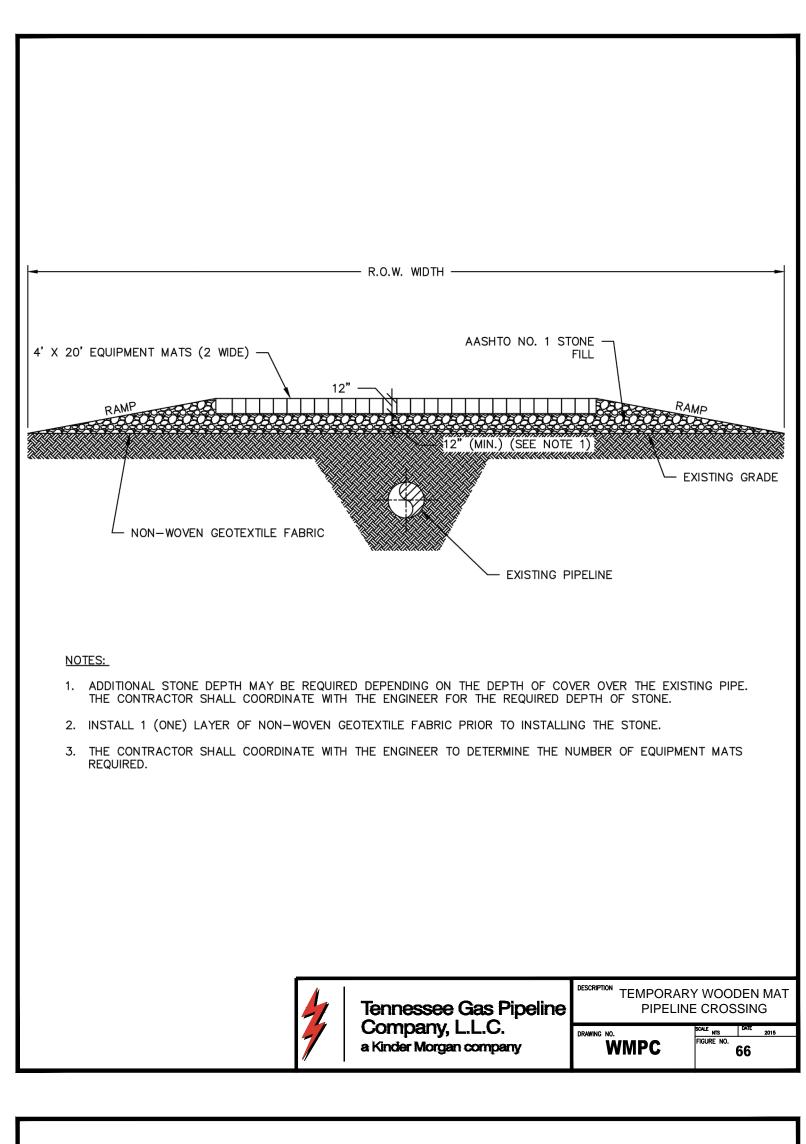
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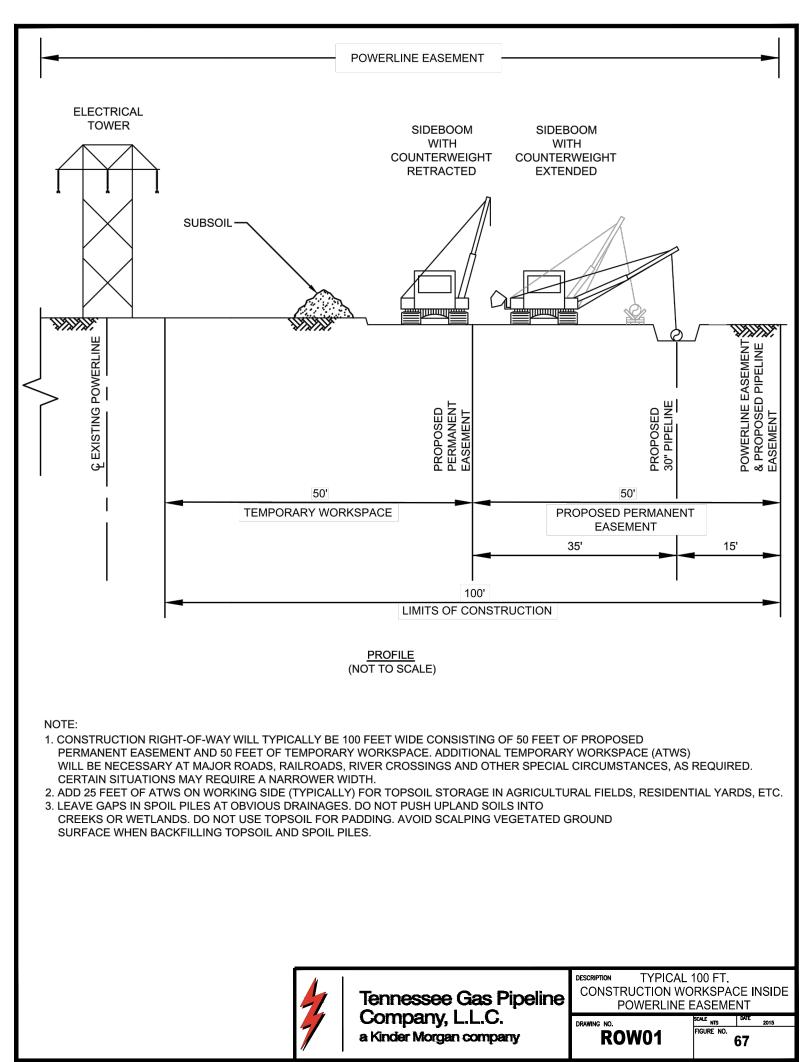
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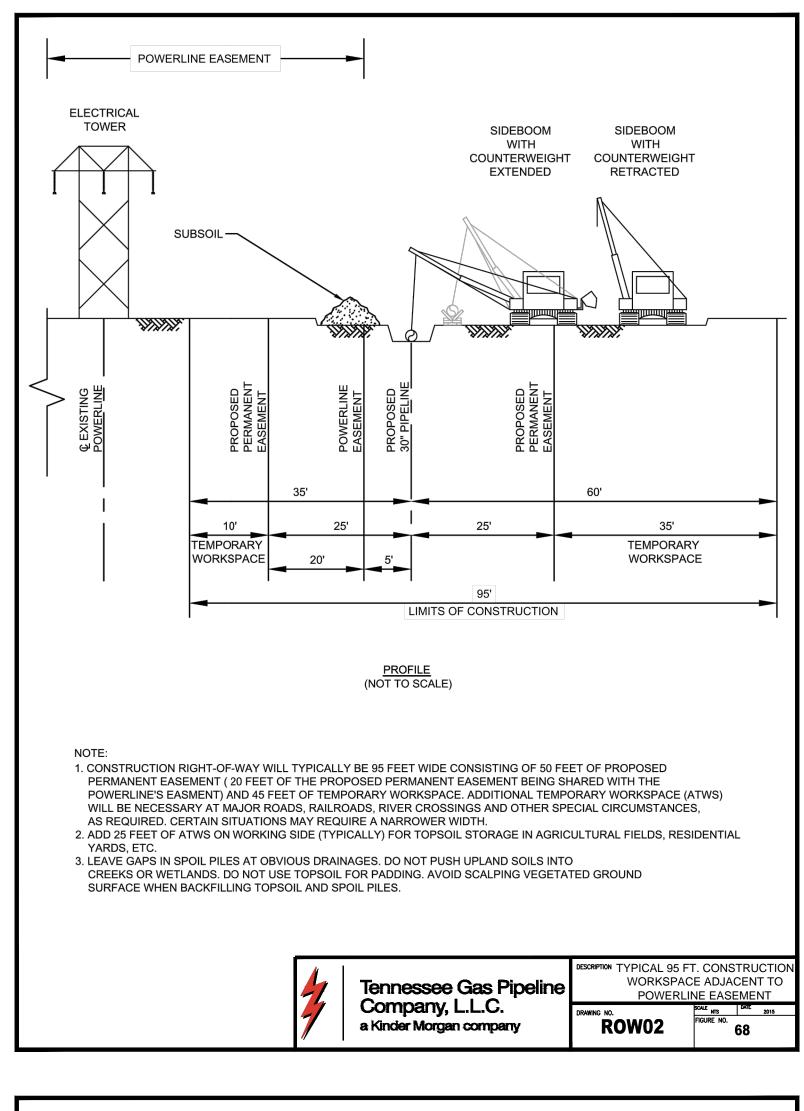
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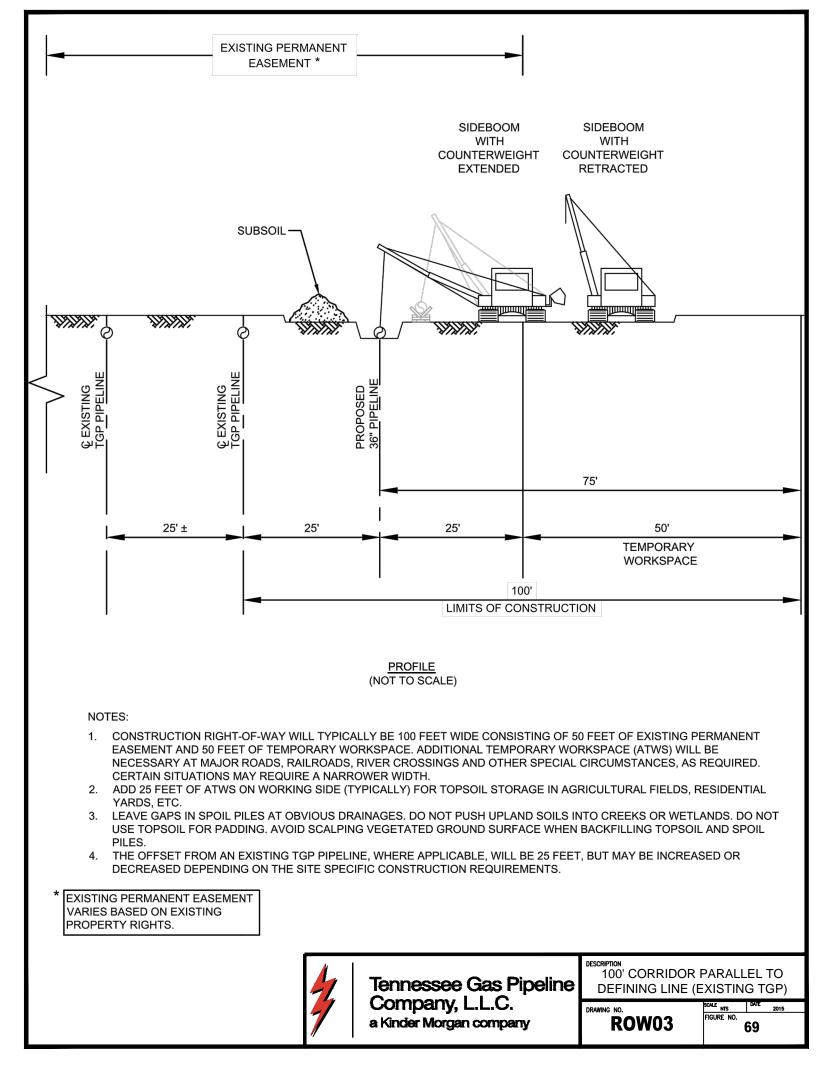
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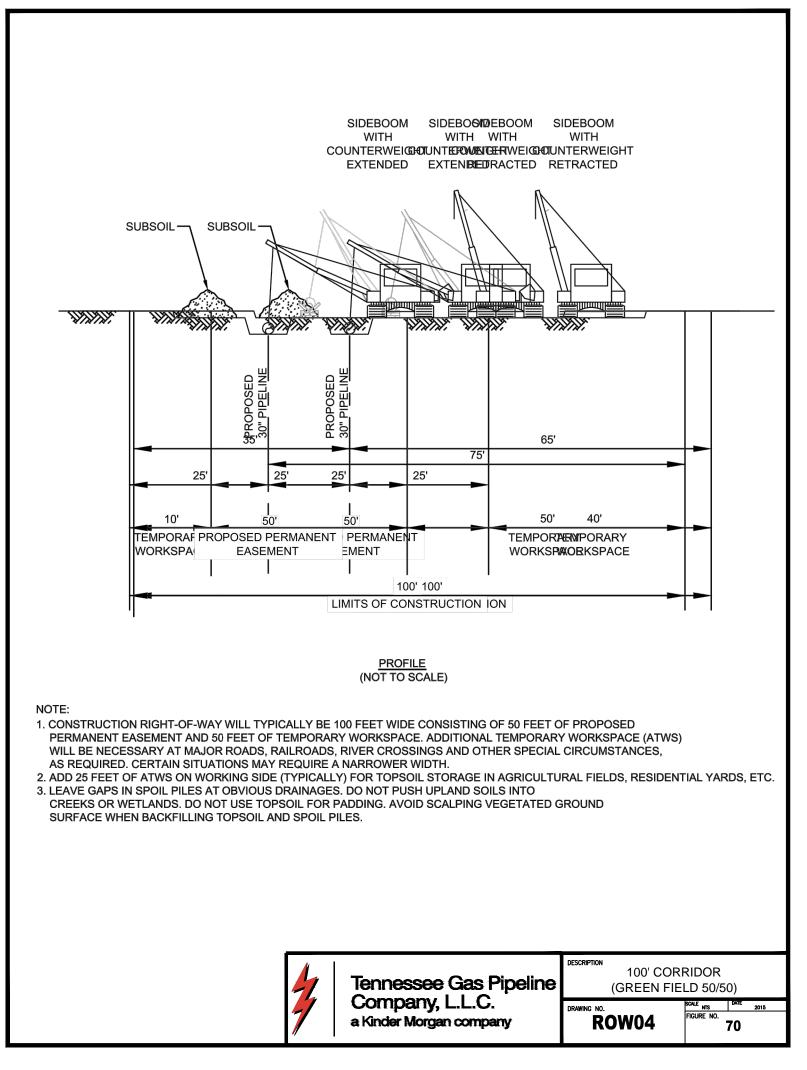
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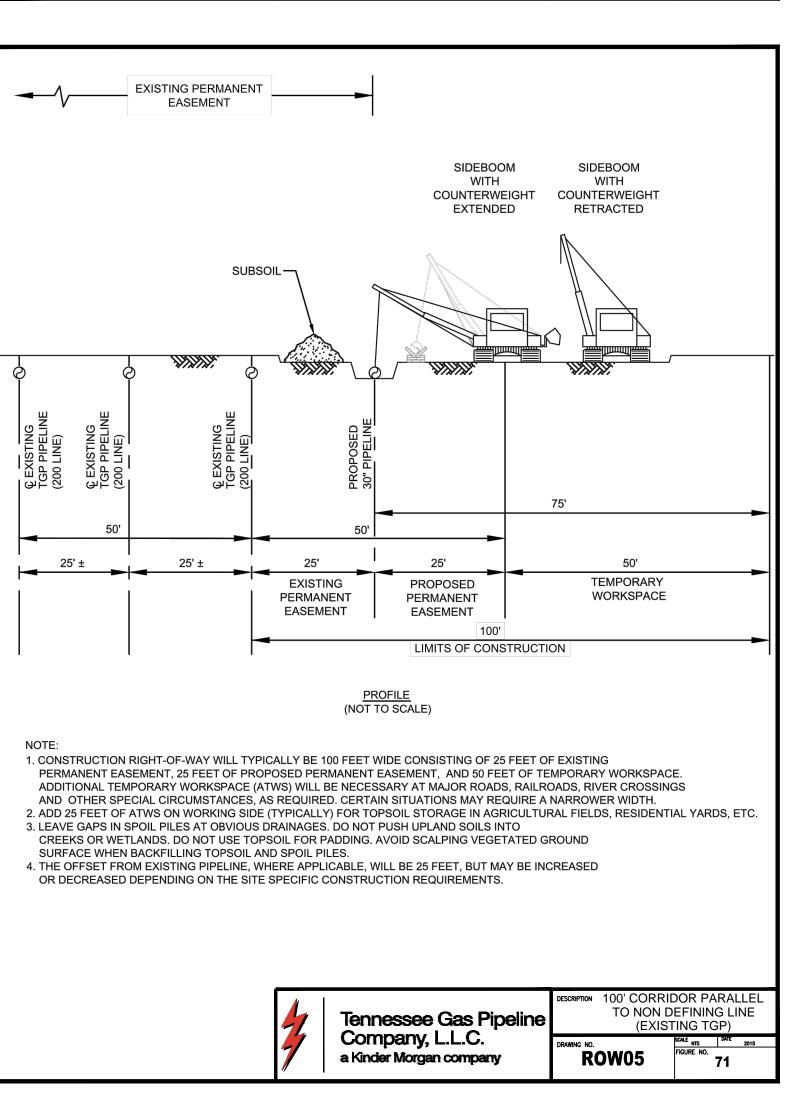


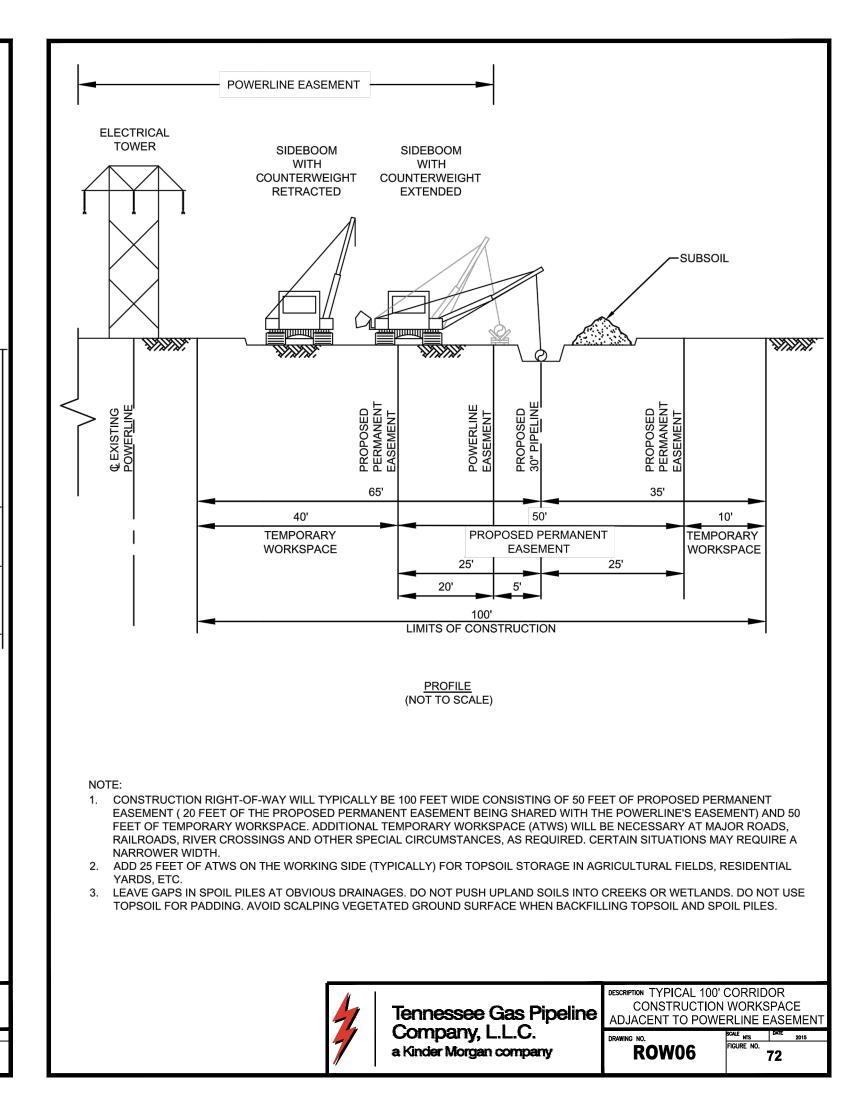


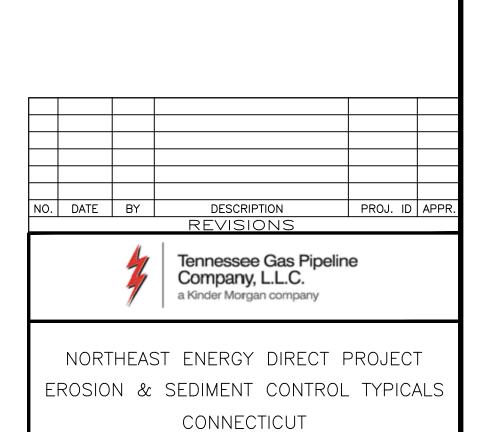












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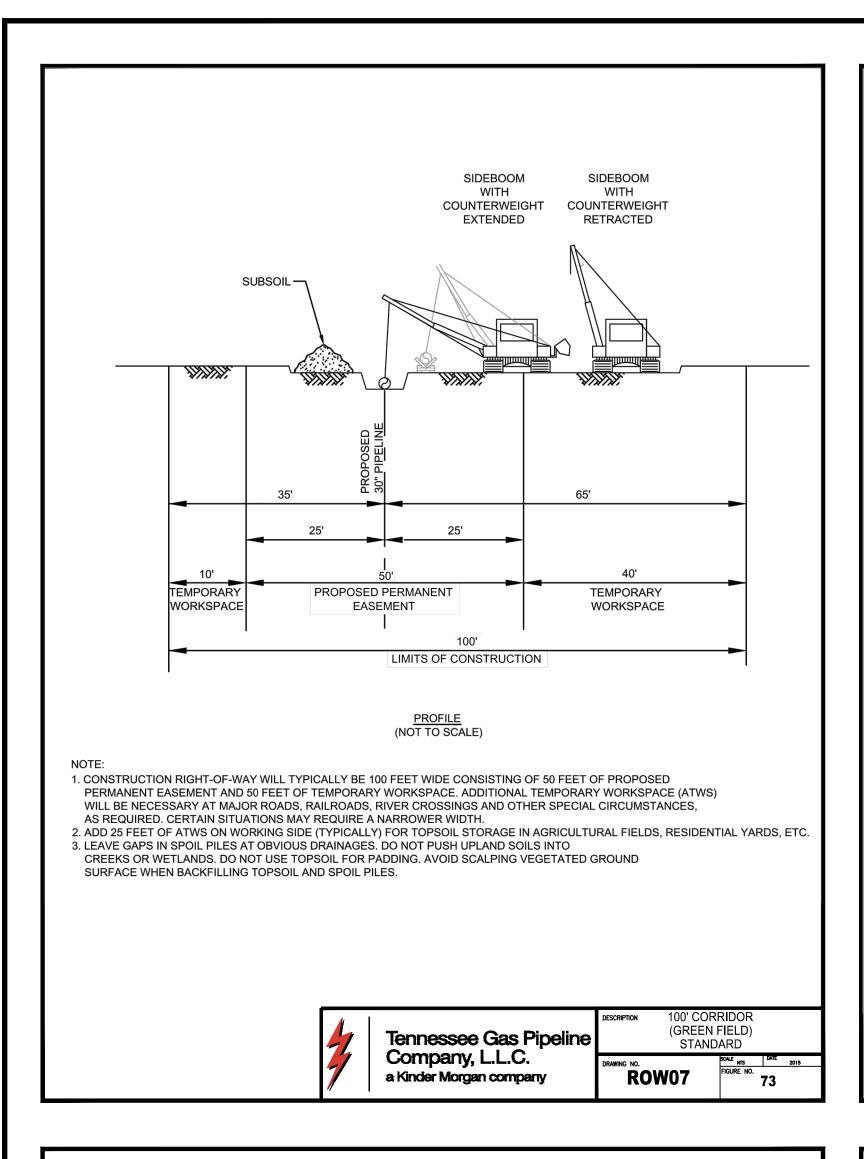
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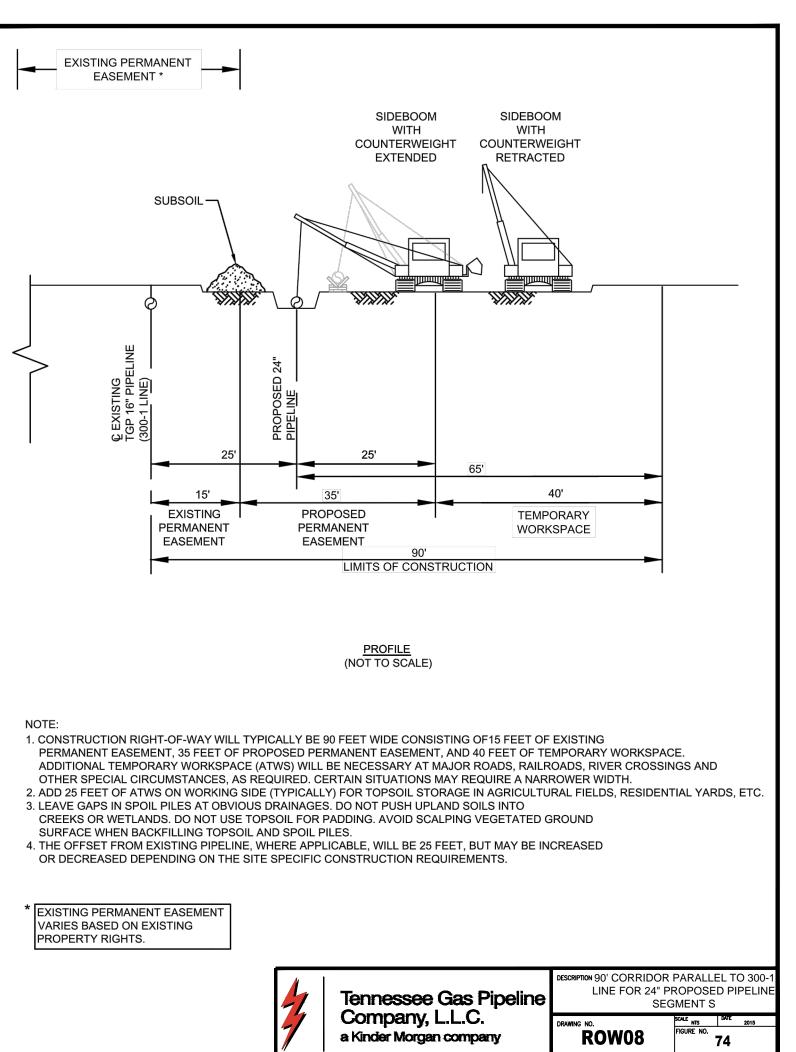
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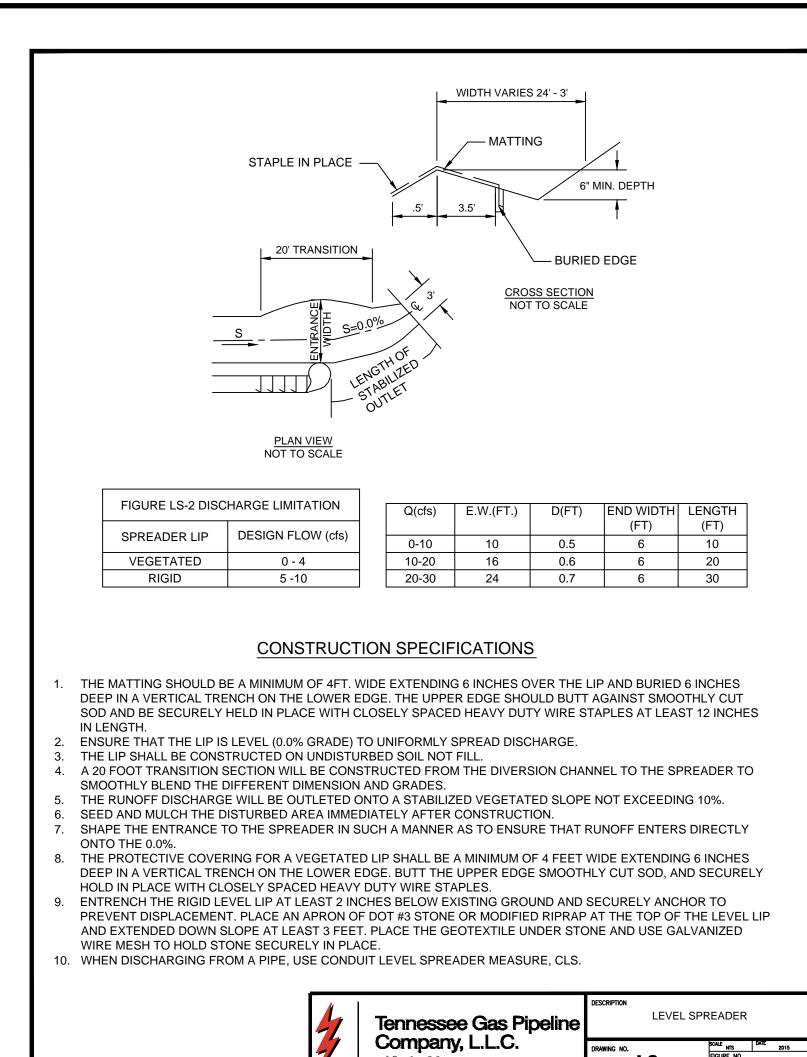
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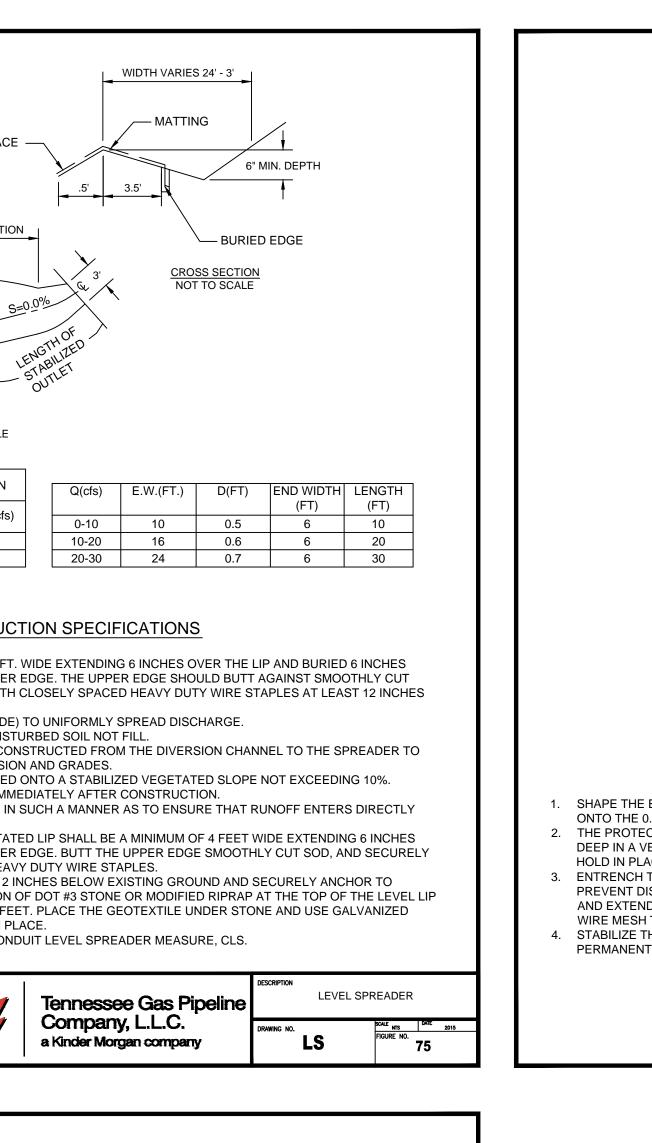
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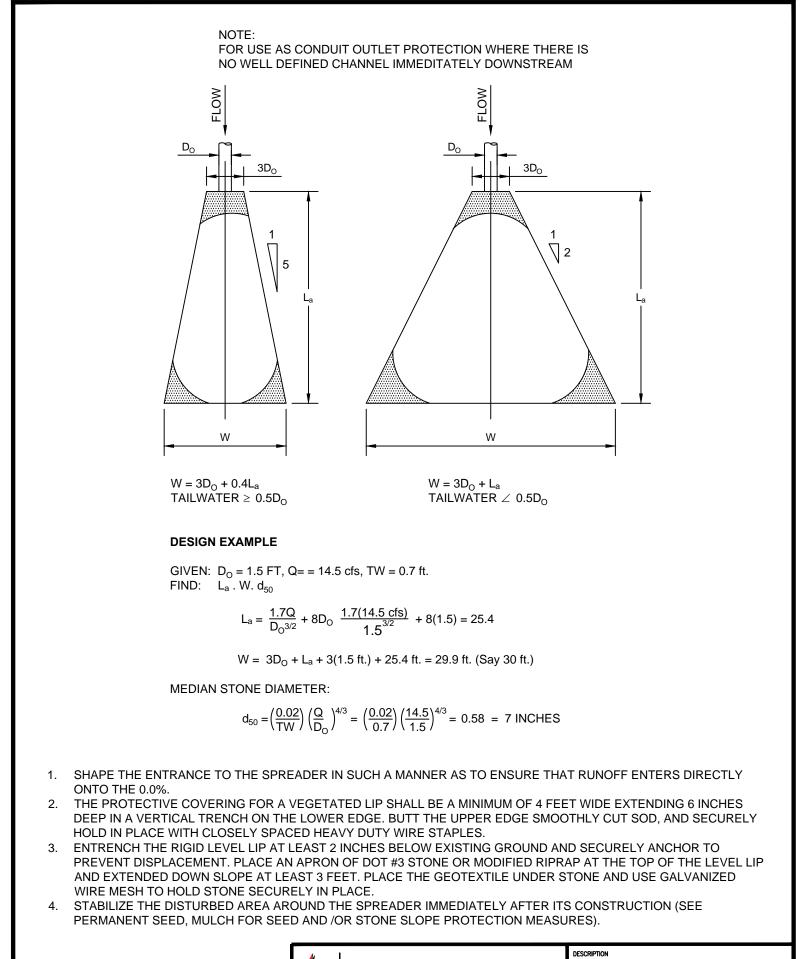
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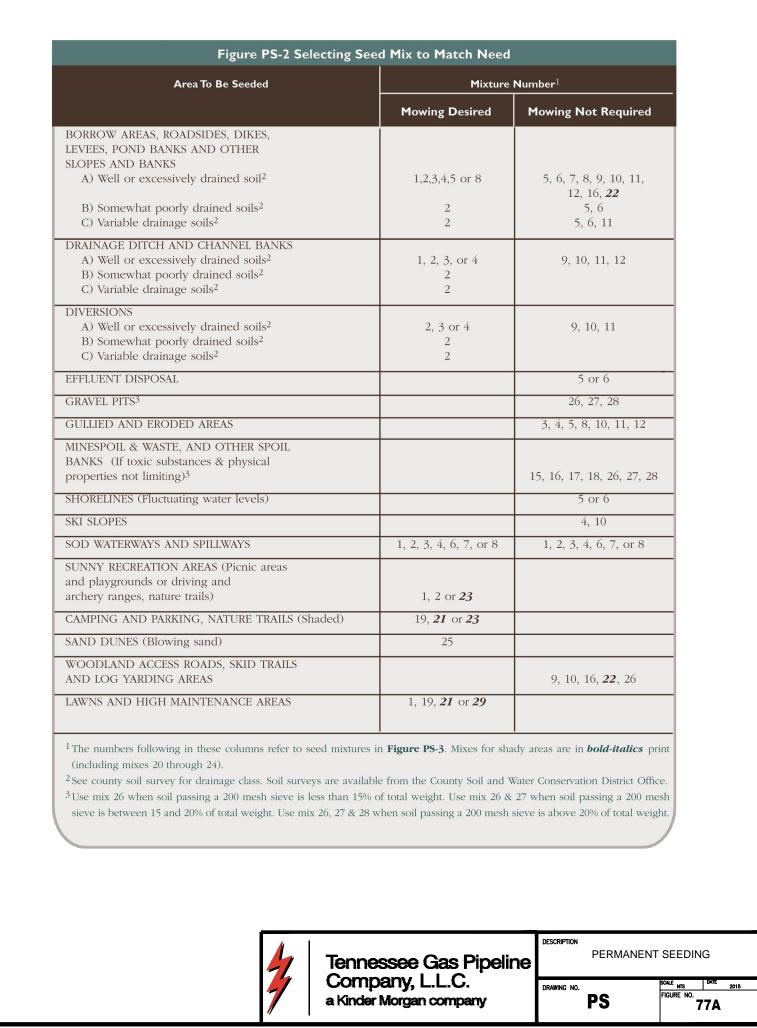


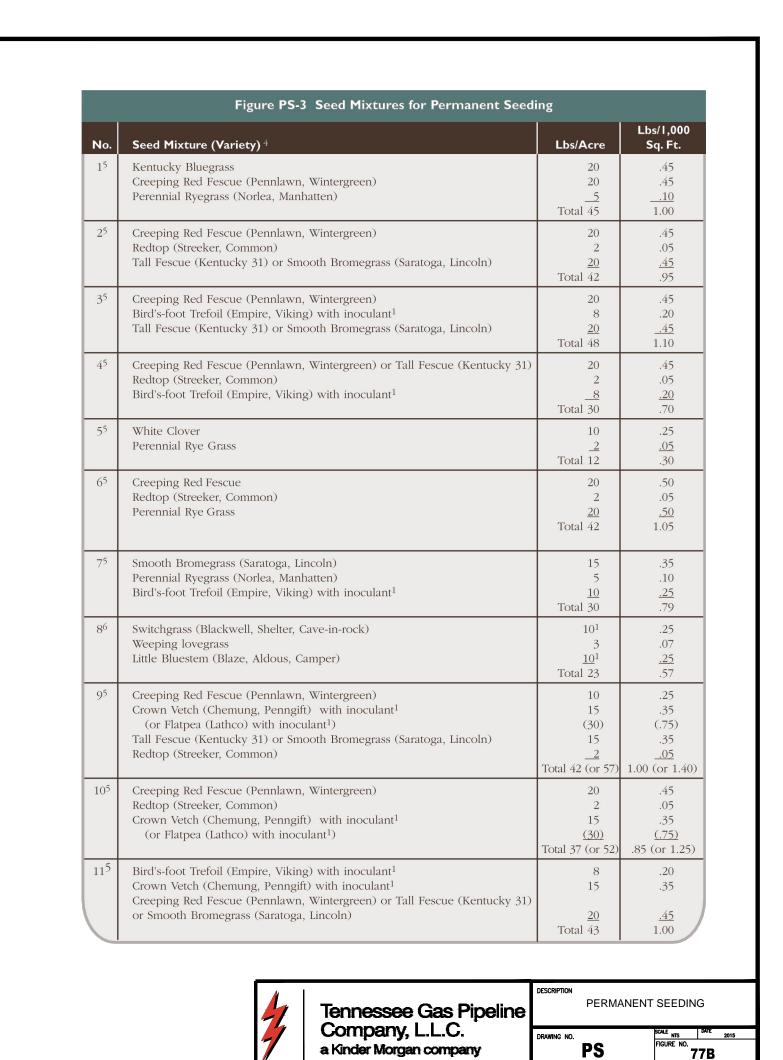


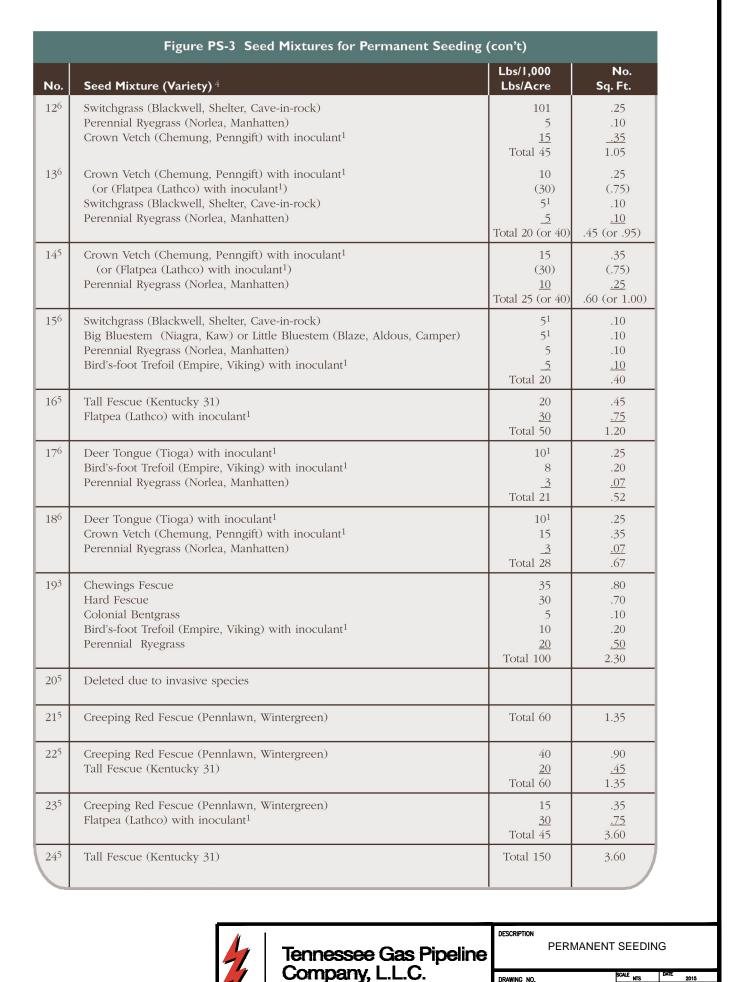
Tennessee Gas Pipeline

Company, L.L.C.

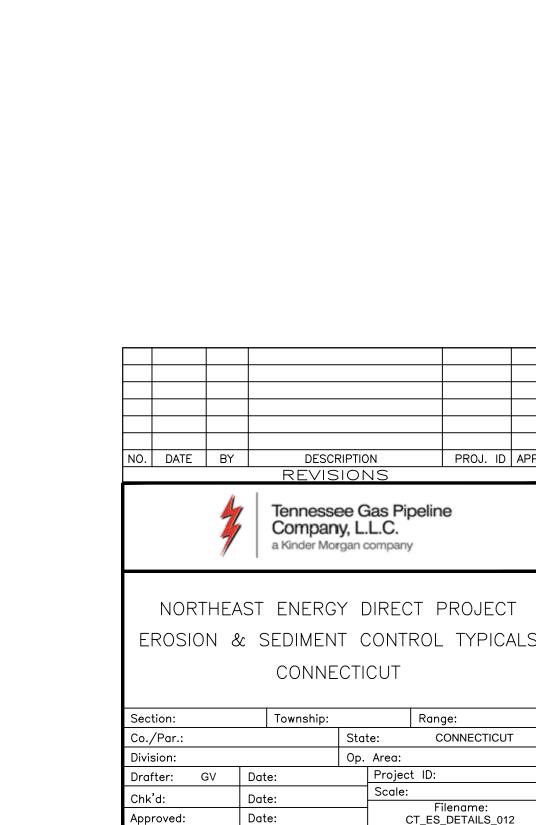
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CONDUIT LEVEL SPREADER

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	Figure PS-3 Seed Mixtures for Permanent Seeding	g (con't)	
N	o. Seed Mixture (Variety) ⁴	Lbs/Acre	Lbs/1,000 Sq. Ft.
2	American Beachgrass (Cape)	58,500 culms/acre	1,345 culms/ 100 sq. ft.
2	Switchgrass (Blackwell, Shelter, Cave-in-rock) Big Bluestem (Niagra, Kaw) Little Bluestem (Blaze, Aldous, Camper) Sand Lovegrass (NE-27, Bend) Bird's-foot Trefoil (Empire Viking)	4.0 4.0 2.0 1.5 <u>2.0</u> Total 13.5	.10 .10 .05 .03 <u>.05</u> .33
2	Flatpea (Lathco) Perennial Pea (Lancer) Crown Vetch (Chemung, Penngift) Tall Fescue (Kentucky 31)	10 2 10 2 Total 24	.20 .05 .20 <u>.20</u> .65
2	Orchardgrass (Pennlate, Kay, Potomac) Tall Fescue (Kentucky 31) Redtop (Streeker, Common) Birds-foot Trefoil (Empire Viking)	5 10 2 5 Total 22	.10 .20 .05 <u>.10</u> .45
2	Turf Type Tall Fescue (Bonanza, Mustang, Rebel II, Spartan, Jaguar) or Perennial Rye ("Future 2000" mix; Fiesta II, Blazer II, and Dasher II)	175 to 250	6 to 8

¹ Use proper inoculant for legume seeds, use four times recommended rate when hydroseeding.

² Use Pure Live Seed (PLS) = $\frac{\% \text{ Germination X \% Purity}}{100}$

EXAMPLE: Common Bermuda seed with 70% germination and 80% purity= $\frac{70 \times 80}{100}$ or $\frac{56}{100}$ or 56%

<u>10 lbs PLS/acre</u> = 17.9 lbs/acre of bagged seed 56%

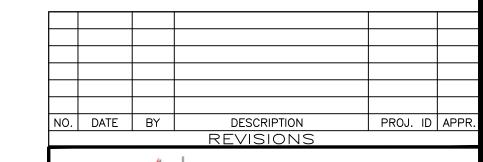
³ DOT All purpose mix

Wild flower mix containing New England Aster, Baby's Breath, Black Eye Susan, Catchfly, Dwarf Columbine, Purple Coneflower, Lance-leaved Coreopsis, Cornflower, Ox-eye Daisy, Scarlet Flax, Foxglove, Gayfeather, Rocky Larkspur, Spanish Larkspur, Corn Poppy, Spurred Snapdragon, Wallflower and/or Yarrow may be added to any seed mix given. Most seed suppliers carry a wild flower mixture that is suitable for the Northeast and contains a variety of both annual and perennial flowers. Seeding rates for the specific mixtures should be followed.

⁵ Considered to be a cool season mix. ⁶ Considered to be a warm season mix.

Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company, L.L.C. a Kinder Morgan company

PERMANENT SEEDING





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NORTHEAST ENERGY DIRECT PROJECT EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL TYPICALS CONNECTICUT

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